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Irish Times 'Phone Numbers.—Dublin—6036 and 5037; Belfast—1787; London—Central 4350. Belfast Office—108 Royal Avenue; London Office—89 Fleet Street.

BIRTHS.

COOKE—October 13, 1923, at Urney House, Portarlington, to Mr. and Mrs. Grosvenor Cooke, a daughter.

DESMOND—October 24, 1923, at 47 Upper Mountpleasant av., Rathmines, to Margaret, wife of Vivian Desmond, a daughter.

GALVIN—October 20, 1923, at 75 Morehampton rd., Donnybrook, to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Galvin, a son.

MURPHY—October 17, 1923, 40 Upper Fitzwilliam st., to Mr. and Mrs. P. J. Murphy, "Crosfield," Palmerstown, a daughter.

SAUNDERS—October 22, 1923, at Carnalway, Co. Kildare, to Mr. and Mrs. George Saunders, a son.

THOMAS—October 14, 1923, at Hollis, Highdown, Lancashire, to Mr. and Mrs. Ivor S. Thomas (nee Ormonde Masterson), a son.

MARRIAGES.

HOLT and BURNETT—October 22, 1923, at Moydow, Longford, by the Rev. J. Hamnick, Thomas Holt, of Edenderry, King's Co., third son of the late Samuel Holt, Coolavacoose, Carbury, Co. Kildare, to Alice Elizabeth (Lillie), second daughter of Samuel Burnett, Abbeyderry, Keenagh, Longford.

KEANE and CLARKE—October 20, 1923, at the University Church, St. Stephen's Green, with Nuptial Mass, by the Rev. J. Keane, S.J. (uncle of the bridegroom), Patrick, youngest son of Jeremiah Keane, Listowel, to Elizabeth (Betty), youngest daughter of John Clarke, Bantry.

LENEHAN and GRIMES—October 17, 1923, at St. Patrick's Church, Skerries, by the Very Rev. C. Canon Grimes, P.P., V.F., Rush (uncle of the bride), assisted by the Very Rev. Philip Ryan, P.P., Skerries, and the Very Rev. Fr. Conlan, P.P., Donore, Patrick, son of Mrs. Patrick Lenehan, Laugher, Co. Meath, to Mary, daughter of Bartholomew and Mrs. Grimes, The Square, Skerries.

MURPHY and DEVANEY—September 26, 1923, at the University Church, St. Stephen's Green, with Nuptial Mass, by the Very Rev. P. Canon Butler, Adm., St. Mary's, Sligo, assisted by Rev. M. Doyle, (C.C., Rathangan; Rev. D. Wathen, C.C., Kildare, and Rev. Father Sherwin—Thomas J. Murphy, Oakley House, Rathangan, Co. Kildare, to Anna Maria, only daughter of Mrs. Devaney and the late James Devaney, Townsend Street House, Sligo, and niece of the late Rev. P. J. O'Grady, Keash, Co. Sligo.

TUTTY and McGOY—October 18, 1923, at St. Victor's, Dublin, by Canon H. W. B. Thompson, George, eldest son of Edward Tutty, Esq., Whitehall Inn, Clontarf, to Eileen, daughter of Thomas and Julia McCoy, 123 South Circular rd., Dublin.

DEATHS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for insertion in this column will be found on Page 6.

BERGIN—October 22, 1923, at her residence, 10 Mellifont av., Dun Laoghaire (late Kingstown), Martha Mary, daughter of the late Thomas F. Bergin, Dalkey. Funeral to Mount Jerome today (Thursday), 25th instant, at 10 o'clock.

BIGGS—September 17, 1923, at Mazoe, Rhodesia, of pneumonia, William Johnston Biggs, third son of the late Samuel D. Biggs, Bellevue, Co. Tipperary.

BOYD—October 24, 1923, at a Private Nursing Home in Belfast, John Ennis Boyd, C.E., 2 Grosvenor square, Rathmines, aged 68. Deeply regretted by his loving children. Funeral strictly private from Mortuary Chapel, Mount Jerome, to-morrow (Friday), 10 a.m.

DUFFIELD—October 24, 1923, at Cork st. Hospital, Edwin Eyre Duffield, late of Holywood, Co. Down, husband of Jean Duffield, 27 Great Britain st., Dublin. Funeral leaving Amiens st. to-morrow (Friday) for interment at Holywood. Friends, accept this (the only) intimation.

KENNEDY—October 19, 1923, at 11 bis rue Lord Byron, Paris, Agnes Eleanor Kennedy, daughter of the late James Baron Kennedy, of 61 Mountjoy square, Dublin. R.I.P.

LAIRD—October 24, 1923, at a Nursing Home, Elizabeth Laird, of 66 Rathgar rd. Funeral private. No flowers.

McDADE—October 23, 1923, at his residence, 17 Norman tce., Jones's rd., John McDade, aged 62 years. Deeply regretted by his sorrowing wife and family. "Thy will be done." Funeral to St. George's to-morrow (Friday), at 9.30 a.m.

MITCHELL—On Tuesday, October 23, 1923, at Walcot, Parsonstown, Miss Sara L. Mitchell. Funeral private.

MOORE—October 16, 1923, at her sister's residence, 57 South st., Margaret, widow of the late John Moore, Newtown Ville, New Ross.

MULHALL—October 23, 1923, at 2 Gardiner's place, Anne, widow of the late James Mulhall, late Ballyreilly, Ballybrophy, aged 90. Deeply regretted. R.I.P. Funeral will leave above address at 11 o'clock this morning (via Heath at 2 p.m.) to Quare, Leix.

PARSONS—On Wednesday morning, October 24, passed peacefully away at 2 Florenceville av., Belfast, Jennie, beloved wife of Francis Parsons. "Them also which sleep in Jesus will God bring with Him." 1st Thessalonians, 4-14. Funeral to Knockbreda to-morrow (Friday), 12 o'clock.

SMYTH—October 23, 1923, in his 55th year, Brice Smyth, Whitehouse, Belfast, second son of the late William Smyth, Brookfield, Banbridge. Funeral, 12 noon, to-day (Thursday), October 25th, from Belmont House, Banbridge, to New Cemetery.

STEPHENSON—October 24, 1923, at a Dublin Hospital, James Stephenson, of Ballyhubbock. Funeral (by motor hearse) to Donaghmore (via Blessington), leaving city at 11 a.m. to-morrow (Friday), arriving at burial ground about 1 p.m.

WALLACE—October 22, 1923, at his residence, 3 Brighton tce., Monkstown, suddenly, of peritonitis, William, eldest son of the late Neil Robert Wallace, in his 31st year. Funeral (private) arriving at Mount Jerome to-day (Thursday) at 10.30 a.m.

WEBB—October 23, 1923, at Dun Laoghaire (late Kingstown), Elizabeth Webb, of Windsor tce., daughter of the late Thomas Webb, formerly of Spring Park, Co. Longford. Funeral to Dean's Grange to-morrow (Friday), 10 a.m.

IN MEMORIAM.

CAREY—Fifth Anniversary—In loving memory of our dear mother.
Peace, peace, perfect peace,
Wonderful gift from above;
Oh, wonderful, wonderful peace,
The gift of God's love.

GODDARD—In affectionate remembrance of Robina Georgina Goddard, who died at Latour, Terenure rd., 25th October, 1912.

LOWE—In loving memory of John C. Lowe, Marlborough, who died 25th October, 1918.
"And with the morn those angel-faces smile
Which we have loved long since and lost awhile."

TOPPING—In ever-present and loving memory of my darling wife, Lily, who was called away by the Master on 25th October, 1922. "Severed only till He come."

TOPPING—In fond and loving memory of our dear mother, who was taken from us on 25th October, 1922.—Cora, Ivan, and Hubert.

WATSON—Second Anniversary—In ever-loving memory of my darling mother, who passed peacefully away on the 25th October, 1921, at her residence, 3 Fitzroy av., Drumcondra. "At rest." Inserted by her loving and lonely daughter, Florrie.
Friends may think that I forget her
When at times they see me smile;
But they little know the sorrow
Neath the surface all the while.

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LEGAL NOTICES.

STATUTORY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
JAMES BYRNE, late of Woodview, Ballinderry, Rathdrum, in the County of Wicklow, Farmer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vic., C. 35, that all persons claiming to be creditors, or otherwise having any claim or demand against the estate or assets of the said James Byrne, Deceased, who died on the 14th May, 1923, are hereby required, on or before the 23rd day of November, 1923, to furnish (in writing) particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for Matthew J. Doyle and Edward A. Byrne, the Executors of said Deceased, to whom Probate was granted from the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Ireland on the 24th August, 1923, and, in default thereof, the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of said Testator, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been given as hereby required.
Dated this 23rd day of October, 1923.
J. H. WALSH and CO., Solicitors for the said Executors, 1 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.

NOTICE OF CHARITABLE BEQUESTS,
In the Goods of
JAMES BYRNE, late of Woodview, Ballinderry, Rathdrum, in the County of Wicklow, Farmer, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the 30th and 31st Vic., C. 54, that James Byrne, late of Woodview, Ballinderry, Rathdrum in the County of Wicklow, Farmer, Deceased, who died on the 14th day of May, 1923, by his Will, dated 13th November, 1918,
(1) Bequeathed for Masses for the repose of the souls of his deceased wife and himself the sum of £25, said Masses to be said in public in Ireland in Dominick Street Church, Dublin:
(2) Bequeathed for Masses for the repose of the souls of his father and mother and his brother, Owen, the sum of £25, said Masses to be said in public in Ireland;
(3) Bequeathed to Our Lady's Hospice for the Dying, Harold's Cross, and to St. Mary Magdalen's Asylum, Gloucester street, and to the Convent of St. Clare, Harold's Cross, in the County of Dublin, the sum of £25 each;
(4) Bequeathed to St. Saviour's Orphanage, Little Denmark street; to St. Vincent de Paul's Conference, Dominick street, Dublin, the sum of £20 each.
The Testator appointed Matthew J. Doyle, of Annamoe, County Wicklow, Farmer, and Edward A. Byrne, of 20 Charleville road, Rathmines, County Dublin, Executors of his said Will, and Probate thereof was, on the 24th of August, 1923, granted forth of the Principal Registry of the High Court of Justice in Ireland to the said Matthew J. Doyle and Edward A. Byrne.
J. H. WALSH and CO., Solicitors for the said Executors, 1 Lower Ormond quay, Dublin.
To the Commissioners of Charitable Donations and Bequests for Ireland, and all other persons concerned.

IN THE GOODS OF
JOHN M. RYAN, late of 58 Castle street, Nenagh, in the County of Tipperary, Merchant, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of 22 and 23 Vic., Cap. 35, that all persons claiming to be Creditors, or otherwise to have any interest or claim or demand against the Estate of the above Deceased, who died on or about the 2nd day of May, 1923, are hereby required, on or before the 21st day of November next, 1923, to furnish (in writing) the particulars of such claims or demands to the undersigned Solicitors for the Executors, to whom Probate was granted forth of the High Court of Justice, Saorstat Eireann, Limerick District Registry, on the 27th day of July, 1923.
And Notice is hereby further given that on and after the said 21st day of November, 1923, that the Executors will proceed to distribute the Assets of the said Deceased, having regard only to the claims of which notice and particulars shall have been furnished to them as above required.
Dated this 24th day of October, 1923.
MICHAEL GLEESON and SON, Solicitors for said Executors, 24 St. Andrew street, Dublin, and Nenagh.

SAORSTAT EIREANN.
HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.
KING'S BENCH DIVISION—IN BANKRUPTCY.
In the Matter of
JOHN O'CONNELL, of Kilconny House, Belturbet, in the County of Cavan, Cattle Dealer, a Bankrupt.
A Public Sitting will be held before the Court, at the Law Courts, The Castle, Dublin, on Friday, the 9th day of November, 1923, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to Audit the Assignees' Account and make a dividend in this matter.
Dated this 20th day of October, 1923.
W. A. U. COBB, 2nd Assistant, A. G. HOLLINSHEAD, Official Assignee, Law Courts, Dublin.
HORAN and DEVINE, Solicitors for the Assignees, 12 Dame street, Dublin.

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GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

ROINN NA TALMHUIOCHTA A (DEPARTMENT of AGRICULTURE
SGRUDU I bhFOIRBHIU CEARDACHTA (OBAIR ADHMAID).
Béidh Sgrúdú Speisialta i gcóir Oidé um Foirbhithe Ceardachta (Obair Adhmaid) i nAth Cliath, Dia Máirt agus Dia Céadaoin, an 6adh agus 7adh de Shamhain, 1923.
Ní fulair iarratas chun sníthe ag an Sgrúdú a dhéana ar Fhuirm 8.32 agus gan é sheith nios moille ná an 31adh de Dheireadh Fómhuir.
Atá gach faisnéis eile agus cóipeanna d'Fhuirm 8.32 le Fáil ón RUNAIDHE, Roinn na Talmhuiochta agus an Cheard-Oideachais, Sr. Mhuirbheacain Uachtarach, Ath Cliath. Bu chóir "Scoma a 246" a chur ar an cúdnaigh.

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THE STANDARD HOTEL, HARCOURT STREET.

NORTH STAR HOTEL, OPPOSITE G.N.R. TERMINUS, AMIENS ST. DUBLIN.
This Hotel has been entirely Re-decorated and Furnished in first-class style: new Restaurant Lounge and Smoke Room. Fully-licensed. Free garage to visitors.
WEDDINGS SPECIALLY CATERED FOR.
HUGH CALLAGHAN, Manager. (Late Gresham Hotel).
Telephone—2110. Telegrams—"Norstar."

BOARDING AND HOTELS.

A—WHEN in Dublin stay at Ray's, Fitzwilliam place; comfortable; moderate. 'Phone, 4600. T
A Board Residence. 'Phone, 171. 26 9
AT Maytair Hotel, 30 Lower Baggot street, Dublin; renowned for first class catering; every comfort; moderate; 'phone, 3677. T
DUBLIN—Private Hotel, 38 Lower Leeson street; comfortable and quiet; 'phone 3250. 78 25
DUBLIN—Fitzwilliam Hotel, 11 Upper Fitzwilliam street; highly recommended; well furnished; every convenience; reasonable. 'Phone, 4690. 24 5
ROOMS (single beds), private sittingrooms, and meals—10 Winton road, Leeson Park. Telephone—574, Ballsbridge. 23 F
SOUTHPORT—The Clifton, Promenade. Largest Unlicensed Hotel. Orchestra; garage. 'Phone, 647. Telegrams: "Marine." X
SOUTHERN Hotel, 82 Lower Baggot street—Bed and Breakfast; terms moderate; vacancies for permanent Boarders; good catering. 12 20

HOTELS & HEALTH RESORTS.

HOTEL RUSSELL, ST. STEPHEN'S GREEN.
SPECIAL WINTER TERMS FOR RESIDENTS. 'Phone—1581.
Apply Mrs. CAMPBELL-BELL, Manageress.

ROYAL MARINE HOTEL, DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN). FACING DUBLIN BAY. CO. DUBLIN.
The Leading Family Hotel, standing in its own Ground of 5 Acres, opposite Mail Boat Pier and Station.
Electric Light Throughout. French Cuisine.
STEAM-HEATED LOUNGES.
Wire—"Comfort." 'Phone (180), 3 lines.

KINGSTOWN. HOTEL CARLISLE.
Magnificently situated over East Pier, commanding beautiful views of Dublin Bay, Howth.
Most Comfortable. Adjacent to Golf Links.
Lounge in which Musical Afternoon Tea is held; also Billiard and Writing Rooms recently added. One minute from Station, Mail Steamers, and Baths. Free Garage. Apply Proprietress, 'Phone 119, Kingstown.

'Phone—77 AVENUE HOTEL, 'Phone 77. DUN LAOGHAIRE (KINGSTOWN).
Comfortable Modern Hotel. Electric Light. Moderate Tariff. Open to Non-Residents.

L.M.S. NORTHERN COUNTIES COMMITTEE
THE NORTHERN COUNTIES HOTEL, PORTRUSH, WILL BE CLOSED ON OCTOBER 30th, AND RE-OPENED ON APRIL 12th, 1924.

BLACKPOOL IMPERIAL HYDROPATHIC HOTEL.
IN OWN GROUNDS. FACING THE SEA. 300 ROOMS. TURKISH, RUSSIAN, and SALT WATER PLUNGE BATHS. GARAGE. 'Phone 291. Telegrams—"Imperial" Tariff apply Manager.

Sinn Féin.
All-Ireland Hunger Strike.
Monster Demonstration
IN
O'Connell Street, Dublin,
To-day (Thursday), 25th October, 1923,
AT 8 P.M. SHARP.
ANNIVERSARY OF DEATH
OF
Terence MacSwiney, The Martyr of Brixton,
Who found Victory in Suffering and Death.
All Public Bodies taking part in Procession from Mansion House to meet there at 7.15 p.m.

Good *Home* Oats are more economical and fuller of flavour
This is a valuable feature of the rich nutty flavoured home oats milled at Drogheda in our splendid new Mill—considerably less of our Flake is needed to make the porridge. Foreign oatmeal is entirely outclassed by—
McCANN & HILL'S FLAKE OATMEAL
OF THE PRIME NEW CROP.
McCANN & HILL, MILLERS, DROGHEDA.

BEDSTEADS.
LARGE VARIETY OF HIGH GRADE BEDSTEADS IN OAK, MAHOGANY, AND BRASS. MODERATELY PRICED.
PIM BROTHERS, LTD., EXCHEQUER ST., DUBLIN.

LOUNGE SUITS READY-FOR-SERVICE IN IRISH AND SCOTCH TWEEDS, CASHMERES AND WHIPCORDS, FROM £5 5s. Made to measure 10/6 extra.
E. & W. SEALE, LTD., 98 GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN. Phone 966. Wires—"Outfits, Dublin."

REALLY GOOD GLOVES ARE STILL COSTLY
But those who take FREQUENT advantage of our system of DRY CLEANING Do not find them EXPENSIVE.
PRESCOTT'S DYE WORKS, CORK. DUBLIN. LIMERICK. (3)

D.C.M. Stands for DUBLIN COUGH MIXTURE. The first Dose gives relief. 1/3, 2/-, 3/-. Samples, post free, 7d. Get it at
Hayes, Conyngham & Robinson, 12 Grafton Street, Dublin, Ltd. AND BRANCHES.

TODD, BURNS & CO., LTD.
EXTENSIVE HOUSE FURNISHING STORES. UNIQUE VARIETY. BEDROOM & DRAWINGROOM SUITES AT MODERATE PRICES.
MARY STREET, DUBLIN.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST on Saturday, a Lady's Three Stone Diamond Ring, platinum setting, either in Park Rows or in city. Reward if returned to 127 North Circular road. 23 D

LOST, Saturday, 20th inst., Airedale Terrier, 14 months old, from Kinsealy Hall, Malahide. Reward for return. 22 E

LOST in Dublin about 1.45, Saturday, Single Eyeglass, gold mounted; suitable reward offered.—B 1398, this office. T

LOST, at Howth, Sunday last, Grey Cairn Terrier; reward.—Bellingham, Baily

STRAYED on Tuesday from "Rathmore," Gleungeary, Airedale Terrier, "Jack"; reward.

FOR SITUATIONS VACANT PLEASE SEE PAGE 2.

SPECIFIC ARTICLES.

AT KELLY'S, 48 FLEET STREET—Engagement Rings—A magnificent selection of Secondhand Single Stone, Two, Three, Five Stone Gipsy, Marquise, and Cluster Rings, set with Diamonds, Emeralds, Rubies, Sapphires, and Pearls, one of the finest quality, brilliancy, and colour. T

AT Bradley's—Thick, fleecy wefted Slipper Soles, Ladies', 2/- to 3/-, 1/11; Children's, all sizes, 1/6 per pair; postage 3d. extra.—Bradley's, 23 Nassau street, Dublin. 12 19

ALL Travelling Goods, Bags, Suit Cases, Trunks, Fishing, Golf, Lawn Tennis, Croquet, Footballs.—William A. Moore, Leather's quay, Dublin. 8 X

A MAGNIFICENT Wagoli Handy Grip, now to tip, twelve points, 42ins. tip to tip sanken, 70/-. 42—Jessop's Saddlery. 35 D

A SHAKESPEARE Collection for Sale.—B 1519, this office.

A KIPLING Collection for Sale.—B 1320, this office.

EMPIRE Typewriters, rebuilt by makers, reliable and guaranteed; typewriter; £8 10/-; cash or hire purchase system.—Pollock and Co., Ltd., Grafton street, Dublin. X

FREE Logs, delivered, South city and country, 37/0 ton, £1 half ton.—Clare, Stewville, Foxrock. 8 18

FOR Sale, Pram, Marmoh, good condition; seen any time; reasonable.—12 Goldsmith terrace, Quinsborough road, Bray. 27 F

GOOD Secondhand Galvanised Fencing Wire for Sale. McGowan Brothers, Store street. 78 19

GALVANIZED Wire Netting; reduced prices. St

MOTOR MATTERS. BICYCLES, &c.

MOTOR CARS.

CHEVROLET, GALLOWAY, and Tilbury Cars, from £190, also carriages. Agents: Wallen, Trinity st. Garage. X

AT Woods', Westland Row—R.S.A. Cars now further reduced, £205. T

CHEVROLET, OAKLAND, and SUNBEAM CARS.—LINCOLN MOTOR CO., Lisson place, Dublin. T

1924 PRICES.
8 H.P. ROVER CARS.
2-SEATER (with Dickey Seat) £139
or "CHUMMY" (seating 3 adults)
4-SEATER (seating 4 adults) £145
(Subject to alteration at Works)
THE ROVER COMPANY, LTD.,
16 LORD EDWARD ST., DUBLIN. T

DUNLOP CUP. STONELEIGH.
The Only Car to Carry 3 and Gain First Class Award Dublin Agents:—
LEINSTER MOTOR WORKS,
51-55 Fitzwilliam St., off Mount'oy Square,
'Phone, 3770 DUBLIN. 12 X

NEW 8 H.P. ROVER 2 SEATER.
Complete, £172 cash, Delivered in Dublin.
Deferred Payments Arranged.
BURNEY BROS.,
67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

BURNEY BROS.,
67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN.

AUCTION of Motors every Friday, 2.15, p.m., at the Nassau Motor Co. Showrooms, 25 Nassau street. Cars always on view. Two Seater Cars required. T

A 1921 Dodge Car for Sale, perfect order and appearance, a bargain. £120.—B 978, this office. 20 D

A VARIETY of excellent Secondhand Cars, including Landaulettes, Touring Cars, and Two Seaters, in good order, at moderate prices.—Brady, Dawson street.

CASE 6 cylinder Tourer, new, must be sold; a £1,200 car for £500.—Thompson's, Shaw street, Dublin 20 D

DAIMLER Landaulette, 7 seater, leather upholstery, dynamo lighting, wire wheels; hackney licence; perfect order and condition; price £150.—Eager's Garage, South Circular road. T

ESSEX 1925 5 SEATER TOURING, painted Monitor grey, hardly used, in beautiful condition; fully equipped; any trial given; £375.—B 857, this office. T

FOR all Motor Body Work and Painting.—The City Wheel and Carriage Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin. 26 T

FORD Four Seater, good order, detachable rims, electric headlights, painted red, £45.—36 Lennox avenue.

FOR Sale, 1919 Hupmobile, hood, complete, just arrived from factory; owner sold his car.—B 1104, this office. 25 T

FORD Sedan, 1922; agent's show car, slightly shopsoiled; £195. Address "Z 2009, Ford," this office. 24 X

FOR Sale, 1923 Maxwell, only two months in use, nearest to £275 will buy. Address "Z 2021, Car," this office. 24 D

LEFT for Sale, Black Coupé, dynamo lighting, mechanically perfect, £165.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 21 X

MOTOR Saloon, 5-seater, 1921, Hurter, 14 h.p.; A1 perfect running order; admirable winter car; B 1042, this office. 20 D

ROVER Car, 5 seater, for Sale, in perfect order, rear wind screen, electric lighting, spare wheel, £300. Address "Z 2004, Rover," this office.

SMARTEST Coupe in Dublin for Sale; an ideal doctor's or lady driver's car; handsome coachbuilt body, beautifully upholstered, fully equipped, self starter, speedometer, tyres, new; any examination and trial; exceptional bargain to prompt purchaser.—B 1058, this office. 21 D

SANFORD Garage—Repairs to all classes of Motors.—B 1260, this office. 16 24

SECONDHAND Cars for Disposal—1915 12 h.p. Rover 4 Seater, fitted with electric light and in perfect condition, £190; 1916 12 h.p. Vulcan, newly painted and overhauled, £100; 1921 Ford, perfect running order, £65; 1921 Ford, ditto, £55.—Duthie, Large, and Co., Ltd., Athy. 24 F

STANDARD 1923 SPECIAL "ALL-WEATHER" TOURER, beautifully finished in Condon grey, adjustable seats; completely equipped; very small mileage; appearance as new; £435, or near offer.—B 836, this office.

STRAKER Squire 1914 Three Seater and Double Dicker, perfect running order, good condition; 20 m.p. engine, Rudge wheels, two spares, complete.—Captain Maguire, Landsdowne House, Dundrum. 24 A

THE 1923-24 De Dion Bouton Car is a result of assembly of perfect mechanism and coachwork, silent, resilient, powerful, yet can be driven by the veriest novice, price from £525; call and inspect our stock.—Thompson's, Shaw street, Dublin. 20 D

THE 10-20 h.p. Hands Car has several outstanding features, chief of which are compact arrangement, accessibility, reserve of power, this last feature being notably absent from so called light cars. Examine a Hands at Thompson's, Shaw street, Dublin. 20 D

5 SEATER Touring Car, perfect order; sacrifice, £45.—44 Eccles st. 21 D

6 CYLINDER Vauxhall Cabriolet, overhauled, electric light. What offers?—B 1053, this office. 22 E

1923 ANGUS SANDERSON TOURER, very small mileage, splendid hill climber, spare wheel, tyre, and tube, full kit of tools, luggage carrier, etc.; as new in every way; £335.—B 853, this office.

1923 MAXWELL Touring Car, complete, in perfect running order; price £280 or nearest offer. Seen by appointment at Messrs. R. W. Archer and Co., 65 Lower Mount street. 23 D

1923 CEDOS 2½ H.P. 2 STROKE, practically new, very smart machine, fast and splendid hill climber; real bargain, £39 10/-. Can be inspected after 5 o'clock by appointment.—B 839, this office.

CHAUFFEURS, MECHANICS.

WANTED

WANTED, Groom Chauffeur; married man preferred. Address, with copies of testimonials and salary expected, "Z 1952, Man," this office. 23 E

DISENGAGED

CHAUFFEUR seeks situation, any car, running repairs, T.T., reference.—847, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 24 E

FORD Driver, experienced, seeks situation, private or commercial.—B 1096, this office. 22 E

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED

1914 MORRIS Oxford, electric light, newly painted, perfect order; trial; £190, immediate sale.—B 1158, this office. 22 E

WANTED.

PRIVATELY owned Landaulette Wanted; must be in good order; state make, year, price, and where can be seen.—B 1164, this office. 25 F

WANTED, good Second Hand 4-5 Seater; state price, full particulars.—B 1243, this office. 23 D

MOTOR CYCLES.

"A1"—All the latest from Olympia, 1924 Models—Sunbeam, New Imperial, P. and M., Diamond, etc., will be on view shortly. Meantime come and see the bargains we are offering in Shopsoiled and Second-hand Machines.—Wagtz Bros., Leo Lemon st. T

A.J.S. and Triumph Motor Cycles.—Wallen, Trinity st. Garage.

ASTOUNDING Value—B.S.A. 2¾, £57 15/-; 3½ Sports, £70; 4½, £70; 6 Twin, £85.—Woods, Westland Row. T

ADVANCES on Motor Bikes, Cars, Jewels.—Gorman, Pawnbroker, Winetavern st (opposite Four Courts); new garage. T

ENFIELD, DOUGLAS, MATCHLESS, INDIAN MOTOR CYCLES.
Prices from £42. Delivered in Dublin.
Deferred Payments Arranged.
BURNEY BROS.,
67 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET, DUBLIN. 12 22

AUSTIN 7 1925 Chummy Model (new), delivery from stock; Ford 2 Seater and Dicker, grand order, £85; Dodge 5 Seater into 1916, £65; Overland 1921 small 4 Seater, £115; Swift 7 Twin, 2 Seater, £55; Singer 2 Seater 1921, self starter, dynamo lighting, £145; Maxwell 1917 small 4 Seater, £55; Humberette 2 Seater, £55.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 21 X

A B.O. 3 h.p., 4 speed Solo, o.h.v., good running order; £45, or nearest offer.—B 1350, this office.

CAMPION 1½ h.p. kick starter, 3 speed, 1923 model, as new, all accessories; first reasonable offer secures.—B 1057, this office. 22 E

FOR Sale, 4 h.p. R.S.A. and Sidecar, as new; very little used; £45.—Manning, 58 Dame street. 22 E

FOR Sale, Blackburne Combo; electric light and all fittings; 1922 model.—B 1274, this office. 23 F

FOR Sale, 3 h.p. Enfield Combination Motor Cycle; £60, or nearest offer. Address "Z 2027, Combination," this office. 24 A

NORTON, Norton, and Zenith Motor Cycles. Sole Agent, Kelly, Bachelor's Walk, Dublin. 24 24

SUN Villiers 2½ 2 speed, clutch and k.s., £25; James Douglas 1921 Combination, £35; Hudson 4 Combination, £15; Royal Ruby 1921 3 Combination, £65; Douglas 1616 3½, good order, £25; Diamond 3½ stroke 1923, £25; Victoria 2 stroke 2 speed 1921, £25; Triumph 3½ clutch model, £15; Sparta 3½, £20. Trials and motocycles.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 21 X

7/9 INDIAN Combination, minus front forks, otherwise perfect; would sell separately. What offers? 44 Eccles st. 21 D

1923 3½ Sports James, lamp, horn, Bowmisken speedometer, tin-cad., two spare tyres, tubes, as new, £68.—583, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 23 D

1923 RALEIGH Combination, 3 h.p., purchased in July; wind screen, lee shields, lamp, driving mirror, horn, spares; complete insurance policy expiring July, 1924; tax paid to end of year; perfect condition; any trial; what offers?—B 1205, this office. 22 E

1923 MODEL Velocette at sacrifice prices to clear.—Henri Motors, Molesworth place. 23 F

WANTED.

WANTED, Motor Bicycle and Light Two Seater Cars; prompt cash or taken in exchange.—Fitzgerald, 128 Stephen's Green. 21 X

LORRIES, VANS, MOTOR AND STEAM HAULAGE.

CALEDON 6 Ton Lorry for Sale, in excellent order, flat body, cab; excellent machine for city haulage; £190.—B 1272, this office. 23 E

DISPOSALS Board Stock—A.E.C.'s, Albions, Crossley and Tenders, a few exceptional bargains left.—Thomson's, Shaw street, Dublin. 20 D

FOR Hire, six 4-5 Ton Motor Lorries; 50/- per day.—B 1078, this office. 22 F

FORD Van for Sale, 1916, just overhauled, perfect condition and good appearance; what offers?—B 1289, this office. 23 F

FORD Ton Truck, also Hudson Touring Car for Sale. Seen at O'Connell's Garage, 53 Fitzwilliam quare. 24 A

GARFORD 30 cwt. Lorry, with moveable seats; can be used for goods; giant pneumatic back and front; best offer. Address "Z 1986, Lorry," this office. 22 F

PEERLESS 44cm Lorries, guaranteed 6 months, £195, plus carriage—Thompson's, Shaw street, Dublin. 20 D

THORNYCROFT 4 Ton Lorry, flat platform body cab, etc.; all in excellent order; seen and tried Dublin; £295.—B 1273, this office. 23 F

WANTED.

WANTED, Motor Lorry, 4 or 6 ton; cheap; one requiring repairs considered.—Holmes, Monaster even. 22 E

BODIES

WANTED, Landaulette Body for Ford; must be in perfect condition; moderate.—B 1382, this office. 24 E

BICYCLES.

"A1" BICYCLES on easy terms. We can supply you with the ordinal payment system, Sunbeams, Centaurs, Starkbrook, B.S.A., or any make you may select.—Wayte Bros., Ltd., Lemon st. (off Grafton st.). T

MOTOR CARS CONTINUED DISENGAGED.

MOTOR Driver seeks situation; married; any car, running repairs; best references. Address "Z 1976, Driver," this office. 24 A

RESPECTABLE young Man, can drive Ford or Humber car; wishes situation; can be highly recommended.—B 1235, this office. 23 F

YOUNG Man, Drive Motor, do Gardening; small wages with house; recommended.—B 1191, this office.

YOUNG Man seeks situation as Ford Driver and General Man, do running repairs.—B 1365, this office.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

ABANDON Unemployment—"Careers for Irish Youth," price 6d., Secretary, Atlantic College, 46-47 Henry street, Dublin.

ASSISTANT Wanted for Retail Hardware and China Establishment in Henry street, young Lady, age about 28, with experience, and at times capable of taking charge; good appearance; copy references with application and salary expected.—B 1216, this office. 23 D

AFRICA, Ceylon, India, Brasil, etc.—Clerks, Engineers, Planters, Managers, Surveyors, and Factory Employés, and all others seeking remunerative pioneer-paid appointments abroad should send stamped envelope for particulars of openings, terms, and valuable list of past successes.—Messrs. Coutts, Colonial Dept. 40, 325 High Holborn, London. Established 1908. X

ASSISTANT Bar Hand Wanted, with good knowledge of cellar work; Midlands; indoor; comfortable home. Address, stating age experience, and salary expected, "Z 2006, Assistant," this office. 24 F

APPRENTICE Wanted for Motor Trade. Apply to 1404, Mr. Hughes. 24 A

A HOUSEKEEPER Wanted for nobleman's place near Dublin; family two; eight servants.—B 1396, this office.

BLACKSMITH Wanted; capable, reliable man, abstainer; small forge, Co. Kildare; live in; good home; only man with much experience need apply; wage expected. Address "Z 1908, Blacksmith," this office. 22 F

BOOT Factory Manager—Wanted, first class Man for Irish Boot Factory; apply at once, stating class of work in connection with, age and salary expected. Address "Z 2014, Manager," this office. 24 F

CUTTER—Alex. Moon, Ltd., Galway, require a first class Cutter; must be a sober, smart, successful man, with good experience; clerical knowledge also general. Apply, with references, stating salary. 22 E

CHINA and Table Glass Department—Assistant required by large Dublin firm. Apply by letter, stating qualifications, experience, copies of references, salary, to B 1286, this office. 23 F

DEMOBILISED Soldiers and Beginners—Your living guaranteed. Start your own Drapery Business; little capital required. Write for catalogue and advice.—H. Lewing, Dept. C., 143 Houndsditch, London. E.C. X

DRESSMAKER Wanted for Business in Midland town; must be first fitter, stable, experienced; able to take full charge of workroom; state references, with copies; religion, salary (indoor). Address "Z 2004, Dressmaker," this office. 24 A

FRUIT Trade—Young Lady who knows where to purchase Supplies required for this department in General Store.—B 1236, this office.

FOR Workers Wanted; experienced hands only. Apply Alfred Roby, Furrier, 2 Castle Market, off South William street.

GROCERY and Provisions—Wanted, Assistant, capable of taking entire charge. Apply, with reference and full particulars, Stewart's Stores, Athlone. 24 E

GENERAL Drapery and Boots—Young Lady Wanted, for Sales and Buying, Boot Department, provincial town. East Midlands; salary required; indoor; copies references. Address "Z 2012, Lady," this office. 24 F

INTELLIGENT, well educated Youth, mechanically inclined, Wanted, to favourably learn the Typewriter Business. Salary and quick advancement to suitable candidate.—B 1297, this office. 23 D

IRISH Superstitions about All Hallow's Eve.—See the issue of 27th inst. in the "Weekly Irish Times." On Sale to-day. Price twopence 23 F

LADY Confectioner Wanted, to do light work in bakehouse and attend shop during spare time. Apply, stating wages and send copy of references, George Swanton, Ballybrack.

LADY, R.C., tactful, experienced, with good English and French accent, Wanted, to care for and help delicate child attending school; near city; can arrange daily or resident; state salary and full qualifications.—Box H 5804, Kenny's Advertising Agency, Dublin. 22 E

PRINTING—Smart Boy Wanted as Cropper Hand. Must be able to make ready. State wages expected and where employed.—B 994, this office. 22 E

ROUND the World and Home, by "Bluebird."—An informative and entertaining page in the "Weekly Irish Times" for week-end reading. 23 F

STATE Solicitors, District Justices, Superintendents of the Civic Guard, see the Special Portraits in the "Weekly Irish Times" to-day. Price twopence. 23 F

STOCKKEEPER Wanted; must be reliable, and well recommended. Apply by letter, Works' Manager, North Kerry Manufacturing Company, Rathmines. 24 A

WANTED, a good Junior Salesman for General Drapery (Protestant); state experience, copies references, and lowest salary (indoor). Address "Z 1907, Salesman," this office. 24 F

WANTED, experienced Stores Man to take charge of Motor Accessories Sales Department, provincial garage, 30 miles from Dublin; enclose copy reference. Address "Z 1901, Stores Man," this office. 24 D

WANTED, efficient Shorthand Typist.—17 Upper Clanbrassil st., Dublin. 20 D

WANTED, two Probationers for Nursing Home, also two Maids, country girls. Address Box No. 1159, Irish Times Branch Office, Belfast. 21 D

WANTED, Companion Help, Gentlewoman, 25-35, one lady; make herself useful and shopping. Apply, with particulars, Mrs. Davis, Moss View, Heath, Bangor, N. Wales. 22 D

WANTED, Charge Hand for our high class Grocery and Provision Counter. Apply, stating age and salary expected (indoor), to J. T. Little and Co., Enniscillen. 22 D

WANTED, in Wholesale Merchant's Office, young Lady, of good education, as Office Assistant, with some knowledge of shorthand and typing; experience not essential; applicants must state full particulars, age, salary expected, where educated, and by whom recommended.—B 1156, this office. 22 E

WANTED, temporary Clerk, competent at letters and correspondence; state age, qualifications, and salary.—B 1278, this office. 23 F

WANTED at Midland Help, bright, refined Girl, about 30; R.C.; three children, youngest 6 years; maid kept; references, salary.—Mrs. Fleming, Back House, Ennis.

WANTED, capable person to attend invalid lady and do light housekeeping; Protestant; South Dublin.—B 1239, this office. 23 F

WANTED, for large Laundry, well educated young Lady, Protestant, to keep some experience. Apply, stating wages and full particulars, to B 1258, this office. 23 D

WANTED, Typist; must be well educated; applicants must state in own handwriting age and salary. Reply in handwriting, giving copies references.—B 1202, this office. 23 D

WHAT was the Curse over the House of Claddagh? Read "The House of Doom," by Katherine Tynan, in the "Weekly Irish Times." New readers can begin to-day. 23 F

WANTED, a pushing Saleswoman; give reference and state salary (indoor).—Wm. Johnston, Irish House, Roris.

WANTED, Boy of good education as Junior Clerk, 15, 16 years; in large Dublin business house. Apply by letter, giving full particulars, to B 1185, this office. 23 E

WANTED, Gymnastic Instructor; state days and hours free and fee per lesson.—B 1378, this office.

WANTED, young Mother's Help or Nurse (Protestant); well recommended.—M'Farland, Lisbury, Greystones. 23 E

£300, £400, £500 SALARY for Certified Bookkeepers; Postal Tuition, 8/- monthly; success guaranteed, two exams.; prospectus free.—City Correspondence College (Dept. 402), 89 New Oxford street, London, W.C.1. 24 X

MONEY, PARTNERSHIPS, ETC.

ENGINEER, holding number of first class agencies, desires Partner with electrical knowledge; or would sell proposition.—B 1356, this office. 23 D

LOANS—The Commercial Union Loan and Discount Co., Ltd., 57 Middle Abbey street, Dublin, grant Loans. Apply to Manager. 26 24

WANTED, immediately, live Partners, with small capital to invest in well known Riding School.—B 1206, this office.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS. OFFICIALS, SERVANTS, ETC.

POSITIONS VACANT.

ASSISTANT required for Hotel Office; must thoroughly understand operating telephone. Apply, with all particulars of experience and copies references, B 1354, this office. 23 E

HOTEL Assistant required; must have experience of hotel or restaurant business, linen, and flowers. Apply, stating fully experience, copy reference, and wages expected.—B 1256, this office. 23 E

WANTED, smart young Cook General for quiet, private hotel; housemaid waitress kept.—B 1359, this office.

WANTED, Confectioner, for first class Restaurant; must be good pastry cook; state experience and wages expected.—B 1364, this office. 24 A

WANTED, Cook, for first class Restaurant; must have previous experience in hotel, club, or restaurant; references (copies) required, state wages.—B 1385, this office. 24 E

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

COOK seeks position, hotel or restaurant, outdoor; good references.—B 1227, this office. 23 D

KITCHENMAID seeks place, hotel or private; good taper.—B 1351, this office. 24 A

MANAGERESS (Protestant) seeks position Restaurant; highly recommended.—B 1154, this office. 23 F

REFINED Lady is open for position as Housekeeper in good class hotel, club, or gentleman's residence. B 1149, this office. 22 E

WAITER seeks engagement; reliable, experienced; highest references; town, country.—B 1379, this office. 24 A

YOUNG Lady wants position in Hotel, dispense and relieve in office; experienced, Dublin, London.—B 1090, this office. 22 E

MEDICAL APPOINTMENTS.

ASSISTANT Wanted, high class Pharmacy, Dublin; state experience, salary; copies testimonials.—B 1134, this office. 22 E

APPRENTICE Wanted, R.C., indoor or outdoor; fee required; indoor; must have good reference.—Wm. Stenson, Chemist, Marlborough. 24 A

A NURSE Attendant Wanted for 12th November; a good walker and lifter; £30, laundry, and insurance.—Waithman, 22 Dominick street, Galway. 24 A

CERTIFICATED Nurse and Masseuse disengaged daily, permanent, or visiting.—N 23, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

DENTIST, Registered Operator Mechanic, wishes position in or near city; £4 10/.—B 1086, this office. 22 E

IRISH Lady, 6 years' nursing experience, would go to Welfare Worker, etc.; free State; knowledge of foreign languages.—B 1366, this office.

JUNIOR Assistant starting lectures seeks position Dublin or Belfast. Address "Z 1894, Assistant," this office. 21 D

L.D.S. wishes to dispose of Branch Practice; no time to attend; moderate fee.—B 1183, this office. 22 E

MEDICAL Masseur—Certified Masseur, visiting city twice weekly, desires patients.—B 1286, this office.

MEDICAL Officer Wanted for Caledonian Society; sixty members; applicants state experience and fee expected. Apply Secretary, 16 Stephen's Green. 24 F

NURSE Companion or Housekeeper to invalid or elderly lady; hospital training; country; recommended to.—B 1042, this office. 20 D

PARTNERSHIP, Nursing Home, starting, best neighbourhood; qualified nurse command business; salary, share profits.—B 1235, this office. 23 F

REGISTERED Druggist, experienced, capable, highest testimonials, open to immediate engagement.—790, Irish Times Branch Office, Cork. 24 A

WANTED at once, trained Nurse Companion for nerve case, country; able to give massage. Apply, with copies, stating lowest salary, to "Z 1996, Nurse," this office. 24 A

WANTED, Junior Assistant, Protestant, good appearance. Full particulars, salary (indoor).—B 1381, this office. 23 D

SITUATIONS CONTINUED

WANTED, Typist; must be well educated; applicants must state in own handwriting age and salary. Reply in handwriting, giving copies references.—B 1202, this office. 23 D

WHAT was the Curse over the House of Claddagh? Read "The House of Doom," by Katherine Tynan, in the "Weekly Irish Times." New readers can begin to-day. 23 F

WANTED, a pushing Saleswoman; give reference and state salary (indoor).—Wm. Johnston, Irish House, Roris.

WANTED, Boy of good education as Junior Clerk, 15, 16 years; in large Dublin business house. Apply by letter, giving full particulars, to B 1185, this office. 23 E

WANTED, Gymnastic Instructor; state days and hours free and fee per lesson.—B 1378, this office.

WANTED, young Mother's Help or Nurse (Protestant); well recommended.—M'Farland, Lisbury, Greystones. 23 E

£300, £400, £500 SALARY for Certified Bookkeepers; Postal Tuition, 8/- monthly; success guaranteed, two exams.; prospectus free.—City Correspondence College (Dept. 402), 89 New Oxford street, London, W.C.1. 24 X

GOVERNESSES AND TUTORS WANTED.

AGENT FOR GOVERNESSES AND SCHOOLS.—Miss Bellingham Todd, 5 Grafton street, Dublin. Advises Parents and Managers. Tel. No. 5258. T

ENGLISH Governess, experienced teacher, Protestant, required children (ages 9 and 7); quiet village; musical, good accent; nice home for suitable person. Address "Z 1891, Governess," this office. 21 D

GOOD Home in country, small salary offered in return for hour's daily calls; Catholic teacher need apply. Address "Z 2023, Home," this office.

SUBSTITUTE, Female, I.C., for two months; Knowledge of Irish desirable; small country school.—Teacher, 55 Kenilworth square, Rathgar. 24 F

WANTED immediately, Lady Principal Teacher for Carndonagh National School, Co. Donegal. Apply Rev. T. Dickson, Moville. 20 D

WANTED immediately, Nursery Governess, I.C.; good teacher; salary about £24. Address "Z 1943, Governess," this office. 23 F

WANTED, Governess, Protestant, country place; teach all subjects, music, drawing, ages 9, 10, 8, 5; salary £40. Address, with copies of references, "Z 1858, Governess," this office. 23 D

WANTED, Governess (Protestant, 10), Kindergarten preferred, for little girl aged 5½; needlewoman. State salary, age, and send copies testimonials to Mrs. Bloom, Cullen House, Slane, Co. Meath. 23 F

WANTED, Music Lessons for Boy of eleven; piano; state terms; Ranelagh district.—B 1386, this office.

WANTED, Lady Shorthand Teacher for Dublin College; whole time position; state age, salary, and qualifications.—B 1405, this office.

WANTED, young Lady, I.C., afternoons, to take charge of child of 9, help with lessons; Pembroke. 512, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED.

ALTERATIONS, Carpentry, Plumbing, Painting, Slating, Guttering, and every description of Repairs, at reasonable prices, for cash or terms.—B 1062, this office. 22 E

AN elderly, active, capable Gentlewoman wishes position as Companion Housekeeper; experienced in illness; excellent testimonials; moderate salary.—B 1354, this office. 23 E

AN invoice and General Clerk or Storekeeper, Engineering, desires position; age 26; well recommended; experienced car driver.—B 1189, this office.

A LADY Bookkeeper and Shorthand Typist, holding five first class certificates, desires post; some experience; highest testimonials. Address "Z 2003, Typist," this office.

BOOKKEEPER—Young Lady, 7 years' experience, willing to assist generally; disengaged; highest references.—B 1397, this office. 24 F

COMPANION Help or Secretary to Doctor or Dentist; experienced.—B 1349, this office. 24 F

CONTRACTORS—First class Letter Writer, Painter and Grainer wants employment at bench or workshop.—Hurley, Berrock Hill, Harmony.

DANCES—Pianiste seeks Engagement at dance halls; very moderate.—B 1048, this office. 20 D

DRESSMAKER, R.C., state age, wages expected. Address "Z 1890, General," this office. 21 D

DRAPERY—Young Lady, 6 years' experience, wishes to hear of vacancy as Assistant, or would go as Bookkeeper; city or suburbs preferred; highest references.—B 1376, this office.

EXPERIENCED Assistant to Grocery and Provisions; excellent character; present employer recently employed second counter hand, high class trade; desires change; references direct from present employer. Address "Z 1975, Assistant," this office. 24 F

EDUCATED Girl (17), just left school, would take charge little boy or girl; useful, bright.—B 1197, this office. 24 E

EXPERT Typewriter and General Headsman; can build, visit, fix, etc.; fully qualified; first class in latest devices; excellent recommendations from present employer. Address "Z 1990, Carpenter," this office. 24 F

EXPERIENCED Shorthand Typist desires work; few hours, two evenings weekly.—B 1402, this office.

FIRST Class Ledger Clerk, presently employed, desires Chance; obvious reason; thorough knowledge tabular and loose leaf systems; capable of any kind of office work.—B 1051, this office. 22 F

HOUSEKEEPER, Protestant, experienced, seeks post in practical, knowledge butter, poultry; no objection country; references. Address "Z 1905, Housekeeper," this office. 23 X

HOUSEKEEPER seeks place, outdoor; no children; house, city; long references.—B 1341, this office.

LADY Shorthand Typist, experienced, desires evening engagements, commercial or secretarial.—B 1165, this office.

LADY, free mornings, wishes post as Companion or Useful Help; thoroughly domesticated.—1305, this office. 24 E

LADY recommends Lady Help, plain cookery; cares children or attend invalid.—B 1408, this office.

LADY would give services, return room, morning or afternoons.—B 1409, this office.

MILLINER, experienced, wishes to go at Christmas.—566, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

RESPECTABLE young Lady seeks position in Book Keeper and Shorthand Typist; excellent references. Address "Z 1984, Bookkeeper," this office. 23 F

REFINED Lady, never out before, wants position, priest's, professional gentleman, or business house; highly recommended. Address "Z 2010, Housekeeper," this office. 24 E

WELL educated Youth seeks employment as trainee, reference, security.—B 1067, this office. 22 F

YOUNG Lady Shorthand Typist, one year experience in a Dublin Solicitor's office, at present in Stockbroker's office in a provincial town, wishes to hear of vacancy in a Dublin office; highest references. B 1074, this office. 22 E

EMPLOYMENT WANTED CONTINUED

YOUNG Lady wishes position in Shop or Office; well educated; indoor preferred.—B 1248, this office. 23 D

YOUNG Lady Protestant, Housekeeper, Help, or Position of Trust; highly recommended.—B 1344, this office.

YOUNG Man (22), six years' London experience, seeks Secretarial post; Irish (Fainne), highest references. Address "Z 2016, Secretary," this office.

YOUNG Girl would go Improver to Dressmaking or Grocery indoor; salary required. Address "Z 1999, Improver," this office. 24 E

"Buy a car," said the stout old gentleman explosively; "what, ME? No, Sir, D—n the cars, I say!" *And next week we met him in a Morris Car.*

Sole Morris Car Agents: G. A. BRITTAIN, LTD., Hatch Street, DUBLIN.

He had a run in a friend's Morris, in the meantime. After which he HAD to have a run in his own. 18

MALE SERVANTS WANTED.

CAN any gentleman recommend a young Man, Butler and Valet, Protestant? required at once. Address "Z 1950, Butler," this office 23 B

FARM Labourer required; good general experience, including milking; state wages and enclose copies.—B 1420, this office.

LADY requires Protestant Couple to undertake entire charge of small country house, near Belfast; small family, excellent references required. Address, "Z 1954, Couple," this office. 23 D

RABBIT Trapper Wanted immediately; gear supplied by the couple. Apply, with all particulars and references, William Cooke, St. Mary's avenue, Howth. 23 D

RABBIT Trapper Wanted for County Wexford; train by couple; state terms, with or without gear; enclose copies references. Address "Z 1949, Trapper," this office. 23 F

RABBIT Trappers Wanted; good men; state terms. Apply Lombard, Kilmeiodra, Timoleague, Co. Cork. 24 A

WANTED immediately, thoroughly experienced Butler, good valet, under 26 preferred; full wage. Full particulars, Mrs. Moore O'Ferrall, Kildrenan, Monasterevan, Co. Kildare. 22 E

WANTED, Groom, single; also charge hunters; send copies last two references. Address "Z 1951, Groom," this office. 23 E

YARDMAN Wanted; must be a good milker and cattle feeder and an early riser; house for married man. Apply R. Kennedy, Strafan.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS WANTED.

GARDENER Wanted, indoor; man who understands motor preferred.—B 1008, this office. 22 F

STEWARD Wanted to work demesne of several hundred acres. Must be a good agriculturist and skilled in the care and treatment of live stock. Only an active worker need apply, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to Box No. 5, Post Office, Cork. 23 F

WORKING Steward Wanted immediately, desmesne farm, Co. Donegal, chiefly grass; must be good judge and understand management of stock; wife to look after house when unoccupied. Address, with copies references, etc., "Z 1904, Steward" this office. 21 D

WANTED, experienced Garden Labourer. Apply, with full particulars, to Mr. Orr, 25 Highfield road, Rathgar. 24 E

MALE SERVANTS DISENGAGED.

COMPETENT Herd Shepherd, disengaged when suited; understands his business thoroughly young and active; best discharges. Address "Z 1985, Herd," this office. 23 E

FOOTMAN disengaged, Protestant, ex-soldier; Ireland or England; excellent discharges; exemplary Army character. Address "Z 1935, Footman" this office. 22 E

GENERAL Man wants situation, care horses, milk, generally useful.—B 1183, this office. 22 E

HERD, experienced; castrate, dishorn, treat disease; well recommended. Address "Z 1898, Herd," this office. 21 D

HERD Caretaker, or would take charge gentleman's place; understands duties; married, I.C., no family; good references. Address "Z 1959, Herd," this office.

LADY recommends General Man, willing, trustworthy; can care and drive horse, also motor; married. Apply Dromore, Kilkenny, Rathmines. 24 E

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL Graham, Castleside, Sallins, strongly recommends his late Stud Groom, William Meehan, Brownstown, Curragh; a very hard working lad man, honest, sober, trustworthy; great experience with hunters, mares, and young stock.

SITUATION Wanted, help in stables, garden; understands some inside work. Address "Z 1999, Help," this office. 24 F

YARDMAN, disengaged, good milker, calf rearer; wife do dairy or pantry; no incumbrance; state terms. Address "Z 1954, Yardman," this office. 12 E

YOUNG Groom (single) requires situation; thorough knowledge horses, plain gardening, etc.; excellent references.—Ferguson's Registry, Carlow.

YARDMAN, married, no family, understands farming and horses, little knowledge of motor and gardening; can milk; excellent reference; strict T.T. Wife mind poultry, or lodge (furnished) required; state wage. Address "Z 1960, Man," this office. 23 D

YOUNG, active Herd Yardman; Wife dairy, pantry; no family; highly recommended.—Herd, Belfarm Farmyard, Perry Bank, Waterford. 24 E

YOUNG Man wishes situation; look after motor, help in stable or garden; well recommended.—Cumiskey, 244 Dean's Grange.

STEWARDS AND GARDENERS DISENGAGED

A RESPECTABLE Farmer's Son, married, seeks position as Working Steward or Manager of Farm, or any position of trust; highly recommended.—511, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

ESTATE or Farm Manager, young man, Protestant, desires re-engagement with lady or gentleman; thoroughly experienced stock and tillage, buying and selling and general management of large place; excellent testimonials; highly recommended. Address "Z 1954, Estate," this office.

GARDENER—Smart active Man disengaged; understands all work, gentleman's place; permanent or otherwise; Glenageary, Monkstown preferred; highly recommended.—No. 7, Irish Times Branch Office, Blackrock.

DOMESTICS WANTED.

PROTESTANT Girl Wanted at once, Blackrock; little experience.—Miss Sharpe, Registry, Blackrock

WANTED, experienced Parlourmaid, £35; Sewing-maid, £30; Protestants preferred.—Misses Bonham, House Parlourmaids.—Hawker's Agency, Limerick.

WANTED, country Girl for Light Housework; take baby out sometimes; family two; South side; replies, with copies of references.—B 1188, this office.

WORKING Housekeeper Wanted for small house, Co. Meath, nice locality, for two business men; duties light; young unencumbered widow might suit. Apply, with copies of references and wages expected, to "Z 2015, Housekeeper," this office. 24 F

WANTED, Carlow, Betweenmaid or General, some experience; four servants; family two; wages £18. Address "Z 1936, General," this office. 24 A

VACANCIES FOR SERVANTS.

There are many Vacancies in the REGISTRY of the "IRISH TIMES" for all classes of Trained and Untrained Servants. Good wages offered. Apply MATRON. MATRON will recommend comfortable Homes where Servants can stay while waiting for situations. T

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS WANTED.

COOK Wanted, R.C., young, some housework; small family; two maids; good cooking essential. Apply by letter only, 47 Eglinton road, Donnybrook. 20 D

GOOD Cook General Wanted immediately for London; other Irish maid kept; must be a good cook. Reply by post to Mrs. Freeman, 13 Allesbury road, Dublin. 24 A

GOOD young Cook and House Parlourmaid; good wages; small dairy (Wolseley separator). Apply Holland, The Grove, Balrath, Co. Meath. 15 X

IRISH Lady wants a good Plain Cook (or secretarial help) disengaged; one of very intelligent home; Girl to teach might suit; two in family; four servants kept all Irish Catholics; very good home. Apply, with P.P.'s reference to Mrs. Burnett, Achanclé, Aylesbury. 24 F

REQUIRED, for country residence, Clare, good Cook and General; maid and man kept; state wages, references. Address "Z 2000, Cook General," this office. 24 E

WANTED for country town, King's Co., Cook General, R.C.; state age, wages expected. Address "Z 1890, General," this office. 21 D

WANTED, Cook General (young), to call, with references, to Vandarra, Cowper road, Rathmines, between 12 and 1 o'clock. 24 A

WANTED, young Cook General, where house parlourmaid kept, small house, two in family; no washing; £30.—Cole, Orahova, Carrickmines. 22 E

WANTED, a young Girl as Cook General, Dublin suburbs; small washing. Address "Z 1914, Cook," this office. 22 E

WANTED, young Cook General; send copies of references and wages.—21 Albert road, Glenageary. 22 E

WANTED, experienced Cook, young; good wages; Protestant preferred, not essential.—Hawker's Agency, Limerick.

WANTED, Cook and also House Parlourmaid, Protestants, for small country house, near Belfast. Address "Z 1962, Cook," this office. 23 D

WANTED, thoroughly experienced Cook General, private house, Rathmines; £22-£28; references. Address "Z 1790, Cook General," this office. 23 F

WANTED, very good young Cook General (outdoor); Sunday excepted; Protestant.—515, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot street Bridge.

GENERALS WANTED.

EXPERIENCED General Wanted, small family; good wages. Call after 6 o'clock to Shelmalier, 27 Orwell Park, Rathgar. 23 D

EXPERIENCED, reliable General Wanted; ind

Switzers

Attractive Costume

FROM

OUR DEBUTANTE GALLERY

Model 23—Smart Costume, with Fur trimmed collar, in Velour. Colours—Brown, Fawn, Navy and Black. Price 8½ Gns.

Switzer & Co., Ltd.

GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

Clogged-Up Liver Causes Headache

It's foolish to suffer from constipation, sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, indigestion, and kindred ailments when Carter's Little Liver Pills will end all misery in a few hours. Purely vegetable. Act gently on liver and bowels. Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

DR DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

IN USE OVER SEVENTY YEARS FOR CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE CHEST and THROAT BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, DEBILITY & GENERAL WASTING DISEASES.

IS SOLD BY ALL LEADING CHEMISTS & STORES

Imperial Half-pints, 4/- & Pints, 7/9.

Sole Consignees: ANSAR HARFORD & Co Ltd 198, Gray's Inn Road, London.

DRESS CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 2).

LADY'S Fawn Riding Habit, medium figure, as new, by Callaghan, Dame street.—Roden, 25 Nassau st.

LADY has for Sale handsome Grey Tweed Coat, full length, newest shape; cost 6 guineas; worn twice; accept £4. Address "Z 2002, Dress," this office. 24 E

LADY'S Fashionable Evening Frocks for Sale, one Black, other White, good condition; 3 guineas each; cost £12. Address "Z 1988, Dress," this office. 24 A

LADY has Evening Frocks (Forrest), unworn, medium size; bargain.—M 90, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

SALE, Navy Velours Coat and Skirt, £4; also Brown Tweed, £3; both new; plain make, medium size; personal. Address "Z 1818, Dress," this office.

WASTE 1, Lady's Riding Boots, 6½; also Gentleman's, size 8½. Address "Z 1997, Dress," this office. 24 E

9 PARCELS Ladies' Clothing, 10/- each: Child's 10 Parcel 3 years, 10/-; Dance Shoes, new, 10/-; Post 2/-.—Sara Castings, 17/6. Address "Z 2095, Clothing," this office

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FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

CHILD'S Bedstead, with sides and mattress, also Infant's Hammock Cot for Sale.—B 1317, this office. 24 E

TAYLOR Brisco will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auction every Thursday.—55 Ormond quay. T

SALE, very fine Mahogany Sideboard, mirror back, best offer.—B 1267, this office. 23 D

VERY fine House Furniture, for eight apartments, suitable; also very clean, good Carpets, etc.; easy terms, prompt purchaser; other Assets.—B 1391, this office.

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

AMERICAN Organ, splendid tone; sacrifice, £8.—44 Rathgar street. 21 D

ORGAN for Sale, Piano-la, perfect condition; rosewood case.—B 1365, this office. 24 E

FIRST Class Boudoir Grand Piano (Bechstein) for Sale; beautiful instrument; hardly used.—B 1355, this office. 24 E

GRAMOPHONE Repairs—Pigott and Co., Ltd., 112 Grafton st. and 11 Suffolk st., Dublin, undertake repairs of Gramophones; expert workmanship, prompt delivery, moderate charges. 23 D

PIANOFORTE, sweet tone, full compass, accept 30/- monthly.—John Wakefield, First Floor, 40 Upper Dorset street, until new premises ready. 24 A

PIANO, Schweinmayer, Boudoir Grand, almost new, selling at Cox's Auction Rooms, Bachelor's Walk, Friday. 24 E

PLEYEL Iron Frame Pianoforte, new condition, accept £2 monthly.—Secretary, Little Theatre, 40 Dr O'Connell st. 24 A

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

UNS—Sporting Guns, by the famous makers, Vickers, B.S.A., and Osborne, supplied to holders of permits; Shot Gun Cartridges, Gun Cases, Game and Bridge Bags, and all accessories. Gun Repairs, Guns free.—Garnett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, off Dame street., Dublin.

UNS—The famous Vickers Hammerless Ejector and Non-Ejector Shot Guns obtained from the Agents, Garnett's, Crampton Court, Dublin. 23 T

UNS—Webley and Scott's, the finest in the Trade; B.S.A. and all other makes; large stock of Cartridges, Gun Cases and Accessories; Gun Repairs a specialty; lists free.—L. Keegan, Ions quay, Dublin. 12 15

SHOOTING—Required by two gentlemen rough shooting for one day weekly, within easy reach of Dublin; would join with others; state terms and particulars.—B 1351, this office. 23 F

WANTED, good Rough Shooting, near Dublin.—B 1107, this office. 23 F

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

PAIR full size Brass Mounted Harness, Patent Leather Collar, Saddle, and Bridle, complete, £10.—T. Smith and Son, 92-3 Marlborough street. T

BAY Pony for Sale, about 12 hands, very strong, well trained, constantly driven by lady and children, accustomed to all traffic.—Glencoyne Park, Kingstown. Edward. 23 F

SECOND-HAND Hidden Saddles, extra special, all complete, £2 5/-; Headstalls, brass fittings, 3/6; 2 Cart Horse Breast Collars, 4/11; Wagon Rope, 50 yards, 4/11; Leather Plough Backbands, 4/11; Bridles, with Bits and Reins, 4/6; Steel Stirrup Irons, 1/6 Solid Nickel Stirrups, 2/11; Stirrup Irons, 2/11; Kiw Plough Trace Chains, 6/11; Saddle Straps, new, 2/6; Hame Straps, 1/3; New Cart Bush Rope, 72 x 54 inches, 10/6; all carriage paid nearest station.—Tom Pearson, Morpeth. 8 17

GOOD Harness, brass mounted, full size, harness, £7 10/-; given up driving.—B 1283, this office. 23 D

DRESS—1 Heavy, 1 Light, and handsome Dress, First-51 Townsend street. 24 A

SADDLE (Hidden) for Sale, good condition.—Miss, King square, Mitchelstown. 24 E

GOOD Forge Horses, aged, cheap; also smart ride and drive; Cob, 14 hands, 6 years, sound. Seen at Nangor, Clondalkin. 14 E

WANTED, Bridle and Reins for donkey; also Pair Child's Stirrups; secondhand. Address "Z 2029, this office. 24 B

CONTINUED ON PAGE 12.

£1 TO £1,000

Lend at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office 46 FLEET STREET (Somerset street), Dublin, on deposits of Antique and Modern Plate, and any other Valuable Property.

Phone—2497.

THE LATE MR. P. COSGRAVE.

FUNERAL IN DUBLIN.

PROCESSION OF MOURNERS NEARLY A MILE LONG.

The funeral of Mr. Philip Cosgrave, M.P., brother of President Cosgrave, who died on Monday after a brief illness, took place yesterday morning to Goldenbridge Cemetery from St. James's Church, Dublin, where Requiem Mass was celebrated by the Rev. C. Morrissy, C.C.

Besides the relatives, and representatives and officials of the State, there was a large attendance of the general public.

The coffin was borne from the church by Adjutant-General O'Sullivan, Colonel O'Reilly, Colonel McCrea, Colonel McKean, Captain Murphy, and Commandant C. Byrne.

The funeral procession reached almost from the church to the cemetery, which is about a mile distant. It was headed by a large body of clergy, and its progress was watched by thousands of people assembled along the route. Soldiers marched with arms reversed, and a military and the Civic Guard bands played funeral marches alternately. The gun-carriage with the coffin was drawn by six black horses.

The remains were received at the graveside by the Rev. Father Ryan, C.C., Goldenbridge, who recited the last prayers, and a military party, under Sergeant-Major Cruickshank, fired three volleys over the grave. Buglers sounded the "Last Post."

The chief mourners were:—President W. T. Cosgrave and Mrs. Cosgrave, Mrs. Burke (mother), Miss May Cosgrave (sister), Miss Joan Burke (half-sister), Mrs. Keogh, Mrs. Murray, Misses M. H. and Margaret Cosgrave (aunts); Mr. Philip Cosgrave and Mr. Walter Murray (uncles); Messrs. Phillip and Thomas Cosgrave (nephews); Messrs. E. R. Cosgrave, Michael and Patrick Murray, J. Cribbons, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes (cousins); Miss Nan Cosgrave, and the Misses Sue and Rose Murray (cousins); Messrs. J. Gleeson, W. J. Gleeson (barrister-at-law), and D. Gleeson (relatives).

The following clergymen attended:—Canon McCarthy, P.P., James's street; Canon Edward J. Dunne, P.P., St. Mary's, Booterstown; Canon Duggan, P.P., Haddington road; Very Rev. P. P. Hayden, P.P., Francis street; Very Rev. P. Hayes, P.P., St. Catherine's; Very Rev. J. Brennan, P.P., Windgap, Kilkenny; Rev. W. J. Byrne, chaplain to St. Brigid's Hospital; Rev. D. McCarthy, chaplain, Limerick; Rev. E. Trainor, C.F., Portobello Barracks; Rev. C. J. Ryan, C.C., St. Catherine's, Meath street; Rev. L. F. Kelly, C.C., Rush; Rev. J. Kelleher, C.C., Meath street; Rev. M. Troy, chaplain, Kilmainham; Rev. J. Flood, C.C., James's street; Rev. M. Creedon, C.C., Francis street; Rev. J. Morrissey, C.C., James's street; Rev. Father Gaynor, C.C., James's street; Rev. F. Ryan, C.C., Goldenbridge; Father Edward and Father John, O.S.F.C., Church street; Rev. P. J. Connolly, S.J., Leeson street; Rev. J. Condon, O.S.A., John's lane; Rev. J. Stafford, C.S.S.R., St. Mary's, Rathmines; Rev. F. B. Foley, O.M.I.; Rev. M. O'Reilly, O.M.I., Inchicore; Rev. J. Danagher, O.M.I., Belmont House; Rev. T. J. Sutton, C.S.S.R., Rathgar; Rev. John Condon, O.S.A., John's lane; Rev. P. J. O'Brien, Francis street; Rev. Louis Brophy, O.S.A., John's lane; Rev. J. Barry, C.C.; Rev. P. Flanagan, C.C., Aughrim street.

The Archbishop of Dublin (Dr. Byrne) sent his carriage.

In the *cortège* were:—Mr. T. M. Healy, Governor-General; Messrs. Kevin O'Higgins, Minister for Home Affairs; Richard Mulcahy, Minister for Defence; Ernest Blythe, Minister for Finance; P. J. Hogan, Minister for Agriculture; Joseph McGrath, Minister of Industry and Commerce; Finian Lynch, Minister for Fisheries; Seamus Burke, Minister for Local Government; Michael Hayes, Ceann Comhairle of the Dail; J. J. Walsh, Postmaster-General; and P. O'Maille, Deputy Ceann Comhairle.

The following members of the Dail attended:—Mrs. Collins-O'Driscoll, Messrs. C. M. Byrne, O'Mahony, D. McCarthy, J. P. Doyle, Eamon Duggan, P. Hughes, James Dolan, Sean Gibbons, Professor McGuinness, Alfred Byrne, W. Sears, J. Conlon, Dr. Myles Keogh, and Professor O'Sullivan.

The following Senators were present:—Mrs. Wyse Power, Messrs. McLoughlin, O'Dea, Irwin, Nesbitt, Dr. Oliver St. J. Gogarty, M. Fitzgerald, J. J. McKean, H. Barniville, T. Lenihan, and Major-General Dalton (Clerk of the Senate).

Members of the Corporation included:—A representative of the Lord Mayor, Messrs. P. J. McIntyre, J. J. Murphy, Thomas F. Nolan, G. A. Lyons, F. Fitzpatrick, John Byrne, T. J. Lonchlin, E. O'Neill, M. Staines, G. Leahy, P. Mahon, McEvoy, Gately, and Dr. Russell.

The following represented the Army:—Adjutant-General O'Sullivan, General Thomas Enáis, Commandant-General Beasiai, Commandant R. O'Hegarty, Colonel Smyth, Major-General Morran, Medical Services; Colonel L. Hayes (Limerick Command), Commandant W. Hayes, Colonel P. Brennan, Major P. M'Mahon (Curragh Command), and Captain Adams (Air Force).

The Chief Commissioner of the Civic Guard, General Eoin O'Duffy; the Chief Commissioner of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, General W. P. Murphy; Assistant Commissioner Mr. Barrett; the Chief Superintendent, L. W. Murphy, and his son, Mr. J. A. Murphy, B.E., also attended.

The Christian Brothers included:—Rev. Brother Lanigan, Superior, O'Brien Institute; Rev. Brother J. L. Burke, Superior, James's street; Brothers W. A. Darcy, C. St. O'Neill, L. C. Leonard, L. B. Murphy, W. Bermingham, Marino; and Brothers Ryan, Redmond, and Burke, Ariane.

Representatives were also present from the James's street Conference of St. Vincent de Paul Society, and the Inchicore, Chapelizod, and Esmonn Ceannt Cumann na nGaedheal.

About 150 Civic Guards from the Phœnix Park Depôt were present under the command of Assistant Commissioner M'Kee. The 5th Battalion, Portobello Barracks, were under Captains Reilly, Kilkelly, and Louth. They were preceded by the Band of the Special Infantry Corps, Beggar's Bush, under Sergeant O'Connor.

Among the general public present were:—Sir Joseph Glynn, Colonel O'Callaghan-Westropp, Mr. William Field, Dr. White, Mayor of Waterford; Mr. James O'Mara, Limerick; Mr. George M'Grath, Comptroller-General; Mr. Diarmuid O'Hegarty, Clerk to the Cabinet; Mr. R. J. Dugnan, Mr. E. P. M'Carron, Secretary to the Ministry of Local Government; Mr. M. Healy, Drogheda; Mr. J. Walsh, Assistant Town Clerk, Dublin; Mr. Henry Phillips, General Manager, Grand Canal Company; A. T. Mathews, M.I.E.A., Chief Accountant, Grand Canal Company; Dr. C. M. O'Brien, Merrion square; Mr. Joseph Grehan, U.D.C., Galway; R. Davis, P.L.G.; Joseph O'Neill, Secretary, Ministry of Education; Mr. Padraig O'Broichain, Chief Officer, Education Office; Mr. B. O'Connor Pembroke U.D.C.; Mr. A. G. Kingsworth, P.C.; Mr. M. Coughlin, solicitor; Mr. Hugh J. M'Carron; and Messrs. John J. Higgins, Patrick Conway, Martin O'Byrne, Anthony O'Grady, Michael Fannin, and J. J. O'Neill (representing the Licensed Grocers' and Vintners' Protection Association; Hugh Kennedy, Parnell street; Laurence Kennedy, Sir Joseph Downes, J.P.; Michael Cuddy, John F. Cuffe, Michael Flanagan, Holyhead; John Cuddy, John P. MacAtin.

Wreaths were sent by the following:—"Brab, Jim and Jessie," Mr. and Mrs. Martin, Monumellick; A. A. Kerrigan, Eason and Son, Ltd.; "Helen, Kitty and Eva," Mrs. A. E. Brenton and Family; Emma, Bob and Bobbie, Miss Innes, Alice Love, Miss M. Poole, Staff of Eason and Son, Ltd.; Mr. and Miss Cran.

FUNERAL OF MR. WILLIAM LOTHIAN.

Yesterday morning the funeral took place in Mount Jerome Cemetery, Dublin, of Mr. William Lothian, who died on Sunday last, after a protracted illness. Mr. Lothian occupied a responsible position in the firm of Messrs. Eason and Son, Ltd. For some years he represented the firm in the South and West of Ireland, and both outside and inside the establishment he made many friends by reason both of his sound business capacity and his high personal attractions. In early life he served in the Imperial Yeomanry in South Africa, where he was shot through the lung, and his naturally robust health suffered severely from this wound. The Services at the house and in the cemetery were conducted by the Rev. R. K. Hanna and the Rev. J. S. Crockett. There was a very large attendance of business colleagues and personal friends. Among those present were:—

Messrs. Charles Eason, F. T. Eason, J. C. M. Eason, R. Lawrence, Peter Cran, James M. Hilleleon (brother-in-law), Thomas A. Stodart, Warren Storey, A. Dalzetty, F. Masterson, A. A. Kerrison, William M. Bruce, E. W. Hallett, William A. Jackson, Thomas Driver, A. Henry, A. W. Dempsey, John Rowland, Miss H. Cole, John Toms, James Stephens, Charles Farley, Charles Barbour, Alex R. Sharpe (Heiys Ltd.), William Coe, William Henchie, N. Tuckaberry, A. J. Ireland, H. C. Harris, H. A. Hoden, J. H. Quinn, V. J. Hamilton, F. F. Condron, W. Shankey, J. Connor, R. F. Gailey, H. Owen, W. Gardner, Miss Foole.

A COUNTY COUNCIL ELECTION.

MINISTER'S SUGGESTIONS IGNORED.

The South Tipperary County Council met specially yesterday to consider a letter from the Local Government Minister suggesting that it might be made a condition of the permanent appointment of a secretary that candidates must submit to an examination under Government auspices, and that the person will be chosen from those who have been successful in the examination. The advertisement might be amended accordingly, and the date of the examination fixed before the date of appointment.

After a discussion a resolution proposed by Mr. Flynn to adhere to the terms of the original advertisement was carried by eleven votes to nine.

After the recent visit of the King and Queen to Dunfermline, the manufacturers of the city united in presenting a gift of linen, which Their Majesties have been pleased to accept.

PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

62 NEW APPOINTMENTS.

The following have been appointed as Peace Commissioners by the Minister for Home Affairs for the Free State:—

COUNTY OF DUBLIN—4.
John M. Devitt, 22 Sandycove road, Dun Laoghaire.
David H. Bailey, Dunamase, Dalkey.
Thomas Byrne, Victoria Park, Donnycarney.
Albert V. McArthur, 4 Lansdowne road, Ballsbridge.

CITY OF DUBLIN—7.
Hugh Cahill, Prospect Villa, Glasnevin.
Thomas Bonayne, 51 Grosvenor square, Rathmines.
Thomas J. Kelly, 54 Clova Park, Phibsborough.
John A. Smyth, 30 South Anne street, Dublin.
Maurice H. Stokes, 4 Kenilworth road, Rathgar.
Alfred Millar, 3 Winton road, Leeson Park.
Stephen A. Roche, 363 North Circular road, Dublin.

COUNTY CAVAN—1.
Patrick McGovern, Gortcesnaghough, Swanlinbar.

COUNTY CARLOW—2.
Nicholas O'Toole, Scotland, Hacketstown.
Patrick Delaney, Hacketstown.

COUNTY CLARE—8.
Bartholomew Crowley, Tullagower, Killimer.
Patrick P. Considine, Danganelly, Coorclare.
Michael Barry, Erinagh, Fountain Cross, Ennis.
Patrick O'Halloran, Noonsaun, Roaan, Ennis.
Thomas O'Shaughnessy, Meelick, Co. Clare.

NORTH TIPPERARY—10.
Michael Keevy, Coorclevin, Dunkerrin, Roscrea.
Martin Ryan, Doonakeenan, Roscrea.
Matthew O'Meara, Toomevara, Nenagh.
Dr. John J. O'Connell, Derryvale, Roscrea.
John Kennedy, Glencrow, Newport.
Thomas Meagher, Lisdaleen, Templetuohy, Templemore.
Martin Lalton, Kilcurkee, Templemore.
Michael F. Deegan, "The Castle," Twomileborris, Thurles.
Patrick Harney, Whitefield, Templemore.
Tim Heenan, Ballyhaden, Borrisokane.

SOUTH TIPPERARY—4.
William F. Delaney, Ballycarney, Emly.
Patrick Mortell, Henry street, Tipperary.
Owen H. Ryan, Bridge street, Tipperary.
Ed. M. Elligott, 3 Main street, Tipperary.

COUNTY KILKENNY—1.
Robert Wallace, Graiguenamanagh.

COUNTY KILDARE—2.
John James Bergin, Maybrook, Athy.
J. J. Fitzsimons, Loughnacush, Carbury.

COUNTY LEITRIM—1.
Thomas J. Gannon, The Irish House, Mohill.

COUNTY KERRY—8.
David Horgan, Brosna, Abbeyfeale.
Phillip O'Connor, Dirra, Brosna.
Gerald O'Sullivan, Chapel street, Tarbert.
James McCarthy, Inch House, Anniscaul.
John O'Connor, Lixnaw.
James Lynch, Leanischael, Ballybunion.
Michael O'Keefe, Mesnevonghane, Brosna, Kerry.
Denis Galvin, Castlegregory.

COUNTY CORK—17.
Timothy J. Curtin, Glencarney, Rockchapel.
Cornelius J. Lenahan, Killoven, Kanturk.
James Roche, Charles street, Midleton.
Denis P. Hayes, Coolowen, Whitechurch, Blarney.
Michael J. Barry, Tower View, Castlemartyr, Cloyne.
John Dwyer, Rock Lodge, Croscully, Coachford, Co. Cork.
Patrick D. Moore, Coolbawn, Midleton.
Patrick J. O'Gorman, South Main street, Youghal.
David Rose, Tweedmount, Blarney.
Francis St. Aubyn Horgan, Firville, Macroom.
Patrick O'Keefe, 2 New street, Macroom.
William O'Brien, Ballingrane, Shangarry, Midleton.
John Joseph Cooney, "Myrtleville," Crosshaven.
Thomas Ed. Beechinor, Ballinamona, Courtmacsherry.
Thomas Murphy, Skehanna House, Ballinhassig.
Michael Sheehy, Market street, Skibbereen.
Ed. Murnane, Billberry, Midleton.

LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION.

UPKEEP OF BOATS ON FREE STATE COAST.

A conference of the branches of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution in the Irish Free State was held at the Mansion House, Dublin, yesterday, Sir Godfrey Baring, Bart., presiding.

The Chairman said that next year would be the Centenary of the Lifeboat Institution, which was founded in 1824 by Sir William Hilary, who lived in the Isle of Man, and who was responsible for rescuing 300 lives in a small craft, which he constructed with the assistance of a local carpenter. Sir William called a meeting in the City of London, and raised £20,000 from the merchants of the city; and that was how the Lifeboat Institution was started.

Sir Godfrey appealed for the co-operation of all the branches of the Institution in the Free State in raising a larger sum of money towards the upkeep of the twenty boats stationed on the Free State coast, particularly during the centenary year, to commemorate in a practical way the establishment of this great humane service, which, during its hundred years' existence, rescued over 59,000 lives.

It was decided to recommend to branches to arrange anniversary meetings, house-to-house collections, and Lifeboat Days, with, where possible, public processions. It was also recommended that Thanksgiving Services be held in all churches and chapels on a convenient date during the centenary year.

Captain Webb referred to the fact that the amount collected in the Irish Free State had never been sufficient to cover the amount expended for the upkeep of the lifeboats provided for the Irish coasts. This had necessitated a large sum being remitted from London to Ireland to enable the branches to discharge their obligations, but he felt sure that the Irish people, if they were made aware of the facts, would see that at least they would raise enough money to cover the expenditure.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman, on the motion of the Rev. Denham Osborne, seconded by Canon Murphy, P.P., brought the meeting to a close.

FOREIGN MAILS.

POSTING DAYS IN DUBLIN AND BELFAST.

Correspondence should be posted in time for the evening mails to London on the posting days shown below:—

Argentina, Bolivia (South), Chile, Paraguay, and Uruguay:	
By Houlder Line	Oct. 25
By Italian pkt.	Oct. 26
By Dutch pkt.	Oct. 30
By Royal Mail Line	Oct. 31
Ascension and St. Helena: Direct	Nov. 1
Australia: By Commonwealth	Oct. 29
Do.: By P. and O.	Oct. 31
Bahamas: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Bermuda: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Brazil (Rio Santos) By Ital. pkt.	Oct. 26
Do. (all parts): By Du. pkt.	Oct. 30
Do. (all parts): By R.M.L.	Oct. 31
Do. (Bahia): By Lamport	Nov. 1
British Honduras and Turk's Island: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Canada (excl. Mag. Post): Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Canary Islands: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Cape Verde Islands: Direct	Oct. 25
Central America (excl. Panama and Costa Rica), Cuba, and Mexico: Via New York	Oct. 25
Ceylon: Via Suez	Oct. 31
China (all parts) (letters and postcards only): Via Siberia	Oct. 25
Do. (Hong Kong and S. China) (letters and post-cards for Hong Kong and Treaty Ports only): By Holt	Oct. 29
Do. (Shanghai and N. China) (letters and post-cards for Shanghai and Treaty Ports only): By Holt	Oct. 29
Do. (excl. letters and postcards): Via Suez	Oct. 31
Colombia (Pacific Coast), Chile, Panama and Bolivia (North), and Peru: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Do. (excl. letters and post-cards): Via Do. (excl. Pacific Coast): Direct	Oct. 25
Cook and Society Is.: Via 'Frisco	Nov. 1
Costa Rica: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Do.: Direct	Nov. 1
Dutch East Indies: By Dutch pkt.	Oct. 27
East Africa (Kenya, Uganda, and Zanzibar): By P. and O.	Oct. 31
Egypt, Cyprus, and Palestine: By French packet	Oct. 26
French Congo and Senegal: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Gambia: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Guiana (Br., Fr., Du.): By French pkt.	Oct. 26
Do.: By Harrison	Nov. 4
India, Aden, Iraq, Persia, and Seychelles: Via Marseilles	Oct. 31
Ivory Coast: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Jamaica: Direct	Oct. 27
Do.: Via N.Y.	Oct. 29
Japan: Via N.Y.	Oct. 26
Madeira: By Union Castle	Oct. 25
Mauritius: Via Durban	Oct. 25
Mesopotamia (Baghdad) and Persia (as far as Bushire): By Air Mail	Oct. 31
New Zealand: By P. and O.	Oct. 31
Philippine Is. (letters and post-cards only): By Holt	Oct. 29
Samoa: Via San Francisco	Nov. 19
Sierra Leone: By E.D.	Oct. 25
S. Africa, Nyasaland, etc.: Direct	Oct. 31
Straits Settlements (letters and postcards for Singapore only): By Holt Line	Oct. 29
Tanganyika: By P. and O.	Oct. 31
United States: By Cunard	Oct. 25
Do.: By U.S.L.	Oct. 28
Venezuela: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
West Coast of Africa (see also Gambia, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Sierra Leone): By E.D.	Oct. 29
West Indies (Trinidad, etc.): By Fr. pkt.	Oct. 26
Do. (Barbados, etc.) By Du. pkt.	Nov. 1

INWARD.

The following mails were received in London yesterday:—West Indies, by ss. Oryneseo.

Due on Saturday:—Dutch East Indies, by ss. Prins der Nederlanden. Sierra Leone, Gold Coast, Nigeria, etc., by ss. Elmina. U.S.A., Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Bermuda, Bahamas, British Honduras, Fiji, Jamaica, Mexico, and Central America, Panama and West Coast of South America and West Indies, by ss. Leviathan, Canada and Newfoundland, by ss. Montcalm.

Monday:—South Africa and Madeira, by ss. Saxon.

Tuesday:—Air Mail from Mesopotamia (Bagh. dad) and Persia as far as Bushire. India, Egypt, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc., by ss. Plassy.

A decree giving effect to the agreement concluded on May 25 between the Italian, British, French, Belgian, and United States Governments concerning the reimbursement of the expenses of the United States Army of Occupation has been approved by the Italian Cabinet.

"The Stores" (Junior Army & Navy) D'Olier St.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT OF

CLOSING DOWN SALE

A CLEARANCE SALE of the ENTIRE STOCKS in all Departments will commence on MONDAY NEXT. No Catalogues will be issued. Every article has been DRASTICALLY REDUCED in PRICE to ensure a RAPID CLEARANCE.

FOR THREE WEEKS

COMMENCING

MONDAY, 29th OCTOBER

TERMINATING

SATURDAY, 17th NOVEMBER

"The Stores" will be closed for business after this date, but our Offices will remain open to deal with accounts and correspondence.

DEPARTMENTS:

GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERY

During the Sale A DISCOUNT OF 2/- IN THE £ will be allowed off all purchases (excepting Sugar) in these Departments.

WINES, ALES AND MINERALS

The remaining stock of WINES offered in small lots at a Liberal Reduction off the usual selling prices.

TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SMOKERS' REQUISITES.

We have a good, clean stock of PIPES, POUCHES, CIGARETTE CASES, CIGARETTE and CIGAR HOLDERS. Now offered at Bargain Prices.

DRUGS AND PERFUMERY

PERFUMES (all by the best makers), TOILET SOAPS, CREAMS & POWDERS, and other Toilet Requisites all considerably reduced in price.

STATIONERY.

WRITING PADS, NOTEPAPER, ENVELOPES, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, WRITING CASES, FOUNTAIN PENS, FANCY GOODS, Etc.

JEWELLERY.

WATCHES and CLOCKS, BAROMETERS, BROOCHES, RINGS, BRACELETS, SILVER and PLATED GOODS, FLASHLIGHTS, BATTERIES, Etc., Etc.

GENT'S HOSIERY, TAILORING & BOOTS

PYJAMAS, SOCKS, COLLARS, TIES, HATS and CAPS, SHIRTS and UNDERWEAR, HANDKERCHIEFS, CARDIGANS, GLOVES, UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS, SUITS TO MEASURE, SUIT LENGTHS, OVERCOATS TO MEASURE and READY TO WEAR, CIVIC GUARD and FREE STATE ARMY UNIFORMS TO MEASURE, WALKING BOOTS, SHOOTING BOOTS, FIELD BOOTS, FULL RANGE OF SHOES and SLIPPERS.

DRAPERY. LADIES' BOOTS. HABERDASHERY.

HOUSEHOLD LINEN, HOSIERY, GLOVES, UNDERCLOTHING, DOWN QUILTS, BLANKETS, LADIES' UMBRELLAS, WALKING BOOTS, SHOES, EVENING SHOES, FULL RANGE OF SLIPPERS, SPATS, GAITERS, Etc. SEWING COTTONS, TAPES and THREADS, BUTTONS, MAIDS' CAPS and APRONS, ELASTICS, BRAIDS, NEEDLES and PINS.

PORTMANTEAUS. FISHING TACKLE. SPORTS GOODS.

TRUNKS, SUIT CASES, DRESSING CASES, HAT BOXES, ATTACHE CASES, FISHING RODS, LINES and FLIES, LANDING NETS, WADERS, GUN-CLEANING SUNDRIES, INDOOR GAMES, OUTDOOR GAMES, DOLLS and TOYS, DECK CHAIRS, THERMOS FLASKS, CAMP EQUIPMENT,

TURNERY. BRUSHES. SADDLERY.

SHOPPING BASKETS, LINEN BASKETS, WICKER CHAIRS, KNIFE CLEANERS, FREEZERS, MANGLES, WRINGERS, HAIR BRUSHES, CLOTHES BRUSHES, SCRUBBING BRUSHES, STABLE BROOMS, HOUSEHOLD BROOMS AND BRUSHES, HARNESS, HORSE RUGS, WHIPS, SPURS, DOG COLLARS, HUNTING CROPS, WASH LEATHERS,

IRONMONGERY, LAMPS, CHINA AND GLASS.

HOUSEHOLD UTENSILS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, RAZORS and BLADES, CUTLERY, GARDEN TOOLS, BIRD CAGES, TABLE LAMPS, READING LAMPS, WALL LAMPS, HANGING LAMPS, HEATING STOVES, COOKING STOVES, GLASS CHIMNEYS, DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, BREAKFAST SETS, TOILET SETS, TUMBLERS, WINE GLASSES, GLASSWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FURNITURE, PERAMBULATORS

BEDDING, CARPETS, RUGS, Etc., Etc.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS OF THE STORES.

Credit Accounts will be Closed on Saturday, 27th October, after which date all transactions will be for CASH ONLY or PREPAYMENT BY POST, and orders will only be dealt with on these terms. The Cash on Delivery System will be discontinued from the commencement of the Sale.

JUNIOR Army and Navy STORES

INCORPORATED WITH THE CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., REGISTERED IN ENGLAND.

D'OLIER ST., DUBLIN

Telephone 2961. Wires—"Supplies."

Switzers

Attractive Costume

FROM

OUR DEBUTANTE GALLERY

Model 23—Smart Costume, with Fur trimmed collar, in Velour. Colours—Brown, Fawn, Navy and Black. Price 8½ Gns.

Switzer & Co., Ltd.

GRAFTON STREET, DUBLIN.

Clogged-Up Liver Causes Headache

It's foolish to suffer from constipation, sick headache, biliousness, dizziness, indigestion, and kindred ailments when Carter's Little Liver Pills will end all misery in a few hours. Purely vegetable. Act gently on liver and bowels.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

IN USE OVER SEVENTY YEARS FOR CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE CHEST and THROAT BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, DEBILITY & GENERAL WASTING DISEASES.

SOLD BY ALL LEADING CHEMISTS & STORES

Imperial Half-pints, 4/- & Pints, 7/9

Sole Consignees: ANSAR, HARFORD & Co. LTD 199, GRAYS INN ROAD, LONDON.

DRESS CONTINUED (FROM PAGE 2).

LADY'S Fawn Riding Habit, medium figure, as new, by Callaghan, Dame street.—Rodeh, 25 Nassau st. T

LADY has for Sale handsome Grey Tweed Coat, full size, newest shape; cost 6 guineas; worn twice; accept £4. Address "Z 2001, Dress," this office. 24 E

LADY'S Fashionable Evening Frocks for Sale, one Black, other White, good condition; 5 guineas each; cost £12. Address "Z 1988, Dress," this office. 24 A

LADY has Evening Frocks (Forrest), unworn, medium size; bargain.—M 90, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown.

SAKE, Navy Velours Coat and Skirt, £4; also Brown Tweed, £5; both new; plain make, medium size; approval. Address "Z 1818, Dress," this office.

WANTED, Lady's Riding Boots, 5½; also Gentleman's, size 8½. Address "Z 1987, Dress," this office. 24 E

3 PARCELS Ladies' Clothing, 10/- each: Child's Parcel 3 pairs, 10/-; Dance Shoes, new, 10/-; cost 25/-; Sax Costume, 17/6. Address "Z 2025, Clothing," this office

FURNITURE.

AT Highest Value—James Hill and Son, Bachelor's Walk, Purchase Furniture, Pianos, Antiques. T

CHILD'S Bedstead, with sides and mattress, also Infant's Hammock Cot for Sale.—B 1517, this office. 24 E

LAWLOR Briscoe will Buy or Sell your Surplus Furniture. Auction every Thursday.—35 Ormond quay. T

SALE, very fine Mahogany Sideboard, mirror back; best offer.—B 1267, this office. 23 D

VERY nice House Furniture, for eight apartments, suitable; also very clean, good Carpets, etc.; easy terms, prompt purchaser; other Assets.—B 1391, this office.

MUSIC, PIANOS, ETC.

AMERICAN Organ, splendid tone; sacrifice, £8.—44 Aungier street. 21 D

FOR Sale, Pianola, perfect condition; rosewood case.—B 1385, this office. 24 E

FIRST Class Boudoir Grand Piano "Bechstein" for Sale; beautiful instrument; hardly used.—B 1355, this office. 24 E

GRAMOPHONE Repairs—Pigott and Co., Ltd., 112 Grafton st. and 11 Suffolk st., Dublin, undertake Repairs of Gramophones; expert workmanship, prompt delivery, moderate charges. 22 D

PIANOFORTE, sweet tone, full compass, accept 30/- monthly.—John Wakefield, First Floor, 40 Upper O'Connell street, until new premises ready. 24 A

PIANO, Schiedmayer Boudoir Grand, almost new. Selling at Cox's Auction Rooms, Bachelor's Walk, on Friday. 24 E

SPLENDID Iron Frame Pianoforte, new condition, to accept £2 monthly.—Secretary, Little Theatre, 40 Upper O'Connell st. 24 A

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

GUNS—Sporting Guns, by the famous makers, Webley, B.S.A., and Osborne, supplied to holders of permits; Shot Gun Cartridges, Gun Cases, Game and Cartridge Bags, and all accessories. Gun Repairs. Lists free.—Garbett, Gunmaker, Crampton Court, off Trinity street, Dublin. T

GUNS—The famous Vickers Hammerless Ejector and Non-Ejector Shot Guns obtained from the Agents, Garbett's, Crampton Court, Dublin. T

GUNS—Webley and Scott's, the finest in the Trade; B.S.A. and all other makes; large stock of Cartridges, Gun Cases and Accessories; Gun Repairs a specialty; lists free.—L. Keegan, Ilac quay, Dublin. 12 15

SHOOTING—Required by two gentlemen rough shooting for one day weekly, within easy reach of Dublin; or would join with others; state terms and particulars.—B 1301, this office. 23 F

WANTED, good Rough Shooting, near Dublin.—W B 1107, this office. 23 F

HORSES, HARNESS, ETC.

BEST full size Brass Mounted Harness, Patent Leather Collar, Saddle, and Bridle, complete, £10 10/.—T. Smith and Son, 92-3 Marlborough street, Dublin. T

COB Pony for Sale, about 12 hands, very strong, well trained, constantly driven by lady and children, accustomed to all traffic.—Glenageary Farm, Kingstown. Apply Steward. 23 F

GOVERNMENT Riding Saddles, extra special, all complete, £5 5/-; Roadsdale, brass fittings, 3/6; Heavy Cart Horse Bridle Collar, 7/11; Wagon Reins, new, 30 yards, 4/11; Leather Plough Backbands, 4/11; Riding Bridles, with Bits and Reins, 4/6; Steel Stirrup Irons, 1/6; Solid Nickel Stirrups, 2/11; Stirrup Leathers, 2/11; New Plough Trace Chains, 6/11; Buckling Straps, new, 2/6; Hame Straps, 1/8; New All Wool Rug Rugs, 72 x 84 inches, 10/6; all carriage paid nearest station.—Tom Pearson, Horwich, Lancs. S 17

GOOD Harness, brass mounted, full size, bargain, £7 10/-; given up driving.—B 1285, this office. 23 D

HORSES—1 Heavy, 1 Light and handsome Roan, 5 Feet—51 Townsend street. 24 A

SIDE Saddle (Hidden) for Sale, good condition.—20 Nine Elms, Kings square, Mitchelstown. 24 E

TWO good Farm Horses, aged, cheap; also smart ride and drive; Colt, 14 hands, 6 years, sound. Seen trotting at Nangor, Clondalkin. 14 E

WANTED, Bridle and Reins for donkey; also Pair Child's Stirrups; secondhand. Address "X 2029, Reuter's," this office. 24 E

CONTINUED ON PAGE 12.

£1 TO £1,000

Advanced at KELLY'S Great Central Money Office 43 FLEET STREET

(Westmoreland street), Dublin, on deposit of Jewels, Antique and Modern Plate, and any other Valuable Property.

Telephone—2497.

THE LATE MR. P. COSGRAVE.

FUNERAL IN DUBLIN.

PROCESSION OF MOURNERS NEARLY A MILE LONG.

The funeral of Mr. Philip Cosgrave, M.P., brother of President Cosgrave, who died on Monday after a brief illness, took place yesterday morning to Goldenbridge Cemetery from St. James's Church, Dublin, where Requiem Mass was celebrated by the Rev. C. Morrissy, C.C.

Besides the relatives, and representatives and officials of the State, there was a large attendance of the general public.

The coffin was borne from the church by Adjutant-General O'Sullivan, Colonel O'Reilly, Colonel McCrea, Colonel McKean, Captain Murphy, and Commandant C. Byrne.

The funeral procession reached almost from the church to the cemetery, which is about a mile distant. It was headed by a large body of clergy, and its progress was watched by thousands of people assembled along the route. Soldiers marched with arms reversed, and a military and the Civic Guard bands played funeral marches alternately. The gun-carriage with the coffin was drawn by six black horses.

The remains were received at the graveside by the Rev. Father Ryan, C.C., Goldenbridge, who recited the last prayers, and a military party, under Sergeant-Major Cruickshank, fired three volleys over the grave. Buglers sounded the "Last Post."

The chief mourners were:—President W. T. Cosgrave and Mrs. Cosgrave, Mrs. Burke (mother), Miss May Cosgrave (sister), Miss Joan Burke (half-sister); Mrs. Keogh, Mrs. Murray, Misses M. H. and Margaret Cosgrave (aunts); Mr. Philip Cosgrave and Mr. Walter Murray (uncles); Messrs. Philip and Thomas Cosgrave (nephews); Messrs. R. P. Cosgrave, Michael and Patrick Murray, J. Cribbons, Mr. and Mrs. Hughes (cousins); Miss Nan Cosgrave, and the Misses Rue and Rose Murray (cousins); Messrs. J. Gleeson, W. J. Gleeson (barrister-at-law), and D. Gleeson (relatives).

The following clergymen attended:—Canon McCarthy, P.P., James's street; Canon Edward J. Dunne, P.P., St. Mary's, Booterstown; Canon Duggan, P.P., Haddington road; Very Rev. P. P. Hayden, P.P., Francis street; Very Rev. P. Hayes, P.P., St. Catherine's; Very Rev. J. Brennan, P.P., Windgap, Kilkenny; Rev. W. J. Byrne, chaplain to St. Brigid's Hospital; Rev. D. McCarthy, chaplain, Limerick; Rev. E. Trainor, C.F., Portobello Barracks; Rev. C. J. Ryan, C.C., St. Catherine's, Meath street; Rev. L. F. Kelly, C.C., Rush; Rev. Kelleher, C.C., Meath street; Rev. M. Troy, chaplain, Kilmainham; Rev. J. Flood, C.C., James's street; Rev. M. Creedon, C.C., Francis street; Rev. C. Morrissey, C.C., James's street; Rev. Father Garnor, C.C., James's street; Rev. F. Ryan, C.C., Goldenbridge; Father Edward and Father John, O.S.F.C., Church street; Rev. P. J. Connolly, S.J., Leeson street; Rev. J. Condon, O.S.A., John's lane; Rev. J. Stafford, C.S.S.R., St. Mary's, Rathmines; Rev. F. B. Foley, O.M.I.; Rev. M. O'Reilly, O.M.I., Inchicore; Rev. J. Donagher, O.M.I., Belmont House; Rev. T. J. Sutton, C.S.S.R., Rathgar; Rev. John Condon, O.S.A., John's lane; Rev. P. J. O'Brien, Francis street; Rev. Louis Brophy, O.S.A., John's lane; Rev. J. Barry, C.C.; Rev. P. Flanagan, C.C., Aughrim street.

The Archbishop of Dublin (Dr. Byrne) sent his carriage.

In the *cortége* were:—Mr. T. M. Healy, Governor-General; Messrs. Kevin O'Higgins, Minister for Home Affairs; Richard Mulcahy, Minister for Defence; Ernest Blythe, Minister for Finance; P. J. Hogan, Minister for Agriculture; Joseph McGrath, Minister of Industry and Commerce; Finian Lynch, Minister for Fisheries; Seamus Burke, Minister for Local Government; Michael Hayes, Ceann Comhairle of the Dail; J. J. Walsh, Postmaster-General; and P. O'Maille, Deputy Ceann Comhairle.

The following members of the Dail attended:—Mrs. Collins-O'Driscoll, Messrs. C. M. Byrne, O'Mahony, D. McCarthy, J. P. Doyle, Eamon Duggan, P. Hughes, James Dolan, Sean Gibbons, Professor McGuinness, Alfred Byrne, W. Sears, J. Coulon, Dr. Myles Keogh, and Professor O'Sullivan.

The following Senators were present:—Mrs. Wyse Power, Messrs. McLoughlin, O'Dea, Irwin, Nesbitt, Dr. Oliver St. J. Gogarty, M. Fitzgerald, J. J. McKean, H. Barniville, T. Lenihan, and Major-General Dalton (Clerk of the Senate).

Members of the Corporation included:—A representative of the Lord Mayor, Messrs. P. J. McIntyre, J. J. Murphy, Thomas P. Nolan, C. A. Lyons, F. Fitzpatrick, John Byrne, T. J. Lonsdale, R. O'Neill, M. Staines, G. Leahy, P. Mahon, McEvoy, Gately, and Dr. Russell.

The following represented the Army:—Adjutant-General O'Sullivan, General Thomas Ennis, Commandant-General Beasial, Commandant R. O'Hegarty, Colonel Smyth, Major-General Morran, Medical Services; Colonel L. Hayes (Limerick Command), Commandant W. Hayes, Colonel P. Brennan, Major P. M'Mahon (Curragh Command), and Captain Adams (Air Force)

The Chief Commissioner of the Civic Guard, General Eoin O'Duffy; the Chief Commissioner of the Dublin Metropolitan Police, General W. P. Murphy; Assistant Commissioner Mr. Barrett; the Chief Superintendent, L. W. Murphy, and his son, Mr. J. A. Murphy, B.E., also attended.

The Christian Brothers included:—Rev. Brother Lanigan, Superior, O'Brien Institute; Rev. Brother C. L. Burke, Superior, James's street; Brothers W. A. Darcy, C. M. O'Neill, L. C. Leonard, L. R. Murphy, W. Bermingham, Marino; and Brothers Ryan, Redmond, and Burke, Artane.

Representatives were also present from the James's street Conference of St. Vincent de Paul Society, and the Inchicore, Chapelizod, and Eamonn Ceannt Cumann na nGaedheal.

About 150 Civic Guards from the Phoenix Park *Depôt* were present under the command of Assistant Commissioner M'Kee. The 8th Battalion, Portobello Barracks, were under Captains Feily, Kilkelly, and Louth. They were preceded by the Band of the Special Infantry Corps, Beggar's Bush, under Sergeant O'Connor.

Among the general public present were:—Sir Joseph Glynn, Colonel O'Callaghan-Westropp, Mr. William Field, Dr. White, Mayor of Waterford; Mr. James O'Mara, Limerick; Mr. George M'Grath, Comptroller-General; Mr. Diarmuid O'Hegarty, Clerk to the Cabinet; Mr. R. J. Duggan, Mr. E. P. M'Carron, Secretary to the Ministry of Local Government; Mr. M. Healy, Drogheda; Mr. J. Walsh, Assistant Town Clerk, Dublin; Mr. Henry Phillips, General Manager, Grand Canal Company; A. T. Mathews, M.I.E.A., Chief Accountant, Grand Canal Company; Dr. M. O'Brien, Merrion square; Mr. Joseph Grehan, U.D.C., Galway; R. Davis, P.L.G.; Joseph O'Neill, Secretary, Ministry of Education; Mr. Padraig O'Broichain, Chief Officer, Education Office; Mr. B. O'Connor Pembroke, U.D.C.; Mr. A. G. Kingsworth, P.C.; Mr. M. Coughlin, solicitor; Mr. Hugh J. M'Carron; and Messrs. John J. Higgins, Patrick Conway, Martin O'Byrne, Anthony O'Grady, Michael Fanning, and J. O'Neill (representing the Licensed Grocers' and Vintners' Protection Association; Hugh Kennedy, Parnell street; Laurence Kennedy, Sir Joseph Downes, J.P.; Michael Cuddy, John F. Cuffe, Michael Flanagan, Holyhead; John Cuddy, John P. MacArdle.

FUNERAL OF MR. WILLIAM LOTHIAN.

Yesterday morning the funeral took place in Mount Jerome Cemetery, Dublin, of Mr. William Lothian, who died on Sunday last, after a protracted illness. Mr. Lothian occupied a responsible position in the firm of Messrs. Eason and Son, Ltd. For some years he represented the firm in the South and West of Ireland, and both outside and inside the establishment he made many friends by reason both of his sound business capacity and his high personal attractions. In early life he served in the Imperial Yeomanry in South Africa, where he was shot through the lung, and his naturally robust health suffered severely from this wound. The Services at the house and in the cemetery were conducted by the Rev. R. K. Hanna and the Rev. J. S. Crockett. There was a very large attendance of business colleagues and personal friends. Among those present were:—

Messrs. Charles Eason, F. T. Eason, J. C. M. Eason, R. Lawrence, Peter Cran, James M. Hillelson (brother-in-law), Thomas A. Stodart, Warren Storey, A. Daligetty, F. Masterson, A. A. Kerrison, William M. Bruce, E. W. Hallett, William A. Jackson, Thomas Driver, A. Henry, A. W. Dempsey, John Rowland, Miss H. Cole, John Toms, James Stephens, Charles Farley, Charles Barbour, Alex R. Sharpe (Hely's Ltd.), William Coe, William Henchie, N. Tuckenberry, A. J. Ireland, H. C. Harris, H. A. Holden, J. H. Quinn, V. J. Hamilton, J. F. Condron, W. Shankey, J. Connor, R. F. Bailey, H. Owen, W. Gardner, Miss Foote.

Wreaths were sent by the following:—

"Dyab, Jim and Jessie," Mr. and Mrs. Martin, Monntmellick; A. A. Kerrison, Eason and Son, Ltd.; "Helen, Kitty and Eva," Mrs. A. E. Branton and Family, "Emma, Bob and Bobbie," Miss Innes, Alice Love, Miss M. Foote, Staff of Eason and Son, Ltd.; Mr. and Miss Cran.

The funeral arrangements were carried out by Messrs. Waller.

A COUNTY COUNCIL ELECTION.

MINISTER'S SUGGESTIONS IGNORED.

The South Tipperary County Council met specially yesterday to consider a letter from the Local Government Minister suggesting that it might be made a condition of the permanent appointment of a secretary that candidates must submit to an examination under Government auspices, and that the person will be chosen from those who have been successful in the examination. The advertisement might be amended accordingly, and the date of the examination fixed before the date of appointment.

After a discussion a resolution proposed by Mr. Flynn to adhere to the terms of the original advertisement was carried by eleven votes to nine.

After the recent visit of the King and Queen to Dunfermline, the manufacturers of the city united in presenting a gift of linen, which Their Majesties have been pleased to accept.

PEACE COMMISSIONERS.

62 NEW APPOINTMENTS.

The following have been appointed as Peace Commissioners by the Minister for Home Affairs for the Free State:—

COUNTY OF DUBLIN—4.
John M. Devitt, 28 Sandycove road, Dun Laoghaire.
David H. Bailey, Dunamase, Dalkey.
Thomas Byrne, Victoria Park, Donnycarney.
Albert V. McArthur, 4 Lansdowne road, Ballsbridge.

CITY OF DUBLIN—7.
Hugh Cahill, Prospect Villa, Glasnevin.
Thomas Bonayne, 51 Grosvenor square, Rathmines.
Thomas J. Kelly, 54 Cabra Park, Phibsborough.
John A. Smyth, 30 South Anne street, Dublin.
Maurice H. Stokes, 4 Kenilworth road, Rathgar.
Alfred Millar, 3 Winton road, Leeson Park.
Stephen A. Roche, 393 North Circular road, Dublin.

COUNTY CAVAN—1.
Patrick McGovern, Gurlenamough, Swanlibar.

COUNTY CARLOW—2.
Nicholas O'Toole, Scotland, Hacketstown.
Patrick Delaney, Hacketstown.

COUNTY CLARE—5.
Bartholomew Crowley, Tullagower, Killimer.
Patrick F. Considine, Danganelly, Cooraclare.
Michael Barry, Brinagh, Fountain Cross, Ennis.
Patrick O'Halloran, Rooaree, Ruan, Ennis.
Thomas O'Shaughnessy, Meelick, Co. Clare.

NORTH TIPPERARY—10.
Michael Keevy, Coorsclevin, Dunkerrin, Roscrea.
Martin Ryan, Doonakeenan, Roscrea.
Matthew O'Meara, Toomevara, Nenagh.
Dr. John J. O'Connell, Derryvale, Roscrea.
John Kennedy, Glencrow, Newport.
Thomas Meagher, Lisdaleen, Templetouhy, Templemore.
Martin Laffan, Kilcurkes, Templemore.
Michael F. Duggan, "The Castle," Twomileborris, Thurles.
Patrick Harney, Whitefield, Templemore.
Tim Heenan, Ballyhaden, Borrisokane.

SOUTH TIPPERARY—4.
William F. Delaney, Ballycarney, Emly.
Patrick Mortell, Henry street, Tipperary.
Owen H. Ryan, Bridge street, Tipperary.
Ed. M. Elligott, 3 Main street, Tipperary.

COUNTY KILKENNY—1.
Robert Wallace, Graiguenamanagh.

COUNTY KILDARE—2.
John James Bergin, Maybrook, Athy.
J. J. Fitzsimons, Longhaucush, Carbury.

COUNTY LEITRIM—1.
Thomas J. Gannon, The Irish House, Mohill.

COUNTY KERRY—8.
David Horgan, Brosna, Abbeyfeale.
Phillip O'Connor, Dirra, Brosna.
Gerald O'Sullivan, Chapel street, Tarbert.
James McCarthy, Inch House, Anniscaul.
John O'Connor, Lixnaw.
James Lynch, Leanischael, Ballybunion.
Michael O'Keefe, Meenevonghane, Brosna, Kerry.
Denis Galvin, Castlegregory.

COUNTY CORK—17.
Timothy J. Curtin, Glencarney, Rockchapel.
Cornelius J. Lenahan, Killowen, Kanturk.
James Roche, Charles street, Midleton.
Denis P. Hayes, Coolowen, Whitechurch, Blarney.
Michael J. Barry, Tower View, Castlemartyr, Cloyne.
John Dwyer, Rock Lodge, Croacully, Coachford, Co. Cork.
Patrick D. Moore, Coolbawn, Midleton.
Patrick J. O'Gorman, South Main street, Youghal.
David Ross, Tweedmount, Blarney.
Francis St. Aubyn Horgan, Firville, Macroom.
Patrick O'Keefe, 2 New street, Macroom.
William O'Brien, Ballingrane, Shangarry, Midleton.
John Joseph Cooney, "Myrtleville," Crosshaven.
Thomas Ed. Beechinor, Ballinamona, Courtmacsherry.
Thomas Murphy, Skehanna House, Ballinhassig.
Michael Sheehy, Market street, Skibbereen.
Ed. Murnane, Billberry, Midleton.

LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION.

UPKEEP OF BOATS ON FREE STATE COAST.

A conference of the branches of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution in the Irish Free State was held at the Mansion House, Dublin, yesterday, Sir Godfrey Baring, Bart., presiding.

The Chairman said that next year would be the Centenary of the Lifeboat Institution, which was founded in 1824 by Sir William Hilary, who lived in the Isle of Man, and who was responsible for rescuing 300 lives in a small craft, which he constructed with the assistance of a local carpenter. Sir William called a meeting in the City of London, and raised £20,000 from the merchants of the city; and that was how the Lifeboat Institution was started.

Sir Godfrey appealed for the co-operation of all the branches of the Institution in the Free State in raising a larger sum of money towards the upkeep of the twenty boats stationed on the Free State coast, particularly during the centenary year, to commemorate in a practical way the establishment of this great humane service, which, during its hundred years' existence, rescued over 59,000 lives.

It was decided to recommend to branches to arrange anniversary meetings, house-to-house collections, and Lifeboat Days, with, where possible, public processions. It was also recommended that Thanksgiving Services be held in all churches and chapels on a convenient date during the centenary year.

Captain Webb referred to the fact that the amount collected in the Irish Free State had never been sufficient to cover the amount expended for the upkeep of the lifeboats provided for the Irish coasts. This had necessitated a large sum being remitted from London to Ireland to enable the branches to discharge their obligations, but he felt sure that the Irish people, if they were made aware of the facts, would see that at least they would raise enough money to cover the expenditure.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman, on the motion of the Rev. Denham Osborne, seconded by Canon Murphy, P.P., brought the meeting to a close.

FOREIGN MAILS.

POSTING DAYS IN DUBLIN AND BELFAST.

Correspondence should be posted in time for the evening mails to London on the posting days shown below:—

Argentina, Bolivia (South), Chile, Paraguay, and Uruguay:	
By Houlder Line	Oct. 28
By Italian pkt.	Oct. 26
By Dutch pkt.	Oct. 30
By Royal Mail Line	Oct. 31
Ascension and St. Helena: Direct	Nov. 6
Australia: By Commonwealth	Oct. 29
Do.: By P. and O.	Oct. 31
Bahamas: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Bermuda: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Brazil (Rio Santos) By Ital. pkt.	Oct. 26
Do. (all parts): By Du. pkt.	Oct. 30
Do. (all parts): By R.M.L.	Oct. 31
Do. (Bahia): By Lamport	Nov. 1
British Honduras and Turk's Island: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Canada (excl. Mag. Port): Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Canary Islands: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Cape Verde Islands: Direct	Oct. 25
Central America (excl. Panama and Costa Rica), Cuba, and Mexico: Via New York	Oct. 25
Ceylon: Via Suez	Oct. 31
China (all parts) (letters and postcards only): Via Siberia	Oct. 25
Do. (Hong Kong and S. China) (letters and post-cards for Hong Kong and Treaty Ports only): By Holt	Oct. 29
Do. (Shanghai and N. China) (letters and post-cards for Shanghai and Treaty Ports only): By Holt	Oct. 29
Do. (excl. letters and postcards): Via Suez	Oct. 31
Colombia (Pacific Coast), Chile, Panama and Bolivia (North), and Peru: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Do. (excl. letters and post-cards); Via Du. (excl. Pacific Coast): Direct	Oct. 25
Cook and Society Is.: Via Frisco	Nov. 1
Costa Rica: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
Do.: Direct	Nov. 1
Dutch East Indies: By Dutch pkt.	Oct. 27
East Africa (Kenya, Uganda, and Zanzibar): By P. and O.	Oct. 31
Egypt, Cyprus, and Palestine: By French packet	Oct. 26
French Congo and Senegal: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Gambia: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Guiana (Br., Fr., Du.): By French pkt.	Oct. 26
Do.: By Harrison	Nov. 4
India, Aden, Iraq, Persia, and Seychelles: Via Marseilles	Oct. 31
Ivory Coast: By E.D.	Oct. 25
Jamaica: Direct	Oct. 27
Do.: Via N.Y.	Oct. 29
Japan: Via N.Y.	Oct. 26
Madeira: By Union Castle	Oct. 25
Mauritius: Via Durban	Oct. 26
Mesopotamia (Baghdad) and Persia (as far as Bushire): By Air Mail	Oct. 31
New Zealand: By P. and O.	Oct. 31
Philippine Is. (letters and post-cards only): By Holt	Oct. 29
Samoa: Via San Francisco	Nov. 19
Sierra Leone: By E.D.	Oct. 29
S. Africa, Nyasaland, etc.: Direct	Oct. 31
Straits Settlements (letters and postcards for Singapore only): By Holt Line	Oct. 29
Tanganyika: By P. and O.	Oct. 31
United States: By Cunard	Oct. 28
Do. By U.S.L.	Oct. 28
Venezuela: Via N.Y.	Oct. 25
West Coast of Africa (see also Gambia, Ivory Coast, Liberia, Sierra Leone): By E.D.	Oct. 29
West Indies (Trinidad, etc.): By Fr. pkt.	Oct. 26
Do. (Barbados, etc.) By Du. pkt.	Nov. 1

INWARD.

The following mails were received in London yesterday:—West Indies, by ss. Cryseon.

Due on Saturday.—Dutch East Indies, by ss. Prins der Nederlanden. Sierra Leone, Gold Coast, Nigeria, etc., by ss. Bimisa. U.S.A., Canada, Australia, New Zealand, Bermuda, Bahamas, British Honduras, Fiji, Jamaica, Mexico, and Central America, Panama and West Coast of South America and West Indies, by ss. Leviathan. Canada and Newfoundland, by ss. Montcalm.

Monday:—South Africa and Madeira, by ss. Saxon.

Tuesday:—Air Mail from Mesopotamia (Bagh. dad) and Persia as far as Bushire. India, Egypt, Ceylon, Straits Settlements, etc., by ss. Flaxer.

A decree giving effect to the agreement concluded on May 25 between the Italian, British, French, Belgian, and United States Governments concerning the reimbursement of the expenses of the United States Army of Occupation has been approved by the Italian Cabinet.

"The Stores" (Junior Army & Navy) D'Olier St.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT OF

CLOSING DOWN SALE

A CLEARANCE SALE of the ENTIRE STOCKS in all Departments will commence on MONDAY NEXT. No Catalogues will be issued. Every article has been DRASTICALLY REDUCED in PRICE to ensure a RAPID CLEARANCE.

FOR THREE WEEKS

COMMENCING

MONDAY, 29th OCTOBER

TERMINATING

SATURDAY, 17th NOVEMBER

"The Stores" will be closed for business after this date, but our Offices will remain open to deal with accounts and correspondence.

DEPARTMENTS:

GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERY

During the Sale A DISCOUNT OF 2/- IN THE £ will be allowed off all purchases (excepting Sugar) in these Departments.

WINES, ALES AND MINERALS

The remaining stock of WINES offered in small lots at a Liberal Reduction off the usual selling prices.

TOBACCOS, CIGARS, SMOKERS' REQUISITES.

We have a good, clean stock of PIPES, POUCHES, CIGARETTE CASES, CIGARETTE and CIGAR HOLDERS. Now offered at Bargain Prices.

DRUGS AND PERFUMERY

PERFUMES (all by the best makers), TOILET SOAPS, CREAMS & POWDERS, and other Toilet Requisites all considerably reduced in price.

STATIONERY.

WRITING PADS, NOTEPAPER, ENVELOPES, ARTISTS' MATERIALS, WRITING CASES, FOUNTAIN PENS, FANCY GOODS, Etc.

JEWELLERY.

WATCHES and CLOCKS, BAROMETERS, BROOCHES, RINGS, BRACELETS, SILVER and PLATED GOODS, FLASHLIGHTS, BATTERIES, Etc., Etc.

GENT'S HOSIERY, TAILORING & BOOTS

PYJAMAS, SOCKS, COLLARS, TIES, HATS and CAPS, SHIRTS and UNDERWEAR, HANDKERCHIEFS, CARDIGANS, GLOVES, UMBRELLAS, WALKING STICKS, SUITS TO MEASURE, SUIT LENGTHS, OVERCOATS TO MEASURE and READY TO WEAR, CIVIC GUARD and FREE STATE ARMY UNIFORMS TO MEASURE, WALKING BOOTS, SHOOTING BOOTS, FIELD BOOTS, FULL RANGE OF SHOES and SLIPPERS.

DRAPERY. LADIES' BOOTS. HABERDASHERY.

HOUSEHOLD LINEN, HOSIERY, GLOVES, UNDERCLOTHING, DOWN QUILTS, BLANKETS, LADIES' UMBRELLAS, WALKING BOOTS, " SHOES, EVENING SHOES, FULL RANGE OF SLIPPERS, SPATS, GAITERS, Etc. SEWING COTTONS, TAPES and THREADS, BUTTONS, MAIDS' CAPS and APRONS, ELASTICS, BRAIDS, NEEDLES and PINS.

PORTMANTEAUS. FISHING TACKLE. SPORTS GOODS.

TRUNKS, SUIT CASES, DRESSING CASES, HAT BOXES, ATTACHE CASES, FISHING RODS, LINES and FLIES, LANDING NETS, WADERS, GUN-CLEANING SUNDRIES, INDOOR GAMES, OUTDOOR GAMES, DOLLS and TOYS, DECK CHAIRS, THERMOS FLASKS, CAMP EQUIPMENT,

TURNERY. BRUSHES. SADDLERY.

SHOPPING BASKETS, LINEN BASKETS, WICKER CHAIRS, KNIFE CLEANERS, FREEZERS, MANGLES, WRINGERS, HAIR BRUSHES, CLOTHES BRUSHES, SCRUBBING BRUSHES, STABLE BROOMS, HOUSEHOLD BROOMS AND BRUSHES, HARNESS, HORSE RUGS, WHIPS, SPURS, DOG COLLARS, HUNTING CROPS, WASH LEATHERS,

IRONMONGERY, LAMPS, CHINA AND GLASS.

HOUSEHOLD UTENSILS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, RAZORS and BLADES, CUTLERY, GARDEN TOOLS, BIRD CAGES, TABLE LAMPS, READING LAMPS, WALL LAMPS, HANGING LAMPS, HEATING STOVES, COOKING STOVES, GLASS CHIMNEYS, DINNER SETS, TEA SETS, BREAKFAST SETS, TOILET SETS, TUMBLERS, WINE GLASSES, GLASSWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

FURNITURE, PERAMBULATORS

BEDDING, CARPETS, RUGS, Etc., Etc.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS OF THE STORES.

Credit Accounts will be Closed on Saturday, 27th October, after which date all transactions will be for CASH ONLY or PREPAYMENT BY POST, and orders will only be dealt with on these terms. The Cash on Delivery System will be discontinued from the commencement of the Sale.

JUNIOR Army and :: Navy :: STORES

INCORPORATED WITH THE CIVIL SERVICE CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LTD., REGISTERED IN ENGLAND.

D'OLIER ST., Telephone 2961. Wires—"Supplies." DUBLIN

How to build up New Strength and keep good health

Your health is too precious to tamper with. Therefore to build up new strength and *keep* it, you should rely only upon a preparation which has been *proved* by the test of actual experience.

Wincarnis has stood the test of over 30 years as a Tonic, a Restorative, a Blood builder and a Nerve invigorator. It has been proved by the actual experiences of countless thousands who were Weak, Anæmic, Nervous, Depressed or Run-down

It has been proved by the recommendations of over 10,000 Doctors.

Thus you can take Wincarnis with full confidence that it will give you *new* strength, *new* rich, red blood, *new* nerve force and *new* vitality.

Large Size 5/- | *All Wine Merchants and licensed Chemists and Grocers sell it.* | Small Size 3/-

WINCARNIS "The Wine of Life"

Sole Agents: F. A. WYATT & CO., Commercial Buildings DUBLIN.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

THE FREE STATE LOAN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I hope that, if a Free State loan is floated in Ireland, there will be an opportunity for Belfast to participate without the annoyance of double income tax deductions. A separate register might well be established in the Belfast branch of the Bank of Ireland for the registration of subscriptions from the Six Counties. This is really not a trivial matter. The first loan apparently must be an internal one and must be a success. Success will have an extraordinarily powerful moral effect on the nation, and nothing is more needed to-day than to dissipate the sense of gloom, defeat, and futility that is evident among many in Ireland and is making prosperity impossible.

No detail, therefore, should be left unconsidered in arranging for the success of this loan. Ireland has friends with money in the Six Counties, and it would be to her advantage in every way to make the fullest possible use of them.—Yours, etc.,

"OBSERVER."

Belfast, October 23rd, 1923.

FREE STATE EXPENDITURE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As an Irishman who has never taken any part in politics in this country and is utterly disgusted at the happenings of the past few years, may I be permitted to trespass on your valuable space? I note that in one of your recent leading articles you point out that Mr. Cosgrave refused to entertain favourably the proposal that the Government should bear, roughly, two-thirds of a subsidy of £1,500,000, necessary to relieve unemployment, by undertaking on an extensive scale the badly-needed repair of our main roads in the twenty-six county area.

During the last two years I have noted that many thousands of taxpayers' money have been voted and spent as follows:—

(*a*) Membership of the League of Nations, not including attendant expenses of travelling and entertainment of delegates.

(*b*) Pensioning of perfectly competent Law Officers and civil servants, whose only fault has been loyal service to the *régime* under which they were born. The country thereby has to bear the double cost of such allowances, together with the considerably higher rates of emolument granted to their more junior and less experienced successors.

(*c*) Teaching and fostering the Gaelic language and attempting to make it a language suitable for modern requirements.

(*d*) Extra cost of dual printing on all official forms of English and Gaelic and the increased cost of the larger-sized forms to contain such printing.

(*e*) Establishment of a Customs barrier for the imposition of tariff duties, very much against the wish and advice of the majority of the business community.

Anyone can be a destructive critic, and I do not wish to push my plaint to exhaustion. I must, however, submit that it is both illogical and ridiculous to withhold support from such vital necessities as road repair and reduction of unemployment when so much public money has been, and is being, daily squandered in the above impracticable manner. My "grouse" is purely a selfish one. I am taxed heavily for the very doubtful privilege of existing in my native land. I pay up, as it is a civic duty to do so; but I have a right to see that my hard-earned money is not wasted, and I look to the business members to get busy and help me and many other unfortunates of like views.—Yours, etc.,

"EX-GUNNER SUBALTERN."

Dublin, October 24th, 1923.

SMALL SECONDARY SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—It is stated in to-day's *Irish Times* that in the North, "in the preparatory department of a secondary school, where younger children are taught . . . female teachers began at £150." There are in Dublin a number of excellent small secondary schools whose pupils leave at about the age of sixteen. At present these schools receive no State aid, except Intermediate grant for some older scholars. Those not taking the Intermediate get nothing. The pupils are drawn from the less wealthy section of the middle class and the parents cannot afford expensive fees. If they sent their children to national schools, the State would have to pay an adequate salary to the teachers and defray other expenses. Why should private effort be penalised?

I contend that this class of school should receive State aid and that the teachers therein employed should be given a fair salary. Otherwise the schools must close down or employ a totally uneducated teacher at £40 to £60. Many of us believe that the small schools do better work than the large ones, as they can give individual attention and influence character and conduct better. I constantly hear complaints from parents as to poor results obtained in the big classes of our large State-aided schools. An inquiry into the whole subject is needed.—Yours, etc.,

"WOMAN GRADUATE."

Dublin, October 24th, 1923.

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY.

LAW NOTICES—Thursday, Oct. 25, 1923.

COURT OF APPEAL.—To-morrow (Friday), 26th October, at 11 o'clock—The King (Donnelly) v. Military Governor of Mountjoy Prison; Hamilton v. Byrne; Irish Agricultural Wholesale Soc. v. Reamstottom; Kehoe v. Ball; Greenslade and Co., Ltd., v. Ussher.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE.—CHANCERY DIVISION.—Lord Chief Justice of Ireland. Before the Right Hon. the Lord Chief Justice of Ireland, in the Court of Appeal, at 3 o'clock—In the matter of Berry's trusts and the Conveyancing Act, 1911. In Lunacy. Before the Registrar, at 11.30 o'clock—Summons, J. F. Muldermott; do., Lane Joynt; do., O'Connell; statement, E. Deyos; do., Boxwell and Erskine; do., Longfield, Kelly, and Armstrong; do., J. A. Culbert; do., Baker, Ringwood, and Gordon. Before the Examiner, at 11.30 o'clock—Veh. sc., Harris and Greene; do., Meagher; do., Longfield, Kelly, and Armstrong; do., Montgomery and Chester; do., O'Keeffe and Lynch; do., Fry and Son; sureties, P. Glynn. Lord Chief Justice's Chambers. Before the Chief Clerk, at 11.30 o'clock—O'Dwyer, minors; Smith, a minor; Scott, a minor; Mulock, a minor.

ROLLS COURT.—Motions of Course. To-morrow. To be Mentioned (on to-date of hearing). Actions—Walsh v. O'Donnell; Ratigan v. Ratigan; Meates v. Attorney-General. Adjourned Summons—O'Reilly, decd., O'Reilly v. O'Reilly; Sermour, decd., Purcell v. Sermour. Rolls Chambers, at 11.30 o'clock—Gribbin v. Leonard, sam cert.; T. Donnally, decd., Donnelly v. Donnelly, sign cert.; P. Chapman, decd., Charley v. Lewis, sign cert.; Tinnahilly Co-operative Soc., Ltd., v. O'Connell v. O'Brien; M. and S. Geoghegan, decd., Geoghegan v. Geoghegan; S. Cunningham, decd., Clinton v. Cunningham; G. Dillon, decd., Cooney v. Kelly; R. S. Wren, decd., Wren v. Wren; J. Gowan, decd., Kehoe v. Gowan; P. Tierney, decd., Donghan v. Tierney. Before the Assistant Chief Clerk, at 11.30 o'clock—Lemon v. Mark; T. Grace, decd., Grace v. Grace.

CHANCERY JUDGE.—For to-morrow. To be Mentioned—Jordan v. Jordan; M'Donald v. Cox. Before the Chief Clerk—Ni Bhriain v. Mulligan; Co's Acts v. Irish Co-operative Clothing Manufacturing Society; Beatty v. Moran; Rowland v. Hearne.

CONSOLIDATED TAXING OFFICE.—Master Kilbride, at 11 o'clock, Exparte Taxations—Kennedy v. Phelan, Horan and Devine; M'Nally v. M'Nally, P. Marron; Cleary v. Fenlon, J. Foley; Smith v. Fenlon, J. Foley; Phelan v. Neill, J. Foley; re a solicitor and 13 and 15 Vic., Cap. 55, Wm. Smyth and Son, Master Dennine, at 11 o'clock—Cleary v. O'Connell, Fitzmaurice and Co.; Dunne and Co. v. Young, J. A. Kiernan; Kiernan v. M'Cann, Cochrane and Co.; Kiernan v. Sheridan, Sheridan and Kenny; Master Macnamara, at 11 o'clock—Jones, minors (G.S.), O'Flaherty and Son; M'Neill to Nork, M. Nork; Flood to Mooney, G. Y. Maloney; Donelly v. Commander-in-Chief, S. O hUadhaigh; the King (O'Brien) v. Governor Internment Camp, S. O hUndhaigh; Fagan v. Kennedy, P. J. Mulligan; Kennedy to Fagan, J. Fagan; Rutherford to Smyth, Smyth and Son.

LAND JUDGES.—Receiver Office. Mr. Dickinson, Examiner, at 11 o'clock. Applications for Directions—Michael J. Lynch and ors., reentry; Clarke v. O'Rorke, do.; Duckett v. Duckett; Rochfort v. Rochfort, re-entry; Todd v. Conry, do.

KING'S BENCH DIVISION.—In Court No. 3. Crown Side—Exparte Motions. Civil Side—Exparte Motions.

TRIALS BY JURY.—Actions and Appeals Entered for Hearing.—For Monday, 29th October.—City Common—Plant v. MacDonagh and ors. and a counterclaim (money due); Porter v. Porter and anor. (money due); Applestone and anor. v. M'Intyre (goods sold); Kelly v. M'Grath (personal injuries); County Council of Co. Monaghan v. Byrne (money due on bond); same v. M'Bennett (bond); Forde v. Rankin and anor. and a counterclaim (rent); Halton v. Rountree (work done); Murray v. the Minister for Defence and anor. (goods sold); Moore v. Walsh (work done); Mackay v. Delahunty (rent); O'Keeffe v. Power (breach of promise); Hole v. Dobbs (salary); Harrison and anor. v. Fallon (probate); Murray v. M'Keon and anor. (money due). Non-Juries—Dunne v. Kelly (bill of costs); Londonderry and Lough Swilly Ry. Co. v. Laughlin (injunction); Toole v. Collins and a counterclaim (goods sold); the Mason Shipping Co., Ltd., v. Wallace Bros., Ltd. (demurrer); Robertson v. Robertson (divorce); Troops v. Shanahan (goods sold); County Council of County Kilkenny v. Kennedy and ors. (bond). For a day to be fixed—Ouster Appeals—Margt. M'Quillan, trading as John R. Kelly and Co., appit., v. E. E. Lasby; Bride-Brennan v. Edward Curran, appit.; Great Northern Ry. Co., Ireland, v. Patrick Kelly, appit.; Margaret M'Quillan, trading as John R. Kelly and Co., appit., v. Michael Comyn; Catherine Kavanagh, appit., v. Jeremiah Hanley; Anna Milton, appit., v. John Handcock. City Appeals—Rosanna Sheridan v. Chr. Connon, appit.; Jas. J. Walsh v. Wm. Heaarty, appit.; Francis Sikes, Agnes E. Sikes and Mary Sikes, appits., v. D. Purcell (withdrawn); Mary Byrne, appit., v. Victoria Jolly; Henry C. Slingsby v. John P. Philbe, appit.; Samuel H. Judge v. Annie Farrell and William Farrell; C. H. Prenter v. Stephen O'Donahne, appit.; Francis L. Brownrigg, appit., v. Joseph C. Erskine; Hugh Carpenter v. Patrick Lawless, appit.; Elizabeth Halligan, appts., v. Thomas Finnegan; James Redmond, appit., v. Gilbert and James Guinan; Edward A. Coonan, appit., v. L.S.A. Motor Co., Ltd.; Elizabeth Dunne v. John M'Swiney, appit.; Violet Coghlan Keany, appit., v. J. Lightfoot and Son; Mary Rinsella, appit., v. John Hayes; James O'Doyle, appit., v. Jas. J. Dixon, trading as Mackie, Burns and Co.; Jos. Masterson v. Patrick Keany, appit. For Friday, 2nd November.—Non-Jury—Bothwell v. Brennan and a counterclaim (money lent); Pat Moore, for Mrs. Moore, v. City Commissioners; Mrs. O'Brien (possession); Doyle v. Dublin and South-Eastern Ry. Co. (personal injuries).

BANKRUPTCY.—Before the Chief Registrar, at 11—Arrangt. sc. comp., Little and Cullen; do., pr. dts., E. F. Collins; do., sc. comp., Molloy, Fayle and Co.; Kennedy, pr. dts., J. Carty; Little and Cullen; do., pr. dts., do. do.; Doherty, reference, F. J. Allen.

IRISH LAND COMMISSION.—Examiners' Chambers. Before Mr. Shubotham, at 11 o'clock—Pettigrew (R.C. 6564). Before Mr. Sullivan, at 11—Potterton estate, vch. At 12.30—M. P. Summers (E.C. 8531). Before Mr. Frehan v. Jas. Moore (E.C. 1569); Henry T. Daunt (E.C. 7720). At 11.30—John S. Fraser (E.C. 10321).

BEFORE THE RIGHT HON. THE RECORDER, at 11.—Ejectments—Doyle v. Nolan; Redmond v. Rimmons; Corcoran v. Corcoran; Kinsley-Tighe v. O'Sullivan; M'Donnell v. Reilly; Murphy v. Conway; Lennon v. Brou; Bradshaw v. M'Kilroy; Dublin Artisans'

COURSING.

CORK MEETING—YESTERDAY.

Judge—Mr. Davin. Slipper—Mr. Redmond.

PUPPY STAKE (16). Winner, £28; second, £10; two dogs, £5 each.

Mr. Kent's Twisted Answer beat Mr. Kelleher's Mickey Free VIII.

Mr. Hoare's Mesteno beat Mr. Holland's Mill Wheel V.

Mr. Desmond's Frankfield beat Mr. Kent's Spin the Yarn.

Mr. D. Desmond's Ballycurreen beat Mr. Hoare's Gormley.

Mr. Sheehan's Bantry Girl, a bye; Mr. Buckley's Nomination absent.

Mr. O'Mahony's Early Hope beat Mr. Brown's Bright Ashe.

Mr. Twamley's Turkey Trot beat Mr. Sheehan's Volga.

Mr. Connell's Canny beat Mr. Donovan's Darling Mabel.

II.

Twisted Answer beat Mesteno.
Frankfield beat Bantry Girl.
Ballycurreen beat Early Hope.
Canny a bye, Turkey Trot absent.

III.

Twisted Answer beat Frankfield.
Ballycurreen beat Canny.

Mr. E. Kent's r. f. d. Twisted Answer (Woolwinder IV.—Twisted Answer) and Mr. D. Desmond's bd. d. Ballycurreen (Honeyman—Greetings) divided.

BLACKROCK STAKE, 16 all ages. Winner, £28; second, £10; two dogs, £5 each.

Mr. O'Neill's Six-Mile Water beat Mr. Connell's Conal Golban.

Mr. Hoare's Heraklia beat Mr. O'Dea's Merry Miller.

Mr. Dennehy's Political Chief beat Mr. Murphy's Let 'Im See.

Miss O'Reilly's Orkit beat Mr. M'Carthy's Merry Bend.

Mr. O'Donohoe's Voltigur a bye; Mr. Hennerty's Lead 'Im Out absent.

Mr. Fitzgerald's Bromis beat Mr. O'Donnel's Kilcully.

Mr. Quinn's Question beat Mr. Holland's Kitty Pleshy.

Mr. Ring's Easter Sunday beat Mr. Walsh's Wait a While III.

II.

Heraklia a bye; Six-Mile Water absent.
Orkit beat Political Chief.
Bromis beat Voltigur.
Question beat Easter Sunday.

III.

Orkit beat Heraklia.
Question a bye; Bromis drawn.

Miss K. O'Reilly's bd. d. Orkit (Dick the Liar—Leaves of Memory) and Mr. W. J. Quinn's bd. b. Question (Kaiser II.—Soft Talk II.) divided.

BEAUMONT STAKE—16 two-course maidens (confined to Cork City and County). Winner, £22; second, £10; two dogs, £2 10/- each.

Mr. Conway's Four Feathers beat Mr. Connell's Conal Cano.

Mr. O'Sullivan's Glenbrook Again beat Mr. Lucey's Irish Gift.

Mr. Fortune's Glandore Boy beat Mr. O'Keeffe's Kerry Pike.

Mr. M'Kenna's Glensman II. beat Mr. Hassett's Clare's Dragoon.

Mr. O'Sullivan's Wild Rover beat Mr. Finn's Flood Tide.

Mr. Kingston's Ileen's Fancy beat Mr. Buckley's Friendly.

Mr O'Callaghan's Eleanor beat Mr. M'Carthy's Merry Bell.

Mr. Kelleher's Knocklona Lass beat Mr. M'Carthy's Gloundine.

II.

Four Feathers beat Glenbrook Again.
Glandore Boy beat Glensman II.
Ileen's Fancy beat Wild Rover.
Knocklona Lass beat Eleanor.

III.

Glandore Boy, a bye; Four Feathers, drawn.
Ileen's Fancy beat Knocklona Lass.

Mr. J. Fortune's f. d. Glandore Boy (Victorious Ally—Eagerness) and Mr. T. Kingston's f. b. Ileen's Fancy (Victorious Ally—Eagerness) divided.

The season was started by Cork Club with a one-day open fixture at Lakelands yesterday, and though the weather was bitterly cold, and heavy rain fell at intervals, the small company present had every reason to feel satisfied with the excellent trials provided. Hares were somewhat slow in coming to hand in the morning, but later on they were plentiful enough, and three stakes could have been finished were it necessary.

Some quarrs were very slow in bringing their dogs to slips, and the officials adopted the only course open to them. They disqualified a couple of greyhounds for being late, and thereafter there was no cause for complaint in this respect.

In the event for puppies Twisted Answer and Ballycurreen went into the final to divide, but the latter was perhaps lucky to win his initial course, for were it not that Gormley struck into the wire twice in the run-up there is little doubt he would have won, and then probably have gone through the stake.

In the Blackrock Stake Heraklia, Orkit, Question, and Easter Sunday showed good form. Orkit had little difficulty in disposing of those at his end of the card, and though Question was out on his own at the other end, it looked as if her chances were extinguished when she broke loose and got on to a fresh hare to get hard run. She came up fresh, however, disposing of Easter Sunday in the second round. She participated in the division with Orkit without running her accidental bye.

LONGFORD—TO-DAY.

Judge—Mr. M. Walshe. Slipper—W. O'Donohoe.

THE DRAW.

THE LONGFORD CUP—For 16 puppies. Winner, £25; second, £10; third and fourth, £2 10/- each.

Mr. M. Kelly's Galway Boy agst. Mr. M. O'Beirne's The Rascal.

Mr. J. Kearney's Beauty Maa agst. Mr. W. R. Norton's Mig's Teller.

Mr. J. Barry's Garrage agst. Mr. J. Allen's Flying Cawran.

Mr. R. Dunne's Dame Honey agst. Mr. P. McGoorty's Last Hope.

Mr. J. Murtagh's Ree More agst. Mr D. Evans's Fairy Queen XXVII.

Miss M. Cooney's Carolus agst. Mr. J. Toher's Happy Nation.

Mr. B. Regan's Just Light agst. Mr. R. White's Shining Blade.

Mr. P. Cooney's My Chum agst. Mr. J. Corcoran's What's Best.

THE CLONBALT STAKES—For 16 puppies. Winner, £20; second, £8; third and fourth, £2 each.

Mr. J. Jones' Flying Debris agst. Mr. W. J. Flanagan's Flag o' Flame.

Mr. H. Toher's Briskil Boy agst. Mr. J. Corcoran's What's Next.

Mr. J. Masterson's Letterkenny Leader agst. Mr. J. Kearney's Pretty Nellie.

Mr. J. Allen's Kilmore Lad agst. Mr. T. Reilly's Osprey Cailcen.

Mr. J. Keena's Dollar Dictator agst. Mr. J. J. Malvey's Victorious Duke.

Mr. H. Toher's Mary Hill agst. Mr. J. Haupin's Acrobat.

Mr. T. Farrell's Sandeyman agst. Mr. J. Grotham's Clayhrook's Pride.

Mr. J. Toher's Tyrrell's Hill agst. Miss M. Cooney's Cusheen.

THE BALLINALEE CUP—For 16 all-ages. Winner, £30; second, £12; third and fourth, £3 each.

Mr. E. D. McCann's Hello Mike agst. Mr. J. Kelly's Ballymakeegan Rebel.

Mr. P. J. Stafford's Parkrue's Hope agst. Mr. J. Brady's Broken Dick.

Mrs. W. Flood's Heasman II. agst. Mr. P. J. Plunkett's Bunsa.

Mr. O. Burnett's Durman agst. Mr. W. F. Lynch's Little Harmonican.

Mr. M. J. Hurst's Hard to Beat agst. Mr. M. Mullally's Feabhra.

Mr. J. Barry's Dick Fitz agst. Mr. M. Hurst's Humorous Kiss.

Mr. P. J. Fox's Flying Heasman agst. Mr. M. Fay's Blue Billy.

Mr. W. F. Brabazon's Ballymaurice agst. Mr. M. McDonnell's Aurora.

THE MELVIEW STAKES—For 16 all-ages. Winer, £25; second, £10; third and fourth, £2 10/- each.

Mrs. P. Mattimoe's The Cockade Again agst. Mr. E. McHugh's West Awake III.

Mr. J. Masterson's Cartron Little agst. Mr. C. J. Hope's Connaught Boy.

Mr. P. Murray's All White agst. Mr. P. Dunne's Recollections.

Mr. R. White's Foxfort agst. Mr. J. Stephenson's Drumming Boy.

Mr. A. Lang's Ben Bulben agst. Mr. L. Duffy's Lucy Love.

Mr. J. Cox's Northyard Lass agst. Mr. Wm. F. Lynch's Little Melinko.

Mr. J. Smith's Baby Power agst. Mr. M. Boyle's Flying Lizzie.

Mr. J. Glyne's Delvin II. agst. Mr. P. J. Stafford's Scrummager.

HOCKEY.

THREE ROCK ROVERS (4); RAILWAY UNION (1).

Although neither team was at full strength this game yesterday at Park avenue was interesting, and during the second half a series of well-executed forward rushes gave Rovers a commanding lead. Throughout the first half there was very little between the teams, and the score of 1 all at the interval very fairly represents the run of the game.

In the second half Rovers' forwards over-ran the defence for a spell, and goals in quick succession by Mahony, Egar, and Wingman made the result fairly secure. Railway improved towards the finish, and should have scored twice, but failed when close in, and the final whistle found the score unaltered. Teams:—

Railway Union—L. Ryan; K. Blacker, K. Downes; W. Webb, W. Chiddick (capt.), J. Peatt; H. Browne, C. Sully, F. Kelly, V. Sully, P. Gilleapie.

Three Rock Rovers—C. Blair-White; G. K. Pilkington, H. Corbett; W. Campbell, J. K. Maconchy, H. Davidson; D. Turpin, J. Mahony, M. Egar, N. Wingman, C. Buttanshaw.

IRISH HOCKEY UNION.

The annual general meeting will be held in Mills Hall, 8 Merrion row, at 7.15 on to-morrow.

Maids of the Mountain H.C.—There will be a general practice at 3.30 p.m. at Foxrock to-day.

Monkstown 2nd H.C.—Monkstown 2nd v. Maids of the Mountain 2nd B, at Park avenue, 4.15 p.m. Midle League A. Practice 3.30 p.m.

MAGISTRATE'S DECISION REVERSED.

The Recorder of Dublin yesterday reversed on appeal the decision of Mr. Cooper, K.C., in giving a decree against the Liverpool Victoria Friendly Society for £24 4s. in favour of Andrew Kavanagh, the money being the amount of an insurance policy on the life of Kavanagh's father.

Drige Co. v. Brock-Smith; Irvine v. Felton; Norton v. O'Gorman; Bradshaw v. M'Kilroy; Donnelly v. Fedgar; Doyle v. Byrne; Fidler v. M'Tiebe; Connor v. Quigley; Atkinson v. Hickson; Kirkpatrick v. Reilly; Holmpatrick v. Echlin; Carroll v. Marks; Donohoe v. Gleeson; Miles v. Perkins; Coyne v. Ward; Harrington v. Gunn; Webb v. Payne; Galbraith v. O'Loghlin; Calins v. King; Dublin and District Coop. Society v. Pilgeon; Waldron v. Kelly; Whyte v. O'Neill; Crump v. O'Donnell.

DAIL EIREANN COURTS (WINDING UP) COMMISSION.—Before the Judicial Commissioners.—In Court No. 1 (Dail Courts Commission Buildings), Dublin Castle, at 11.—Fee Herring—Duggan v. Molcner; Barry v. O'Neill. In Court No. 3.—Before the Assistant Commissioner, at 11—M'Henry v. Dublin Corporation. Friday, 26th October—Collins v. Collins; Clarke v. Cuddy. Monday, 29th October—Feehan v. Ginlahe. Tuesday, 30th October—Hosse v. O'Leary. Appeal Against Registration of Decree—Ryan v. Hensley and ors. Thursday, 1st November—M'Arthur v. Fahy.

RUGBY.

INTER-UNIVERSITY MATCH.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY (8) V. UNIVERSITY COLLEGE (8).

The first meeting of the season between Trinity and University College took place in the College Park yesterday before a fair-sized crowd. The ground was in good condition, but a strong breeze blew from the Grafton street end. A keen, and for the most part, forward struggle ended in a drawn game of a goal and a try each.

The visitors had the benefit of the breeze in the first half, and the opening exchanges were fairly level. It was early apparent that the University College side meant to make the game a forward one, and their keen dribbling and resolute tackling nonplussed the Trinity backs, who got little of the ball. From a scrum near the line McGowan opened the scoring for the visitors by slipping over for a smart try, which E. Davy converted. Cussen tried to cut through several times for Trinity, but got held up. Trinity pressed towards the interval, but the defence was sound. Just on half-time Trinity were awarded a free in a good position, but Winters charged Nunn's kick down, and at half-time University College led by 5 points to nil.

Contrary to expectations, University College played up even more resolutely in the second period against the wind than they did with it. Their forwards were all over Trinity. The pace livened up, and after Bingham had put his side invading, Steele raced away, and though pulled down by O'Sullivan, he scored near the left corner. The kick was too difficult for Nunns. University College backs, after two nice passing bouts, threw away certain tries by losing the ball on the line. Courtney dribbled away, and from a scramble Donovan darted over for a try at the right, which Davy failed to improve on. Cussen had several bursts for the line, but he was too well marked. Still it looked like a victory for the visitors, when in the last half-minute Steele scored at the left, and Thompson, converting from the touch line, made the match a draw.

It was a very keen contest, of which University College had the better, and it was hard lines on them to be baulked of victory at the last moment. O'Sullivan, at back for the visitors, kicked and tackled in capital style. Silke and Russell were the best of a smart three-quarter line, in which O'Donovan also did well. McGowan and E. Davy were a resolute pair of halves, and Courtney, Winters, Spain, and Cullen were the pick of an excellent pack of triers.

Bingham, at back for Trinity, kicked very well, but his handling was at fault in the second half. Cussen was always dangerous, but got no scope, as he was too well looked after. Steele, on the other wing, made the most of his chances, but Sugden and Millin were moderate. Loubser worked the scrums cleverly, and Nunns tried hard. Of the forwards Crichton, Stuart, Thompson and Dowse were best. Result:—

Dublin University—1 goal 1 try (8 points).
University College—1 goal 1 try (8 points).

Dublin University—R. W. Bingham; D. Cussen, T. J. Millin, M. Sugden, J. F. Steele; C. Nunns, J. Loubser; O. Chance, R. Y. Crichton, R. A. Dowse, J. du Toit, J. M. Shepherd, I. M. Stuart, J. K. S. Thompson, H. Wallace.

University College—J. O'Sullivan; J. Silke, J. O'Donovan, G. P. S. Hogan, F. Russell; P. McGowan, E. Davy; M. Brosnan, Dr. A. D. Courtney, J. J. Cullen, M. Picott, J. Liddy, P. A. Smith, A. Spain, J. N. Winters.

Referee—Mr. J. J. Rowland.

BECTIVE RANGERS (23) V. PALMERSTON (3).

Bective gained an easy victory over Palmerston yesterday at Milltown, by 5 goals (2 dropped) (23 points) to 1 try (3 points). The home side were weakly represented, but the Rangers had quite a good XV. out. The winners were much the better combination, and save for an occasional burst by the Palmerston front rank, play was all the time in the home half. Bective opened the scoring soon after the start with a dropped goal by Atkins. This was followed by a try from R. J. Collopy after a good opening by Blake. This score was converted by Atkins, and shortly afterwards Gilson dropped a clever goal. Then just before the interval Clarke capped some good work by scoring for Atkins to goal.

The second period was of a more even nature. Bective opened with a strong attack, but were kept out, and with play at centre, Smith picked up, and, eluding the opposition, registered a try for Palmerston, which S. Kirwan made a good but futile effort to convert. Bective then attacked, and following a dash by Atkins and a smart run by J. Egan, Stanley raced over for a try, to which Atkins again added the extra points.

Though the quality of the play was not of a high class order, it was an interesting game, played at a good pace throughout. The Bective pack were the heavier lot and proved too much of a match for the light Palmerston eight, who nevertheless played up quite pluckily. The winners also had the pull behind the scrimmage, and their backs had some good bouts of passing. Pedlow, Atkins, Gibson, Clarke, Roddy (backs), and R. J. Collopy, Wade, Blake and Flood (forwards), were the outstanding players on the Bective side. For Palmerston, none worked harder than V. Kirwan, Jolley, Smith, Armstrong, Stephen, S. Kirwan, Owens, Hazlett and Van der Kiste. Result:—

Bective Rangers—5 goals (2 dropped) (23 points).
Palmerston—1 try (3 points).

The teams were:—

Palmerston — V. Kirwan; O. Kirwan, Reeves, Jolly, Smith; Stephen, Armstrong; S. Kirwan, Owens, Hill, Hazlett, Van der Kiste, Lochtle, Kean, Whittaker.

Bective Rangers — Pedlow; J. Egan, Atkins, Bibson, Stanley; Clarke, Roddy; R. J. Collopy, Fagan, Wade, McWilliams, McMorrough, L. Egan, Flood, Blake.

Referee—Mr. R. A. Aston.

DUBLIN UNIVERSITY F.C.

Training for the 1st and 2nd XV.'s to-day at 3.30 sharp. All members of these teams must be at the pavilion at that hour.

NORTHERN BRANCH MEETING.

The Senior Committee of the Irish Rugby Football Union (Northern Branch) was held on Tuesday evening, Mr. A. J. Strain (President) in the chair. Also present:—Dr. Emerson, Dr. J. R. Wheeler, Messrs. A. Barr, A. Tedford, G. V. Stephenson, T. M. Heron, S. S. Munn, W. A. B. Douglas, A. Gillespie, E. W. Harland, G. C. M'Cree (hon. secretary), S. Johnston (hon. treasurer), and A. E. Greer (secretary).

The following were selected as the "Ulster Five" to represent the branch at the annual Council meeting in Dublin next month:—Dr. Emerson, Dr. Boyd Campbell, Messrs. F. J Strain, A. J. Strain, and T. M. Heron.

Messrs. A. Tedford and A. R. Foster were appointed as Ulster representatives on the Irish Selection Committee.

OLD WESLEY v. GARRYOWEN.

This match will be played on Saturday next at Donnybrook, and, being the first visit of this well-known Munster club to Dublin since 1909, when they beat both Trinity and Old Wesley, the game should prove full of interest.

CLONTARF F.C.

Playing members are requested to attend scrum practice, etc., in pavilion to-night at 8 o'clock.

SCHOOL MATCHES.

	Points.		Points.
Morgan's School 1st..	47	St. Stephen's Green School 1st	0
Morgan's School 1st..	19	Belvedere Coll. 2nd...	0
Morgan's School (under 13)	7	Belvedere Coll. (under 13)	0
St. Andrew's Coll...	16	Wesley Coll.	0
Cath. Univ. School..	42	King's Hospital	0

Blackrock College F.C.—The annual general meeting will be held in the Dolphin Hotel on Friday next at 8 p.m. All members and intending members are requested to attend.

GOLF.

MIXED FOURSOMES AT WORPLESDON.

Miss Wethered and Cyril Tolley and Mrs. Alan Macbeth and Bernard Darwin will to-day engage in the 36 holes final of the mixed foursomes tournament at Worplesdon.

Both couples have had remarkably easy passages to the final. Miss Wethered and Tolley have averaged nearly seven holes up on each match so far, and Mrs. Macbeth and Darwin nearly six holes up.

Yesterday Miss Wethered and Tolley, who have been favourites since the start, had two more easy matches. In the fourth round they beat Miss Cox (holder of the Welsh ladies' championship) and her brother, D. R. Cox, by 6 and 4; and in the afternoon they overcame Col. G. D. Hannay, the holder of the French open amateur championship, and Miss Gow by 7 and 6. In every match in the tournament the opponents of Miss Wethered and Tolley have collapsed, but no one has collapsed so utterly as did Col. Hannay yesterday. After reaching the turn with his side five holes down he could not hit a shot, and the end came with his foozling in a banker at the twelfth.

Bernard Darwin and Mrs. Macbeth have played sound golf right through, and have won almost all of their matches in par golf. Their win of yesterday afternoon over Miss Helme and Major Hezlet was a decisive one of 5 and 3. In all probability the most striking result of the fourth round was that which involved the defeat of Miss Doris Chambers, the British lady champion, and Alan Macbeth, who were beaten by Miss Joan Gow and Col. Hannay after perfect golf had been played for ten holes. Then the match was square, but Col. Hannay and his partner won the twelfth and thirteenth, gave up the fifteenth, and, finishing strongly, won by 3 and 2.

PROFESSIONAL MATCHES AT CAVERSHAM.

James Ockenden (Raynes Park), Rowland Jones (Wimbledon Park), Alex. Herd (Moor Park), and A. J. Miles (Merton Park), engaged in a programme on the Caversham and South Oxford course yesterday. In a foursome in the earlier part of the day the first-named couple won by 5 and 4, after being three up at the turn, having an approximate 69 for eighteen holes, against 73. Subsequently Jones and Ockenden beat the other couple by 1 up, in a four ball match, after being square at the ninth. The better ball of the winners for eighteen holes was 67, and that of the losers one more.

DUBLIN PRESS G.S.—Entries for the Barton Cup at Woodbrook on Saturday close definitely with the Secretary this evening.

GREYSTONES.—Ladies' medal, won by Mrs. Owen (4), 87. 2nd November—Men's medal, ——

THE IRISH ELECTRICAL AND ALLIED TRADES G.A.—Members of the Association intending to be present at the Dublin United Golfing Society's Association dinner on November 10th, are reminded that their applications must be forwarded to the Assistant Hon. Secretary on or before Saturday, 27th inst.

DUN LAOGHAIRE.—Ladies' Branch—Result of Lady McGrath's Prize—Mrs. Stewart, 1st; Mrs. Gaynor, 2nd. To-day—Mrs. G. H. Bailey's Prize, strokes; Booby Prize for worst score returned in the 1st and 2nd class. Draws at 10.30 and 11 a.m., and 2 p.m. and 2.30 p.m.

GREENORE.—Final of monthly bogey.—J. I. Lockington (15), all square; Vincent Carroll (scr.), J. W. Callan (3), E. Evans (12), Walter Carroll (plus 2) tied for second prize with 3 down. The "play off" resulted in another tie with 2 down. Final of monthly medal.—J. Lockington (16), ——

SUTTON.—The following will play off tie on 74:—W. J. Rossiter (21), 77.

HOWTH.—Saturday next, Club Cup—Seventh qualifying round.

Saturday, 27th, for second prize in semi-open foursomes played on Saturday, 13th inst.—J. Boyd and W. Scott, R. Donnelly and W. Kelly, H. Hughes and — Davis.

J. W. ELVERY AND CO., LTD., GOLF SPECIALISTS.

GOLF CLUBS by Leading Makers. CADDIES, BALLS, SHOES, Etc., All Accessories.

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HOWTH IMPROVEMENTS.

EFFORTS OF RATEPAYERS' ASSOCIATION.

The half-yearly meeting of the Howth Urban District Ratepayers' Association was held at the St. Lawrence Hotel, Howth, last night, Dr. C. Conry presiding.

The report dealt with the efforts of the Association towards providing amusements, shelters, and a public park. It was stated that the Urban Council could not devote money to such purposes until a public park was in being, and it was suggested that the only course open was to provide a park by public subscription, and hand it over to the Council to be maintained out of the rates.

The report was adopted.

The Secretary said that the Association was there for the benefit of the ratepayers of the whole township. The Executive Committee were doing their best, but it was up to the members of the Association to help them along. They had done everything possible for the improvement of the township, including an efficient water supply and electric light.

On the motion of Mr. J. Caulfield, seconded by Mr. J. Butterley, a resolution that the Association was worthy of support was passed.

SWIMMING.

SCHOOLS' TESTS.

POLO AT TARA STREET BATHS.

There was a fairly good attendance at Tara street Baths last night, when Dublin S.C. held a 50 yards scratch race for the Findlater Cup. A further series of schools' proficiency tests and an exhibition water polo match were also held by the Leinster Branch. Details:—

SCHOOLS' CERTIFICATES.

First Class—P. J. Lavery (Belvedere College). Second Class—P. Plunkett, M. Steer, M. O'Mahony, and J. Barry (Belvedere College).

Beginners—P. M'Dowell, F. Guy, E. Keegan, T. Malone, L. M'Quillan, W. Purcell, and W. Moran (Belvedere College). These results bring the total number of certificates gained by members of the Belvedere College S.C. Club to 48 for the season.

50 Yards (Scratch).—Findlater Cup (Members of Dublin Swimming Club)—N. M. Purcell, 1st; M. A. O'Connor, 2nd; H. M. Dockrell, 3rd. Time—29 2-5 secs.

CLONTARF (SELECTED) v. DUBLIN (SELECTED).

These teams, captained by S. Barrett and N. M. Purcell, gave an

Spring Summer Autumn Winter

Once more we face the change of season.

There's a keen chilliness in the mornings and the shortening days are stealing the health-giving, outdoor, evening hours.

. . . with the coming of Autumn, those everyday little Ills are fraught with *greater* risk and, more than ever, it is wise to keep a tin of Andrews handy.

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IN THE

Weekly Irish Times

TO-DAY.

BELFAST READERS.

The Irish Times is due to arrive in Belfast at 9.5 a.m. each day. If your copy is not delivered within a reasonable time please communicate with our Local Office, 108 Royal Avenue, Belfast, 179.

RAIDERS IN BARRACK.

CIVIC GUARD SERGEANT WOUNDED.

The Civic Guards Barrack at Tournafulla, West Limerick, was attacked by five armed men on Tuesday night. They forced the door and called on the Guards to surrender. One of the raiders fired point blank at Sergeant McCague, the bullet breaking the bone of his arm. He was removed for treatment to Limerick yesterday.

The raiders seized the bicycles belonging to the Guards and left. A party of Civic Guards from Newcastle West, accompanied by soldiers, scoured the country during the night, and at an early hour yesterday morning Superintendent Farrell arrested three men in a farmhouse.

Four of the Guards and a sergeant were in the barrack at the time of the attack.

PUBLIC-HOUSES ROBBED.

KERRYMEN WITH REVOLVERS.

At Tralee yesterday evening, before District Justice Johnson, Cornelius O'Neill was returned for trial to the next Court of competent jurisdiction, charged with robbery under arms at Beaufort on 29th September. The indictment was that the accused, while armed with a loaded revolver, carried off about £5 in money, together with cigarettes, tobacco, boot polish, boot laces, and a quantity of porter from Patrick Galvin's public-house.

The accused, after hearing the evidence, said that he was a soldier of the Republican Army and denied the right of a civil court to try him.

Guard Scully, of Beaufort, told the Court that, in consequence of a complaint that he had received, he visited Galvin's public-house, knocked at the door, and was admitted by the accused, who covered him with a revolver. The Guard pushed him away. A shot went off and struck the ground near him. The Guard with two of his companions, having no arms, left and communicated with the military at Killarney.

Three men, the leader of whom had a revolver, entered the public-house of Miss Hurley at Brennerville, near Tralee, on Tuesday night. The man with the revolver locked Miss Hurley into a room, while his companions looted the shop, taking off whiskey, wine, tobacco, and cigarettes. The Civic Guards are investigating the robbery.

RAIDS IN COUNTY CAVAN.

A THREAT TO SHOOT.

Mr. C. J. Beatty, District Justice, held a Special Court at Ballinamore, Carrick-on-Shannon, when John Reilly, Cornagree, Doograw, Co. Cavan, was charged with participating in an armed raid on the business premises of P. J. Brady, Longfield, Killeshandra, and with threatening to shoot Mrs. Brady. He was also charged with raiding Newtowngore Post Office on the 3rd April last, and causing malicious damage and stealing stamps and money to the value of £5.

After formal evidence was taken, the defendant was remanded in custody to the next District Court to be held at Ballinamore.

RAID FOR MONEY.

AGED WOMAN DRAGGED FROM BED.

At the Monaghan District Court, before Mr. M. J. Hannan, District Justice, Patrick Connolly and Peter Connolly, both of Knockatallon district, were charged with robbery with violence at the house of Mrs. Margaret McArdle, Drumloo, on July 22nd last, and also with being in possession of firearms. Supt. J. Murphy prosecuted, and Mr. M. G. R. Lardner defended.

The Superintendent of the Civic Guard confirmed his deposition as to statements made by the accused. They stated that Joe Connolly had made them drunk with poteen, and induced them to take part in the raid, for which they blackened their faces.

Mrs. Margaret McArdle said that at two o'clock in the morning three men came to her door and threatened to burst it in if it was not opened. She was ill in bed, and told a little girl to open the door. The men burst in and came to the bedroom. They first asked her if she had any poteen, and she said that she had not. They searched a press, but found no money. They took two Scotch bank notes from a case belonging to her niece. They also took 19s. or £1 from a handbag belonging to her niece, and £2 from a trunk belonging to the witness. They also took half a pint of whiskey. The tallest of the three had something in his hand like a revolver. After they had searched the bedroom and the kitchen they pulled her out of bed. They threw the bedclothes on the floor and ripped open the bed tick. There was nothing in it. They made a further search, and tossed everything about. They pointed the revolver at her, and asked her to tell where her sister's coin was, and she told them it was in the Post Office.

Mr. Lardner appealed to have the men admitted to bail. They were only 18 years of age, and had been led astray by an older mind.

The District Justice returned them for trial to the next competent court, admitting them to bail of £100 each with two sureties of £50 each.

CIVIC GUARD BARRACK RAIDED.

The Monivea, Co. Galway, Civic Guard Barrack was raided on Monday night, and property of the guards, value for over £100, was taken. Six men carrying revolvers entered the barrack and seized civilian clothing, money and bicycles belonging to the guards. The raiders told the guards that they should be ashamed of the uniform that they wore. The tunics were torn off two of the guards. Another body of armed men remained outside the barrack, and whiskey and tobacco were taken from two shops near it.

GOVERNMENT POSITIONS FOR FEMALES.

A competitive examination will be held on 4th December next for forty established posts as office assistants in Government departments, which will be offered to females between the ages of 16 and 18 years. Full particulars can be obtained from Runaidhe, Room 68, College of Science, Dublin.

DUBLIN SHIPPING REPORT.

Wind and Weather—W.S.W. wind; fresh breeze; passing light showers of rain.

Coastwise Arrivals—S. J. Hedley, ss. Dunleith, from Liverpool, with goods; ss. St. Enoch, from Glasgow, with candles; s. Young Dan (motor), from Arklow, with sand; ss. Clareisland, ss. Clarecastle, from Liverpool, with empties; ss. Straide, from Larne, with cement; ss. Cameo, ss. Glencona, ss. Ivy Town, ss. Briarfield, ss. St. Mirren, ss. St. Mungo, ss. Mary Sunzerfield, from Garston, with coals; ss. St. Modan, from Glasgow, with coals; ss. E. Hayward, from Liverpool, with coals; ss. Prase, ss. Nugget, from Ayr, with coals.

Foreign Departure—Ss. Glenfinlas, of Glasgow, 2,014 tons register, Captain Nelson, for Liverpool, with part cargo (deals).

Coastwise Departures—Ss. Peggy Grieve, for Liverpool, with goods; ss. Clareisland, for Liverpool, with porter; ss. Glen Mary, ss. Ashton, ss. Kilmarnock, for Liverpool, light; ss. Stainburn, for Whitehaven, light; ss. Miriam Thomas, for Ellesmerport, light; ss. Mango, for Garston, light; ss. Walnut, for Newport, light; ss. St. Roch, for Barry Roads, light; ss. M. J. Hedley, for Liverpool, light.

Mr. Bonar Law yesterday was stated to be better.

WHAT TO TAKE FOR INDIGESTION.

Nothing equals harmless, honest old Bisurated Magnesia as a remedy for digestive and stomach troubles. Pain after eating, "full feeling," nausea, sickness and lack of appetite are all signs that harmful acid is attacking the organs of digestion, fermenting the food and starting a train of serious troubles. A single dose of Bisurated Magnesia will neutralise all traces of acidity instantly, and will put your appetite and spirits to rights. Enjoy what you eat! Let your meals do you good; try Bisurated Magnesia *once* and you will have the very thing you've been looking for—an honest, inexpensive, *REAL* remedy for disordered stomachs.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

A horse and cart crossing the River Crouch, near Southend (Essex), yesterday was carried away by the tide and the occupants, two men, were drowned.

Mr. Jesse Long, head of the firm of J. Long, Ltd., Kitchurch, Hants, jam manufacturers, died at Bournemouth on Tuesday night as the result of being run over by a taxicab on Friday evening.

The Northumberland ascertainment of miners' wages for November and December shows a rate of 138 per cent. above the 1879 basis. Prospects in the Northumberland coalfield for the winter are reported good.

The trial commenced and was adjourned at Worcester Assizes yesterday of the three Dudley brothers, Owen, Charles and Joseph Marsh, on several charges of fraud and forgery. The prosecution alleged that, while acting as directors of the Buffery Colliery Company, the brothers conspired to invent transactions of purchases, thus putting hundreds of pounds into their pockets and defrauding the shareholders of the company.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—The Prince of Wales enjoyed some interesting cub-hunting sport with the Belvoir Hounds yesterday, three gallops being obtained returning to Craven Lodge, Melton Mowbray. His Royal Highness returned in the afternoon to London and left for Edinburgh last night.

INTERESTING APPEAL.—Judgment was reserved in the King's Bench, London, yesterday in an appeal concerning the liability of a hotel proprietor for entertainment tax for having let windows for the purpose of viewing a trades' procession. The Preston magistrates had held that there was no liability.

RECOMMENDED FOR DEPORTATION.—At the Old Bailey, London, yesterday, Morris Ross, 27, described as formerly in business as a cloth and general merchant in Eastcheap, London, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for fraud. The prisoner, who was born in Persia and came to England in 1912, was also recommended for deportation.

THEFTS OF PRECIOUS STONES.—Steven Ronchi, 44, a dealer in precious stones, was sentenced to 4½ years' penal servitude at the Old Bailey, London, yesterday, for thefts of pearls and diamonds to the total value of £152,000. Much of the stolen property had been recovered and restored to the owners, who were a well-known London firm and a Brussels merchant.

CROY COLLIERY EXPLOSION.—At Dumbarton yesterday an inquiry was opened into the colliery explosion at Croy on July 28, in which eight bricklayers lost their lives. It was stated by a survivor that the men carried naked lights, and there was no warning of the explosion, except one slight report. He believed that an accumulation of gas behind a cross wall was the cause of the disaster.

BOILERMAKERS' DISPUTE.—The boilermakers' conference at York yesterday decided to submit proposals for a settlement of the shipyard dispute to a special Mediation Committee of the Trades Union Congress. The nature of the proposals was not disclosed. It is expected that the Trades Union Congress Committee will be the medium for conveying the proposals to the employers and re-opening negotiations with the boilermakers.

THE COTTON INDUSTRY.—The second meeting of the joint conference of employers and employed in the cotton industry was held at Manchester yesterday, and extended over several hours. The official report issued at the close stated that they had thoroughly explored the conditions prevailing in the industry, and would seek an interview with the Prime Minister to lay before him the proposals which had engaged their attention.

LABOUR PARTY AND UNEMPLOYMENT.—A Labour meeting, addressed by Mr. Robert Smillie, M.P., at Glasgow last night, ended abruptly after a disorderly scene, caused by an extremist section. Mr. Smillie declared that unemployment was the Government's problem, but their proposals were inadequate. The Labour Party would go to Parliament and demand that something be done immediately, and, if necessary, they would work double shifts next session.

LICENSED VICTUALLERS' TAXES.—The Licensed Victuallers' Defence League, at their half-yearly meeting at Weston-super-Mare yesterday, passed resolutions urging the Government to reduce the present tax on beer, on the ground that the fall in workers' wages had reduced the purchasing power, and also to reduce the licence duty and the spirit duty so as to permit of a substantial reduction in the prices charged to customers. Another resolution urged legislation in regard to bogus clubs.

DISTRICT PROBATE REGISTERIES.—In their report, issued last night, the Lord Chancellor's Committee on the Reorganisation of the District Probate Registeries recommend that of the 40 registeries the following 11 should be abolished:—Wakefield, Lichfield, Worcester, Bury St. Edmunds, Winchester, Chichester, Blandford, Wells, Taunton, Llandaff, and St. Asaph. Nine others, it is suggested, should be reduced to sub-registries. New registries are proposed for Leeds, Sheffield, Southampton, and Cardiff.

GREATEST IRRIGATION SCHEME.—A Reuter's Bombay telegram states that Sir George Lloyd, Governor of Bombay, yesterday inaugurated the world's greatest irrigation scheme, when he laid the foundation of what is to be known as the Lloyd Barrage at Sukkur. In his speech the Governor said that the barrage would provide for the cultivation of an area equal to that of any five of the larger English counties, and that of the three great canals that would carry off on the right bank the waters of the Indus, two would be wider than the Suez Canal, while the Rohn Canal on the left bank would be nearly half as broad again as the Suez Canal.

ST. THOMAS'S BAZAAR.

COMING FETE IN AID OF DUBLIN PARISH.

A bazaar and sale of work in aid of St. Thomas's Church and Day Schools will commence in the Metropolitan Hall, Lower Abbey street, on 1st November, and close on the 3rd of the same month. The object of the promoters is to raise funds to enable them to complete the furnishing of St. Thomas's Parochial Hall as a temporary church, to clear off the debt on St. Thomas's day schools in Rutland square, and to carry out necessary repairs to St. Barnabas's Vestry room and day schools.

It will be remembered that the parish church was completely destroyed by fire in July of last year after a service of 164 years in the religious life of the city. With commendable promptitude, the Select Vestry proceeded to equip the Parochial Hall for Divine Service. As so many Protestants suffered loss, the response to the appeal for assistance was insufficient, and as every fund was thrown into arrears, the accumulated deficit became a heavy burden.

As no compensation has been paid in respect of the destruction, the outlook in regard to the church is uncertain. It was thought that the promotion of a bazaar would afford many willing and anxious outside workers the opportunity of rendering the necessary assistance, and towards this end a bazaar and sale of work were organised.

Several parishes are assisting, and numerous competitions, concerts, and side-shows have been arranged. The attractions provided for patrons are so many and varied that there is no reason why the *fete* should not be well supported by the general public.

CLOSING DOWN SALE.

After forty years the Junior Army and Navy Stores, D'Olier street, Dublin, is closing its doors next month. The Stores, which is a branch of the Civil Service Co-Operative Society, Haymarket, London, lost a good deal of support with the departure of the British forces. Its final decision to cease business was influenced, we understand, by the labour troubles at the port.

This last straw has removed from the business life of Dublin, and of Ireland, a retail establishment which was an institution. Its passing will be regretted by many, in whose families to deal with the "Army and Navy" had become a tradition. The decision will mean unemployment for a staff of 130, many with long service, all of whom were loyal to the company during the political troubles in Ireland.

There is still a long lease of the premises in D'Olier street, which are on the selling list of leading estate agents. For the next three weeks the entire stock, all of superior quality, will be sold at clearing figures.

In a by-election in Lennox, Ontario, Mr. Hambly, a Conservative, was elected to the Ontario Legislature. The last member was a Liberal. Four Liberals were elected to fill vacancies in the Quebec Legislature. This makes no change in the balance of parties.

TRADE DISPUTES

DUBLIN BUSINESS MEN ALARMED.

JUDICIARY BILL.

INCOME TAX AND IRISH EXPORTS.

References to the general industrial situation, the price of petrol, the question of double taxation, Post Office administration and other matters affecting the interests of the commercial community were made by Mr. James Shanks, the President of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, at an ordinary general meeting of that body yesterday.

At the outset the President referred to the death of "an old and respected colleague," Mr. William Wallace. On behalf of the Chamber, the Council had communicated to the relatives of the late Mr. Marcus Goodbody an expression of sympathy, and he was sure that it was the desire of members that a similar expression should be forwarded to the relatives of Mr. Wallace.

At the general meeting in May last, the President continued, all necessary steps had been completed for the formation of the Association of Chambers of Commerce of the Irish Free State, but owing to delay in Government Departments the certificate of incorporation was not received until the end of August. Arrangements were made immediately afterwards for a meeting of the Executive Council of the Association, and it took place on the 9th inst. Honorary officers were appointed, and important questions were dealt with. Monthly meetings would be held in future, and, as the results of co-operation between the Chambers developed, they would, he believed, justify very fully the existence of the body. Only four Chambers had yet joined, but they were the most important, and efforts would be made to attract the smaller Chambers throughout the State. Mr. John Good, who represented the Dublin Chamber for some years on the Association of British Chambers, had been appointed first President. (Applause.)

PETROL PRICES.

"The price of petrol," continued the President, "has become an important consideration for the commercial community. The use of commercial motors is extending rapidly, and ordinary motor cars are being utilised more and more for business purposes. Reductions in price of petrol have taken place recently, but on this side of the Channel there is still the grievance of a higher price than that charged in England. Your Council has made several representations to the supply companies on the subject, and will follow them up. The motor trade is naturally active also, and the Council will do what is possible to help it.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC.

"During the war, for reasons of economy and other reasons, the hours for receiving goods at the railway yards were greatly curtailed. Some time ago the hours were increased, but 5 p.m. has been for a considerable time, and is still, the latest hour, as compared with 6 p.m. pre-war. This curtailment adds very considerably to the cost of transport in the city by reducing the quantity of merchandise which can be handed daily. Your Council made strong representations to the railway managers on the subject, and had reason to expect compliance with its views, but it was found later on that while the Great Northern Railway Company were ready to make a concession of an extra half-hour, the other companies were not. The former company is always more disposed than the others to assist merchants in the effort to obtain relief from the heavy additions to transport costs which originated in war conditions. Further attention will be directed to this matter.

"The mid-day boat from Kingstown to Holyhead of pre-war days was a great boon to the travelling public, and the restoration of the service would relieve materially the harassing delays and inconveniences which have prevailed too long at both ports.

A FISCAL POLICY.

"A Fiscal Enquiry Committee was officially appointed some months ago to take evidence and present a report to the Government as a guide in framing legislation to settle a fiscal policy. The Committee consists of seven Professors of Economics, and it has made interim recommendations of minor importance. When exception was taken in the Dail to the composition of the Committee and the absence of an experienced business element, the responsible Minister stated, as reported, that it was not desirable to place interested persons in a position which they might use to their own advantage, and, moreover, that it was necessary to have an intelligent tribunal. That being the Government point of view, and after some direct enquiry, your Council felt that a comprehensive policy was not likely to mature as a result of the procedure adopted, and it has not taken part in it.

DOUBLE TAXATION.

"Double taxation has been a burning question for months past, and, apart from the confusion attending it, has caused serious hardship to tax-payers. One of our committees has devoted a great amount of attention to it, and, as a result, was able to place certain suggestions before the Revenue Commissioners in the course of a lengthened interview three weeks ago, which, if adopted, would have removed some of the worst causes of complaint. In the course of that interview there was a full exposure of the complications arising from different rates of income tax in the two countries and different bases of assessment, and also from the nature of the returns which must be supplied to the British Government when repayment claims are made; but the deputation had to be content with the information that until experience of the actual working of the present system reveals its defects more clearly, no change may be hoped for, and then only by agreement between the two Governments, of which there seems to be no immediate prospect.

THE POST OFFICE.

"Post Office administration has been criticised severely, and with justice for many months past, but it is only fair to recognise that recently there has been a steady, if slow, improvement in the delivery of letters and in the telephone service. There is still too much occasion for complaint, but while there is evidence of increasing supervision and control, we may hope for complete efficiency in the near future. The telegraph service is defective and unreliable, and not a good word can be said for the parcels post as at present worked. The reckless mishandling of parcels by the Customs officials attached to the department is inexcusable, and should not be allowed to continue. (Hear, hear.) No doubt, the much greater bulk of the parcels traffic passing through the Post Office while ordinary transport is suspended involves some strain on the staff, but it should not exceed the resources of the Controllers to provide a remedy.

BUSINESS MEN IN THE DAIL.

"As most of you will be aware, a number of members of the Chamber, acting under the auspices of the Council, formed themselves into a Business Men's Committee in July last with the object of securing some share of business representation in the Dail. The movement, carried through with energy at considerable cost, had a certain degree of success. Two strongly representative candidates out of five put forward secured election. They will be able to render valuable service to the commercial community and take a prominent part in general legislation.

THE INDUSTRIAL POSITION.

"There is profound misgiving in business circles throughout the Free State regarding the industrial situation. Sectional strikes have occurred frequently in the past, and will, no doubt, occur again without serious detriment to trade as a whole. These do not cause grave apprehension, such as now exists. The right to strike and the right to lock out cannot be challenged in this country. The Trade Disputes Act arms the workers with powers which they can use with dire effect, while keeping within the law, but these are insignificant in their operation when compared with the powers which are being usurped in violation of the law and of the individual rights of the community. Government intervention in trade disputes is not welcomed, but the obligation resting upon all Governments to maintain law and order, protection for the lawabiding, and freedom to pursue without hindrance the ordinary occupations of life, admits of no parley or compromise with law-breakers. Without full assurance of that protection and freedom, hope of stability and progress will not long survive. It has not yet been given. The proof that they will be upheld unfalteringly is anxiously awaited.

"The high cost of living adds to the distractions of the time. It is noticeable that the Labour leaders have not been prominent as advocates of relief from the evil of 'profiteering.' Unfortunately, it is also noticeable that employers as a body have shown equal indifference, and that, so far, a valuable opportunity has not been utilised of sweetening the atmosphere, now so bitter, by making common cause with Labour in the removal of this scandalous abuse.

THE JUDICIARY BILL.

"A bill for establishing a new Judiciary is far advanced in the Dail, and will, no doubt, emerge from Committee with few alterations in its original provisions. It will, when it becomes law, abolish the entire judicial system now in existence, substituting a Supreme Court, a High Court, a Court of Criminal Appeal, Circuit Courts and District Courts. Mercantile men are chiefly concerned about the Circuit Courts, which will have a jurisdiction so wide as to attract the bulk of the legal business of the country. These Courts will be competent to deal with debts and contracts up to a limit of £300, and either a plaintiff or defendant may claim to have a case tried by a jury of twelve; a verdict by a majority of nine will stand. In the present County Court a jury of six may be empanelled, but only in rare cases has this occurred. It is feared in business quarters that juries may be susceptible to local influence, and that the volume of cases coming before these Courts may be so great as to render quick procedure impossible. There will be the right of appeal to the higher Court. Litigants will not, as has been supposed, be debarred from initiating proceedings in the High Court. The rules of procedure, which will be formulated by the rule-making authority, will be as important, if not more important, than the clauses of the bill itself in their bearing on the efficiency of the new system, and it will not be possible to form a definite opinion of its value to the community until the rules are available for examination.

"It appears that one of the reasons for this complete revolution in the judiciary system is that the administration of law may have popular support, as it has never yet had, in this country. In obedience to sentiment, all traces of the British system must be obliterated; even the judges and barristers must have new costumes, to be designed by our Ministers, who, it may be hoped, will prove to be accomplished sartorial artists. They have been abroad a good deal of late, and must have derived much experience of colour combinations in dress and decoration. With new uniforms for postmen, new paint for postal vans and pillars, and green envelopes for telegrams replacing brown, we are putting a new face on everything. We are told on authority that blue is the true heraldic colour of Ireland, but if it must be green, could we not have more agreeable shades of that colour? Mr. Parnell, who was, it is admitted, a genuine Irishman, had a horror of green, but we must make the best of it; but if its adoption will help to make the Government really popular in the Emerald Isle, it will be acclaimed universally. (Applause.)

MR. JOHN GOOD.

Mr. John Good, D.L., M.P., who was called upon by the President to address the meeting, took the opportunity to thank those of the Business Men's Committee, on behalf of the defeated, as well as the successful candidates at the recent election, for the magnificent work that they had done on behalf of those candidates, and to thank specially Mr. Child, who was indefatigable in their interests.

On the subject of the establishment of an Association of Chambers of Commerce in the Free State, Mr. Good said that he was afraid that in the past they had not recognised in Southern Ireland the importance of the work of Chambers of Commerce. Possibly, the reason for that was that the laws governing commerce in the past and the departments which carried them out were all on the other side. Now that that work was to be done on this side, he hoped that they would have a better enthusiasm in the work of Chambers of Commerce in the future than they had had in the past. If they were as much alive to their interests as they ought to be, they should have, in proportion to their population, a membership of at least 2,000, instead of seven or eight hundred. (Applause.)

As an instance of what could be done, he referred to the trading terms extended to firms in Northern Ireland, which were preferential to those given to the Free State, and said that, as a result of the representations of the Chamber, in the course of a few days firms in the Free State would be brought into line with, and would enjoy all the privileges given to, the Northern firms prior to these arrangements.

INCOME TAX.

He thought that the question of income tax was of primary importance. There should be no difference between the income tax of this country and of Great Britain. The prosperity of the Free State was dependent upon the agricultural interests of the country, and anything that affected the prosperity of agriculture affected all other industries in the Free State. Agriculture, as those engaged in it knew, was largely dependent for its prosperity on exports, and possibly some were not aware that 93 per cent. of their exports went to Great Britain. The export trade amounted to £204,000,000 in 1920, and of that large volume of trade a very large percentage consisted of agricultural produce.

That export trade was carried on against severe competition on the other side, so that if additional burdens were placed on agricultural produce on this side it would be reflected on the volume of their export trade, and that would reflect again on the prosperity of the Free State. As the farmer carried 75 per cent. of the burden of taxation, it was obvious that any increase in taxation on this side was a very serious burden on the farmer in carrying on his trade in competition with those on the other side. Forty-three per cent. of the cattle consumed in Great Britain came from Ireland, and Ireland consumed only 25 per cent. of the cattle which she produced. These facts should bring home to commercial men the importance of exports to the Free State.

DOUBLE INCOME TAX.

He thought that they would agree with him when he said that there was no question which was causing more widespread dissatisfaction in the Free State at the moment than the burning question of double income tax, and those who were responsible for the government of the Free State would be well advised to take every step in their power to try to remove the dissatisfaction on that particular subject. They were more closely connected with Great Britain than any of the Dominions, and naturally a great deal of capital in Ireland was vested in Great Britain. The question was, perhaps, somewhat more difficult of solution in Ireland than in the other Dominions, but something ought to be done to do away with the irritation. A Royal Commission that inquired into this question of double income tax some time ago reported that relief should be given before payment of the tax, and that adjustment should be made in the country where the taxpayer resides. He hoped that these recommendations would be considered by their Revenue authorities.

There did not seem to him to be any insuperable difficulty for the Free State to take up, on behalf of Irish investors, adjustment of the tax and charge those investors only the difference between the two. At the moment he could not see why that could not be carried out, and any power he had in the new Dail would be put to having that method carried through, if it possibly could. (Applause.)

Mr. William Field said that he was sorry that the President had not made some reference to railway grouping. He would direct attention to the fact that they had been promised a grouping of railways, and, if his information was correct, it meant that there would be but one group for the entire South of Ireland. The question of double income tax was important for those who had double tax to pay; but to those of them who had not, the question of railway rates was more important.

Sir John Irwin, drawing attention to the Council's efforts to secure an extension of hours at railway goods yards, said that it was only fair to the Great Southern, the Midland, and the Dublin and South-Eastern Railway Companies to say that they were quite agreeable to put back the hour of opening (for receiving merchandise) from 8 o'clock to 9.30 a.m., and to extend the hour of closing to 5.30 p.m., instead of 5 p.m., as at present. They pointed out, however, that they should first ascertain from customers forwarding perishable goods if that arrangement would inconvenience them. One firm, notably, objected strongly to any extension of hours and protested against any interference with the present arrangement. Apparently the interests of one or, at the outside, two firms were responsible for preventing any extension of hours. One firm had told the Council that the result of the present arrangement was a loss to them of one load of merchandise a day, or six or seven in the week. That was because of the early closing hour.

The matter was not further discussed, and the meeting dissolved.

REDUCTION IN PRICE

NOW 4/6 PER FLAGON (Equal to a bottle and a half).

"A mine of health in every Flagon."

GILBEY'S RUBICON AUSTRALIAN BURGUNDY

The finest production of Australian Vineyards.

Shipped direct, bottled and guaranteed by

W. & A. Gilbey Ltd.

Nerves of Steel

He never makes a false move at his job, because he never makes a false move in his home life. Ask him how it is that he works with nerves of steel, and he'll tell you that he looks after himself. Vi-Cocoa is his drink, because it helps to keep him fit in body and mind. It builds up his muscles, and lays the foundations of his magnificent health. Everyone who works with hands or brain should test its unique health-giving value.

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GOODS DELIVERED FREE TO ANY PORT WITH DIRECT STEAMER COMMUNICATION IN IRELAND.

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FOSTER CLARK'S

MARVELS in COOKERY

Can be obtained by using Foster Clark's Soups to improve hashes, stews, steak and kidney puddings, hot pot, shepherd's pie, etc. While a complete soup in themselves they are a wonderful addition to the stock pot. *No Monotony — There are 12 Kinds.*

ENOUGH FOR 4 PEOPLE 2½D SOUPS

R. M. S. P. CRUISES TO THE MEDITERRANEAN

CRUISE A—Leaving Southampton Jan. 12. Returning to Southampton Feb. 7

CRUISE B—Leaving Southampton Feb. 16. Returning to Southampton Mar. 5

FOR FULL PARTICULARS APPLY

THE ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET CO.,

Atlantic House, Moorgate, E.C. 2., America House, Cockspur St., S.W. 1, London.

DUBLIN: BRITISH & IRISH STEAM PACKET CO., Ltd. 16 WESTMORELAND STREET. HEWETT'S TRAVEL AGENCY, 15 D'OLIER STREET. THOS. COOK & SONS, 118 GRAFTON STREET.

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
THE ROYAL CARL ROSA OPERA CO.
AT 7.30 TALES OF HOFFMANN.
William Boland, Appleton Moore, Frederick Clendon, Gladys Parr, Maude Neilson, Olive Gilbert, Eveline Birks, and Hope Laurin.
To-morrow (Friday)—"AIDA."
Hughes Macklin, Booth-Hitchen, Gilding Clarke, Frederick Clendon, Gladys Parr, and Eva Turner.
Sat. Matinee—Tannhauser. Sat. Eve.—Marriana.
Mon.—Madam Butterfly. Tues.—Il Trovatore. Wed.—Bubbles and Pagliacci. Thurs.—Faust. Friday—The Meistersingers. Saturday Matinee—Tales of Hoffmann. Saturday Evening—Samson and Delilah.
FULL BAND, CHORUS AND BALLET.

OLYMPIA THEATRE.
(LATE EMPIRE).
8.45.....TWICE NIGHTLY.....9 o'c.
THE LATEST COMEDY REVUE,
"FANCY FAYRE,"
Including the Popular Comedian, TOM DREW, THE ALHAMBRA DANCING GIRLS, And HANABY and CELIENE.
The World's Greatest Roller Skaters.
Box Office, 11-4. 'Phone 3308.

ABBEY THEATRE.
TO-NIGHT AND FOLLOWING NIGHTS, AT 8.15. MATINEE SATURDAY, 2.30.
THE HOUR GLASS
By W. B. YEATS.
THE COURTING OF MARY DOYLE.
By EDWARD McNULTY.
Booking at Theatre. 'Phone 3268

QUEEN'S THEATRE.
TWICE NIGHTLY, 6.45 and 8.45. Tel. 3016.
"ARRAH-NA-POGUE,"
OR "THE WICKLOW WEDDING."

THE CARLTON.
NOW SHOWING
"RICH MEN'S WIVES."
One of the Season's outstanding attractions.
SIGNOR A. SIMONETTI will play the following Violin Solos:—Romanza (Simonetti), Caprice Viennois (Kreisler).

BOHEMIAN PICTURE THEATRE, PHIBSBORO' ROAD.
TO-DAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,
"JUST AROUND THE CORNER,"
Featuring an ALL-STAR CAST.
By FANNY HURST.
A COSMOPOLITAN PRODUCTION.

PRINCESS, RATHMINES.
"JOHN CHILCOTE, M.P."
Katherine Thurston's Famous Novel.
Starring America's Foremost Actor,
GUY BATES POST.
Who has Played the Stage Part over six consecutive years.

THE SACKVILLE PICTURE HOUSE.
MIRIAM COOPER, in "KINDRED OF THE DUST."
From the novel by Peter B. Kyne.
Also CHARLIE CHAPLIN.

METROPOLE CINEMA, O'CONNELL STREET.
3—10.30.
RICHARD BARTHELMESS, IN
"THE SEVENTH DAY."
A Drama of the New England Coast, poignant with heart interest.

METROPOLE RESTAURANT.
Open Daily, 11 a.m.—9.30 p.m. Luncheons, Dinners, and Afternoon Teas served. High-class Cuisine. Orchestral Music. Dances and all Functions arranged. Apply Manager ('Phone 3279).
THE
GRAFTON PICTURE HOUSE.
TO-DAY ..... 12—10.30 P.M.
JACKIE COOGAN in "TROUBLE."
JACKIE COOGAN in "TROUBLE."
HIS LATEST AND GREATEST.
Showers of Laughs and a Sprinkle of Tears.
Also "WATCH YOUR STEP" (No. 3).

CORINTHIAN.
D. W. GRIFFITH'S MASTERPIECE,
"INTOLERANCE."
See 125,000 Men and Women—4,000 Dancing Girls at the Feast of Belshazzar—1,700 Horses and Chariots in the Sensational Chariot Races—the Walls of Babylon 500 feet high.
IT IS A STORY OF TO-DAY AS WELL AS YESTERDAY.
THE STORY OF YOU AND ME.
Featuring
LILIAN GISH, CONSTANCE TALMADGE, MILDRED HARRIS, MAE MARSH, MIRIAM COOPER, ELMO LINCOLN, and ERIC STROHEIM.
NOTE, TIMES.
2, 4.50, AND 7.40.

STELLA, RATHMINES.
FOR THREE DAYS ONLY.
RUDOLPH VALENTINO
IN
"BLOOD AND SAND."
Also the Film of the Sensational Fight for the World's Championship.
DEMPSEY v. FIRPO.

THE DUN LAOGHAIRE PICTURE HOUSE.
"LORNA DOONE."
From the famous novel by Blackmore.
Special engagement of J. J. Mooney, Baritone.

ST. THOMAS'S PARISH.
A
BAZAAR AND SALE OF WORK
Will (D.V.) be held in
THE METROPOLITAN HALL
(Lower Abbey street),
On THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, 1st, 2nd and 3rd NOVEMBER, 1923.
COMPETITIONS, SIDE SHOWS, HALF-HOUR CONCERTS.
ADMISSION SIXPENCE.

OBJECTS:
To complete the Furnishing of St. Thomas's Parochial Hall as a temporary Church, necessitated by the total destruction by fire of the Parish Church on 5th July, 1922.
To clear off the debt on St. Thomas's Day Schools.
To carry out necessary repairs to St. Barnabas' Vestry Room and Day Schools.

Donations, or Gifts of Articles suitable for Sale, will be welcomed by any Stallholder, or by the Hon. Sec. and Treas.,
Mr. RICHARD DUGGAN,
Lyndhurst, Holyrood Park, Ballsbridge.

MISS KATHLEEN MANDERS
Will, by request, hold a (CERT.)
COURSE OF DANCING CLASSES FOR ADULTS
(Ballroom Dancing Only),
In the CLYDAGH HOTEL, GREYSTONES,
On THURSDAY EVENINGS, at 8.15,
TO COMMENCE NOVEMBER 1st.
Full particulars on application to
14 WARRINGTON PLACE, DUBLIN; or CLYDAGH HOTEL, GREYSTONES.

PUBLIC NOTICES.
ELECTION FOR DUBLIN SOUTH CITY.
POLLING—TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 25th OCTOBER, 1923.
Mr. HUGH KENNEDY'S Committee Rooms for the Royal Exchange Ward are now at
No. 13 ST. ANDREW STREET,
No. 13 WHITEFRIAR STREET,
And
For the SOUTH CITY WARD, at
No. 11 ST. ANDREW STREET.
And
18 LOWER EXCHANGE STREET.

DUBLIN UNITED CAMPAIGN.
METROPOLITAN HALL,
CONDUCTED BY CAPTAIN
GIPSY PAT SMITH.
FINAL MEETINGS OF CAMPAIGN
TO-DAY (THURSDAY),
2.30 p.m. and 7.30 p.m.
The Gipsy will tell his life-story, entitled
"FROM GIPSY TENT TO GOSPEL PLATFORM."
EVERYBODY WELCOME. BE EARLY.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

The following is the order of Advertisements in to-day's *Irish Times*:—

Births, Marriages, and Deaths.	First Page.	
Shipping.	Third Page.	
Sales.	Furniture.	
Legal Notices.	Music, Pianos, etc.	
Education.	Courses, etc.	
Horses.	Sixth Page.	
Lost and Found.	Amusements.	
Specific Articles for Sale and Wanted.	Public Notices; Contracts.	
Second Page.	Twelfth Page.	
Cycles and Motor Cars.	Auctions.	
Situations Vacant and Wanted.	Houses and Lands.	
Motor Yachts.	Government Notices.	
Schools.	Dogs for Sale & Wanted	
Garden.	Stabling to Let and Wanted.	
Poultry, Eggs, Dairy, etc.	Business Premises.	
Dogs for Sale & Wanted	Houses to Let and Wanted.	
Miscellaneous.	Apartments.	
	Seaside and Country.	

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

THEATRE ROYAL
6.45 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
ARTHUR PRINCE
AND "JIM."
SCOTT SANDERS, RUPERT INGALEBE, THE TWO FISHERS, JACK AND EMILY, FRANCES KINDER.
STERNDALE BENNETT.

TIVOLI (6.45 and 9. Tel. 4125.) THEATRE
THE BOHEMIAN TRIO,
In an Artistic Musical Offering.
Molly McCarthy, Will and Power, Tom Fagan, Radley and Rawlings, Stewart and Ray.
THE NAPIERS.

PAVILION, DUN LAOGHAIRE.
2.30 TO 10.15. 3 DAYS ONLY.
RUDOLPH VALENTINO,
AGNES AYRES, AND ALL-STAR CAST, IN
"THE SHEIK."
At 4 o'clock, 6.25, and 8.35. Preceded by THE LEATHER PUSHERS (New Series).
A Wonderful, Exclusive Two-Reel Record of "THE JAPANESE EARTHQUAKE" Etc.
Coming:—"ORPHANS OF THE STORM."

LA SCALA THEATRE.
NEXT WEEK. — NEXT WEEK.
TWICE DAILY, 3 O'CLOCK and 8 O'CLOCK.
"ENEMIES OF WOMEN,"
By VICENTE BLASCO IBANEZ,
Author of "The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse."
SOME FACTS:
3 months at the Empire, Leicester square, London.
Ran for 9 months at the Four Horsemen.
German U Boat Films and French Official Pictures have been used for Background of War.
"Is Better Entertainment than the Four Horsemen."—Daily Graphic.
"The Picture that never bores."—Daily Herald.
WE HAVE SEEN THIS FILM,
AND
WE GUARANTEE YOU EXCELLENT ENTERTAINMENT.
BOOK YOUR SEATS NOW.
Box Office, } 10 o'clock until 6 o'clock Daily.
La Scala, }

IRISH DOOR OF HOPE
SALE OF WORK
In
MISSION BUILDINGS, TOWNSEND STREET,
2—6 and 7—9.30, TO-DAY,
To Provide for the Needs of Homeless Children.
Useful Articles for Sale. Refreshments.
COME AND HELP US.

SS. PHILIP AND JAMES' CHURCH
BOOTERSTOWN—ORGAN RECITAL, TUESDAY NEXT, 30th OCTOBER, at 8 p.m. Organist—Mr. F. C. SWANTON. Vocalists—Mrs. GILLESPIE, Dr. BECKETT and Mr. MADDISON.

WEST & SON,
GRAFTON HOUSE,
102 & 103 GRAFTON STREET,
DUBLIN.
INVITE INSPECTION OF THEIR STOCK OF
IRISH-MANUFACTURED
SOLID SILVER GOODS—THE LARGEST SELECTION IN THE COUNTRY.
CHALLENGE CUPS, MEDALS, ETC., ETC.
ALL MADE IN DUBLIN.

J. W. ELVERY & CO., LTD.
FOOTBALL, HOCKEY, GOLF, BADMINTON, &c.
BOXING GLOVES AND PUNCH BALLS.
GYMNASTIC OUTFITS.
GIRL GUIDE AND BOY SCOUT OUTFITS.
CROSS-COUNTRY RUNNING SHOES, &c.
ELEPHANT HOUSE,
45 & 46 LR. O'CONNELL ST., 76 MID. ABBEY ST., 54 NASSAU ST., 65 DAWSON ST. } DUBLIN.
ALSO AT CORK AND LONDON.

CONTRACTS.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY (IRELAND).
CONTRACTS FOR GENERAL STORES.

The DIRECTORS are prepared to receive TENDERS for SUPPLIES of the undermentioned STORES, for Six Months from 1st January, 1924:—

No. of Form.	
2	Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Mats, and Sponges
3	Bolts and Nuts, Studs, Pins, Rivets, and Washers .....
4	Boxes, Farm and Market Produce .....
5	Brass and Copper Sheets, Tubes and Wire, Block Tin, Zinc, and Patent Metal .....
6	Buckets, Oil Cans, Zinc Sheets, Galvanized Iron Sheets, Emery, etc. .....
7	Buffers and Axle Guards for Wagons, Wagon Hinges, Barrow Frames, Screw Couplings, etc. .....
8	Canvas and Tarpaulin Wagon Covers .....
9	Castings (Ordinary Iron), Firebars, Forgings, Crucibles, Cylinders, and Buffer Stops .....
10	Cement, Plaster of Paris, Slates, Glazed Ware Pipes, Fire Bricks, Tiles, etc. .....
11	Chain .....
12	Colours, etc. (ground in oil and dry) and Wall Paper, etc. .....
13	Drysalteries .....
14	Electrical Fittings, Lamps, etc. .....
15	Electric Cable and Wire .....
16	Explosives, Fog Signals, and Carbide of Calcium for Acetylene Gas Lighting .....
17	Fittings (Brass) for Gas and Water, Gas Burners, Gunmetal Steam Unions, Rain Water Pipes, etc. .....
18	Gas Mantles .....
19	Glass, Lamp Chimneys and Globes .....
20	Hammer, etc., Handles Barrows, Oak Keys, Hinges (Wrought Iron and Brass), Locks and Bawns and Seats, etc. .....
21	Keys, Hardware (Iron and Brass), Locks and Indiarubber Goods, Loco. Packing, Asbestos, Jointing, etc. .....
22	Iron Plates, Bars, Angles, Tees, and Forgings (Best Staffordshire and Yorkshire) .....
23	Lamps (Oil), Brass Carriage Fittings, Oiler Pads, and Signal Lamps .....
24	Lead (ground in oil and dry), Sheet, etc. .....
25	Leather and Leather Goods, and Balata Belting .....
26	Nails .....
27	Oilskin Suits .....
28	Oils (Burning, Lubricating, etc.) .....
29	Plates, Mild Steel, Steel Forgings, Fishplate Linens, Cast Steel, Steel, Engine and Tender Wheel Centres, Roof Bars, and Mild Steel Bars, Angles, Tees, and Channels .....
30	Rope Twine, Flax, and Hemp Gaskin .....
31	Screws (Iron and Brass), Split Pins, etc. .....
32	Signalling Materials .....
33	Springs for Engines, Carriages, Wagons, etc. .....
34	Tin Plates .....
35	Timber, St. John's Spruce Plank, Logs, Planks, Boards, Mouldings, Sheetings, etc. .....
36	Transfers (Carriage, etc.) .....
37	Tools (Edged), Saws, Files, Tool Steel, Carriage Keys, Hammers, Shovels, Spades, etc. .....
38	Tubes and Fittings (Iron), Wire, Wire Work, Panel Pins, Staples, and Prism Rodding .....
39	Tubes (Steel—Galvanised) and Drawn Welded (Steel—Galvanised) Cold Drawn Welded for Boilers .....
40	Upholstery for Carriages, Curled Hair, Blinds, Rugs, Linoleums, Tapes, and Soft Goods .....
41	Varnishes, Enamel, Black Lacquer, and Sheet Protective Composition .....
42	Waste (Cotton), Wick, Sponge Cloths, etc. .....
43	Making Uniform Clothing, Caps, Overalls, Collars and Ties, for a period of one year from 1st January, 1924 .....
44	Tenders must be for the supply of Goods in accordance with the samples which may be seen at the General Stores Depot, Dominick street, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. on each week-day, except Saturdays.
45	Tenders, made out on Forms obtainable from the SECRETARY on payment of One Shilling each (Stamps not accepted), should be sent in under sealed cover endorsed "Tender for Stores," so as to reach the undersigned not later than 10 a.m. on 12th November, 1923.
46	The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
47	J. B. STEPHENS, Secretary.

Amiens street Station.
Dublin, 22nd October, 1923.

DROICHEAD NUA (NEWBRIDGE) TOWNSHIP.

TO CONTRACTORS.

The Commissioners of the above-mentioned Township invite Tenders from competent Contractors for the Erection of Six Houses, and Other Works, in accordance with Plans and Specification, which may be seen at the Office of the Architect, Mr. Francis Bergin, B.A.I., 36 Westmoreland street, Dublin.
The successful Contractor will be required to enter into a Bond for the due fulfilment of the Contract.
Sealed Tenders, addressed to the Presiding Chairman, Droichead Nua Town Commissioners, must be delivered at my Office on or before 12 noon on Saturday, the 10th day of November, 1923.
Trade Union Labour must be employed.
The Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.
JOHN KELLY,
Town Hall, Droichead Nua, Co. Kildare. Town Clerk.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY has for Disposal at its Station at Valentia Island, County Kerry, Ireland, for which it is prepared to accept Tenders, certain Furniture, consisting of:—
45 Wardrobes, 47 Dressing Tables, 31 Washstands in Oak Double and Single; 30 Hospital Bedsteads, 43 Mattresses, mostly Hair, and other Household Furniture.
Any persons desiring to Tender can make a full inspection on applying to the Station Superintendent at Valentia, as aforesaid, on any date up to the 31st October.
Tenders should be sent in sealed envelopes marked "Tenders for Furniture, Valentia" to the Secretary, Western Union House, 26 Great Winchester street, London, E.C. 2, on or before 10th November.

The Irish Times.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1923.

NEWS SUMMARY.

IRELAND.

Speaking in Belfast yesterday, the Right Hon. Reginald McKenna advocated the "intelligent control of credit" with a view to the expansion of internal trade and the cure of unemployment. He held that the British Government should abandon its policy of deflation and yet set its face against inflation.—(Page 7.)

The President of the Dublin Chamber of Commerce, speaking of the industrial situation in the Free State, at a meeting of the Chamber yesterday, said that the Trade Disputes Act had armed the worker with powers which could be used with dire effect while keeping within the law, but these were insignificant in their operation when compared with the powers which are being usurped in violation of the law and of the individual rights of the community.—(Page 5.)

Although the dockers' strike is declared to be over, the men did not return to work yesterday in Dublin. Some days may elapse before the regular sailings begin. In Cork, Waterford, and other ports in the Free State all the dockers have gone back to work.—(Page 7.)

ABROAD

The Rhineland Republic is reported to be collapsing.—(Page 7.)

There was further fighting in Hamburg yesterday, and the Government forces have now gained the upper hand.—(Page 7.)

SPORTING.

At the Curragh yesterday Minniement won the Irish Cesarewitch, and Vesington Star the National Produce Stakes.—(Page 10.)

At Newbury Peter Rush won the Newbury Autumn Handicap.—(Page 10.)

Finance and Trade.

Mr. Reginald McKenna's speech at Belfast yesterday constitutes an admirable essay in financial philosophy. Men approach finance from different points of view, and many sound business men will find some difficulty in subscribing to all Mr. McKenna's arguments. Nevertheless, his attitude is as interesting as it is logical and his speech is a very valuable contribution to financial thought. Like General Smuts, whose great speech in London on Tuesday has excited world-wide interest, Mr. McKenna traces much of Europe's financial trouble to the occupation of the Ruhr. Before the war Britain was responsible for about 14 *per cent.* of the world's export trade. To-day her quota is, roughly, 17 *per cent.*; yet, in actual volume and value, Britain's export trade has fallen in the interval by no less than 25 *per cent.* It appears, therefore, that the virtual disappearance of Germany and the complete disappearance of Russia from the world markets are not a profitable thing for the other nations. There can be no real revival of export trade for Britain or for anybody else until these two great peoples are set on their feet again. Even in the most favourable circumstances, if there were no M. Poincaré or no "die-hards" in any camp, the process of restoration would occupy many years. As matters stand to-day, it cannot be completed in a generation, and the sudden collapse of Germany may postpone it for a century.

So far as the British or Irish business man is concerned, nothing can be expected from the European markets. Mr. McKenna makes this point quite clear. In the development of the Dominion markets he sees great possibilities, but here again the question of time arises. Inter-Imperial trade cannot be expanded in a few months. The home markets, according to Mr. McKenna, offer the only feasible solution to the problem. In the autumn of 1921, he points out, there were almost five millions of unemployed in the United States. Eighteen months afterwards the American Government announced that the country was suffering from a shortage of labour. Mr. McKenna attributes the absorption of America's unemployment to the fact that by abandoning its policy of deflation the Government of the United States had increased purchasing power within its frontiers and had given a great stimulus to internal trade. He suggests that Britain should try the same experiment. After the war both Britain and the United States adopted a deliberate policy of currency deflation, but it was stopped by the latter in 1921. Bank deposits in the United States have risen by 16 *per cent.* since that time, whereas in Britain they have fallen by 10 *per cent.* Mr. McKenna argues from these facts that the British Government ought to remove its present restrictions on bank credits, allow the public's purchasing power to increase in a normal manner and, by the natural creation of a new demand for goods and services, provide work for the unemployed, who again would create a fresh demand by the spending of their wages.

Mr. McKenna's proposal is attractive, but has its dangers. In the first place, the abandonment of deflation would mean the *coup de grâce* to the gold standard. In the second place, there would be a very grave danger that the abandonment of deflation might result in a revival of its opposite and that the Government might be tempted to swell the currency to such an extent that the old "vicious circle" of prices and wages might be set in motion again. That is the real objection to Mr. McKenna's scheme. The present policy of the British Government certainly has increased unemployment, but it is a safe policy and it has improved the foreign credit of the country beyond all measure. Mr. McKenna, of course, disclaims all advocacy of a policy of inflation which he very properly regards as a great evil; but a *via media* in such matters is extremely difficult to follow, and the sudden fall in the value of sterling in New York which followed the imprudent speech of Sir Montague Barlow at Nottingham constitutes a warning in which no Government could afford to neglect. Another period of inflation assuredly would result in a great "boom" in British trade, but it might ruin all chance of Britain's ultimate recovery of her lost position as leader of the world's trade. The utmost caution, therefore, should be observed by the Government. It is far better to be safe than sorry, and we are convinced that Mr. McKenna would be the first man to condemn ill-considered or hasty action.

First Offenders.

The annual meeting of the Magistrates' Association was held this week in London and was addressed by the Lord Chief Justice of England. The speeches and resolutions dealt largely with the problem of the first offender. There was common agreement among the assembled magistrates—men of wide experience in the administration of the law—that, in the case of casual offenders, imprisonment ought to be the last resort of injured justice. Lord Hewart quoted the *dictum* of a well-known lawyer that prison "may act as a deterrent to others, but it never reforms the prisoner." Of course there are some offences which demand the sternest punishment, and the persistent criminal must be locked up in the interests of public safety; but, as a general rule, the law ought to be very slow in bringing any man for the first time under the shadow of the gaol. This principle has been recognised, with excellent results, by the passing of the First Offenders' Act and similar legislation. Sir Robert Wallace, Chairman of the County of London Sessions, has stated that half the probationary cases in the whole of England come before his court, and that of every hundred persons who were put on probation fewer than five had returned to a criminal life. Sir Robert was speaking of first offenders of all ages; but, as the *Daily Telegraph* says truly, every consideration that urges clemency for adults of this class applies with redoubled force to young offenders of both sexes. There is always hope of reform for youthful sinners even when their childhood has been passed in the worst surroundings. The Magistrates' Association adopted several resolutions on this subject. One states the view that "in every court the services, or part of the services, of at least one whole-time probation officer should be available." Another asks that conferences on the use of the probation system shall be held between representatives of the Home Office and magistrates in different parts of the country. The problem of the youthful offender has been urgent in Ireland for a long time, and during the last two or three years it has acquired a special urgency in the Free State. Children have followed, with lamentable ease, the bad example of too many of their elders and the bonds of parental responsibility have been relaxed. The sad results are manifest every day in the Dublin police courts and in district courts throughout the country, where young boys and girls are convicted of all sorts of offences against the rights of property and the public welfare. Here, as in England, there is a growing feeling that such victims of circumstance—as they are in most cases—ought not to be handicapped on the threshold of life with the stigma of the gaol. On many recent occasions the Recorder of Dublin and the police magistrates have expressed themselves strongly to this effect, and we note that the Recorder has no liking for the Borstal institutions. There remain, of course, the reformatory and industrial schools, but even these often fail to furnish satisfactory solutions of a problem which, in the light of modern investigation, is seen to have psychological as well as moral and economic aspects. To-day the Free State is altering its judicial system. Perhaps, the time is at hand when our Government will complete the task of reform by making a thorough inquiry into the whole machinery which now exists for the punishment and supervision of youthful offenders.

Armistice Day.

The fifth celebration of Armistice Day will be held throughout the Empire on Sunday, the 11th November. Under pressure of public opinion the British Government has revoked its decision that the customary Service at the Cenotaph in Whitehall should be abandoned on this occasion in favour of the Services in all the churches in London. The King will be represented at the Cenotaph by the Prince of Wales, and himself, attended by his Ministers and by the Dominion Premiers, will be present at the special Service in Westminster Abbey. The two minutes' silence at eleven o'clock—the most impressive part of the annual ceremony—will be observed this year in the churches, which have been asked, for this special purpose, to begin their Services on the 11th November at 10.45 o'clock or such earlier hour as may be convenient. This is the King's wish; the Archbishops of Canterbury and York have conveyed it to their diocesan bishops, and it will be obeyed in every church of every denomination throughout Great Britain. We may assume that the chief authorities of the Protestant Churches in Ireland will arrange also that the morning Services of all these Churches on Armistice Day shall begin at 10.45 o'clock, or some earlier hour, in order that the two minutes' silence may be kept solemnly in the house of God. Already the President of the Methodist Church in Ireland has expressed his earnest hope that the Methodist congregations will follow this course. So shall tens of thousands of Irishmen and Irishwomen meetly honour their dead and consecrate their souls anew to memories of which—

Time but the impression stronger makes,
As streams their channels deeper wear.

Love Letters.

The French newspaper, *Liberté*, wrote to a number of well-known Parisians asking their opinion whether old love letters should be kept or burned. It might have been expected that a goodly number of the persons approached would have replied in the sense that the sort of love letters which are good to receive are much too compromising to keep. This aspect of the matter, however—which certainly would have commended itself to the traditional cynicism of French authors—appears to have been replaced for once by a more conventional sentimentality. M. Henri Duvernois, one of the most popular of French story-writers, replied that love letters ought to be burned, and so enshrined for ever in an atmosphere of perfumed ideality that a re-reading might tend to dissipate. Madame Alphonse Daudet, on the other hand, declared that, if all love letters were burned, the world would miss, perhaps, the noblest thoughts and sentiments of its great writers. To this point of view others object that the love letters written by distinguished authors with one eye on the publisher are *tours de force* and not real love letters at all. The theory that love makes people eloquent—on paper—is as false as it is old. It makes most lovers incoherent or, at the best, tediously voluble. Love letters are kept, if at all, not because they flatter the writer, but because the recollection of the circumstances under which they were written flatters those to whom they were addressed.

COURT AND PERSONAL.

The Earl and Countess of Desart have arrived at Hawkhurst Court, Wisborough Green, Sussex, which will be their country residence. Their place in Kilkenny was burned two years ago, and since then they have been living at their London house. Viscountess Gormanston, who has been travelling abroad since August, arrived last week at Gormanston Castle. Lord Bellew, who has been on the Continent for the past few weeks, has arrived in Dublin. The Countess of Kenmare, who underwent an operation in London on Monday, is making satisfactory progress.

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The Earl and Countess of Minto have returned from Canada, and are staying in London till the end of this week, when they will leave for Minto House, Hawick. The Earl of Midleton has returned to Peper Harow after a short stay in London. The Marquis and Marchioness of Huntly have arrived in London from Scotland, and will leave to-day for their residence near Peterborough. Viscountess Gort and Lady Cynthia Mosley are among the latest departures from London for Paris.

* * *

Lord Farrer, who is sixty-four to-day, succeeded his father, the first Baron, in 1899. He married, as his second wife, in 1903, Miss Evangeline Knox, the great-grand daughter of the first Earl of Ranfurly. The heir to the title, which was conferred in 1893, is the Hon. Cecil Claude Farrer, O.B.E., the only son by Lord Farrer's first marriage with the daughter of the late Hon. Thomas Spring Rice, son of the first Lord Monteagle

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Mrs. McGrath ("Rosita Forbes") had a large and distinguished audience when she delivered a lecture on "Travels in Arabia" at the Ladies' Carlton Club. Viscountess FitzAlan of Derwent presided. The second of these lectures, which have been arranged by the Political Council of the Club, will be delivered by Major the Hon. W. Ormsby-Gore, M.P., and the Marchioness of Salisbury has promised to preside.

* * *

Already there is much activity in the popular hunting centres in England, especially in the districts where new tenants are settling. The Earl and Countess of Portarlington intend to hunt with the Beaufort Hounds, and are taking up their residence at Little Sudbury Manor. The Marquis and Marchioness of Worcester are already settled at The Cottage, Badminton. The Earl and Countess of Wilton are renting Burcott Hall from Lord Dalmeny, who will hunt chiefly from Mentmore this season. Captain and the Hon. Mrs. Dixon will be at Draycot for the winter.

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Two interesting engagements have been announced. The first is that of Captain Lord Arthur Butler, M.C., 17th Lancers, younger son of the Marquis and Marchioness of Ormonde, and Miss Jessie Clarke, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. Carlos Clarke, of Woodlands, Sunninghill, Berkshire. The second is that of Air-Marshal Sir John Salmond, K.C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., Air Officer Commanding the British Forces in Iraq, and the Hon. Monica Grenfell, elder daughter of Lord and Lady Desborough.

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The engagement is announced of Frederick Desmond Little, B.A., B.A.I., T.C.D., Kassala, Sudan, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Little, Knocklucas, Clonmel, and Muriel Helen Isabel, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Canning Loughridge, Frankfort, Clonskeagh, Dublin.

* * *

Mr. MacFetridge has returned to 27 Upper Fitzwilliam street.

Lovely Models in Fur and Fur-trimmed Coats and Wraps are on view at Switzer's. A Collection of Beautiful Model Gowns of consummate grace. Lovely Model Cloaks and Wraps, exquisite Egyptian, Persian, and Eastern Embroideries. Superb Model Coats, most lovely materials, trimmed luxurious furs. W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's street.

Fascinating little Dance Frocks, a wide range of choice, 25s. 6d., 29s. 6d., 39s. 6d.—W. Holmes, Dublin, Ltd., 69, 70, 71 George's st.

Robert's Special Sale to-day of Dress Fabrics and Silks at Bargain Prices.—Robert and Co., Ltd., 80-83 Grafton street.

Kelletts are clearing to-day accumulated stocks. There are many bargains in Millinery, Jumpers, Underclothing, Children's Wear, Costumes, Hosiery, Gloves, and Household Goods.—D. Kellett, Ltd., George's street.

Country Life Costumes and Overcoats.—Campbell and Strahan, Ltd., 11 Wicklow st.

Woollies for Switzerland. Comfy 3-piece in White, with Coat. Knickers, and Wrap Over Skirt, which can also be used as a cloak. Tabac Brown Coat, with Wrap Over Skirt.—Slyne and Co., Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

Alluring Coat to hips in Egyptian Matelassé, with skunk opossum collar, for 9½ gns. at Slyne's, Ltd., 71 Grafton street.

PASSENGERS ON ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
Arrivals:—Mrs. Cholmondley Clarke, Miss Mendy, Mrs. T. E. Adderley, John Healy, Mr. and Mrs. Shatwell, Mr. and Mrs. J. Hamers.
Departures:—Rev. S. R. Miller, Rev. V. J. Fletcher, W. T. Kennan, P. A. Jones, W. H. Fry.

Fresh Arrivals of New Silks this week at McBirney's.

"Our Boys"—The Noted House for Reliable Clothing and Outfitting for Boys and Youths. Great selection. Prices moderate.—24 Wicklow street.

Children's Frocks—Our new collection has just arrived. A beautiful assortment of Dainty Party Frocks, also a manufacturer's collection of very effective Velveteen Frocks, at bargain prices.—Robert and Co., Ltd., Grafton street.

Start-Rite Children's Footwear at Bradley's. Write for new illustrated revised price list to J. Vincent Bradley, The House for Good Footwear, 23 Nassau street, Dublin. Telephone 4774.

Why pay £25-£30 for Fur Coats when you can buy same quality Coats from £15? Cheaper ranges in stock.—Alfred Rohn, Manufacturing Furrier, 2 Castle Market, off South William street.

Gibson and Co., Ladies' Tailors, Specialists in designing and cutting. All models made on the premises. Inspection invited.—141 Lr. Baggot st.

Afternoon and Evening Gowns, some very pretty models, new styles, just arrived, all at reasonable prices.—Robert and Co., Ltd., Grafton street.

Mourning Orders receive prompt attention.—Davis and Co., 45 Grafton st. 'Phone 4905.

Regular visits to a dentist and the daily use of Gramis Tooth Paste are golden rules for the preservation of your health

TO-DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS.

Gaiety Theatre—"Tales of Hoffmann," 7.30 p.m.
Theatre Royal—Varieties 6.45 and 9.0 p.m.
Tivoli Theatre—Varieties, 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Olympia Theatre—"Fancy Fayre," 6.45 and 9 p.m.
Abbey Theatre—"The Hour Glass" and "The Courting of Mary Doyle," 8.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre—"Arrah-na-Pogue," 6.45 and 8.45 p.m.
The Carlton—"Rich Men's Wives."
Metropole Cinema—"The Seventh Day."
The Grafton Picture House—Jackie Coogan in "Trouble," 12-10.30 p.m.
Bohemian Picture Theatre—"Just Around the Corner."
Princess, Rathmines—"John Chilcote, M.P."
Sackville Picture House—"Kindred of the Dust."
Corinthian—"Intolerance," 2, 4.50, and 7.40 p.m.
Stella, Rathmines—"Blood and Sand."
Dun Laoghaire Picture House—"Lorna Doone."
Pavilion, Dun Laoghaire—"The Sheik."
Sale of Work—Mission Buildings, Townsend street, 2-6 and 7-9.30 p.m.
South Dublin Election—Polling, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m.
Seamen's Institute Gift Day—Eden quay, 3.30 p.m.
Port and Docks Board, 1 p.m.
Dublin Guardians—Inquiry, 10.30 a.m.
Law Sittings—Opening, 11 a.m.
Dublin Eireann (Winding-up) Courts, 11 a.m.
Dublin Sessions, 11 a.m.

OBITUARY.

MR. GEORGE McCANN.

The death of Mr. George McCann, a leading figure in the Belfast linen trade, took place at his residence, Victoria avenue, Whitehead, Belfast, yesterday morning. He was for many years manager of the firm of Messrs. Daniel Currell and Co., Ltd., Linenhall street, Belfast. When the business of that firm was acquired by Messrs. S. T. MacLean, Ltd., Mr. McCann went into business for himself. He was the Belfast representative of a number of leading textile firms, and carried on a very large business.

THE LATE SENATOR MACPARTLIN.

Owing to unexpected delays in transit, doubt is entertained as to whether the arrangements proposed for the funeral in Dublin of the late Senator MacPartlin, who died in Geneva, can now be carried out. Notice of any necessary alteration in the arrangements will be published.

THE CARL ROSA OPERA COMPANY.

OLD FAVOURITES.

Dublin opera-goers for years past have made "Cavalleria Rusticana" and "I Pagliacci" their test of the capacity of any company that comes here. Their verdict on the Carl Rosa performances last night was enthusiasm in the house, filled from floor to gallery, and enthusiasm on the way home as they kept reminding each other of all that they had seen, heard, and enjoyed.

It was Mr. Charles Webber's night. His interpretation of both, very different, operas—even more, perhaps, than the meritorious work of the individual artists—was the cause of the general pleasure; that, and the almost perfect "putting on" of both. Once again Mr. Phillips's passion for perfection in detail, finish in little things as well as in the big, had its natural effect.

Miss Eva Turner's Santuzza, in Mascagni's only work that counts, is what is being talked of to-day by all who were there. She is an actress if she had not a musical note in her composition. Her "Rejoice that the Lord has arisen" in the Easter hymn was wonderful soprano singing, with the full, pure voice piercing through orchestra and chorus. The duet music with her and Mr. Ben Williams, the Turridu, was exquisite.

Miss Ivy Francis sang the Lola music with a voice smallish, but sweet, and her whole presentation of the part was full of promise. It was not, perhaps, that good artist, Mr. Appleby Moore's, fault that the Carriers' song and chorus did not "get over."

Coming to the Leoncavallo opera, Mr. Hughes Macklin may notch last night's Canio with his long tally of operatic successes. His acting and singing of the part, even to leave out the rare triumph of "On with the motley," gave an enthusiastically appreciative public opera in English at its best. His accomplishment was backed up by Mr. Bernard Ross in a Silvio noted for rich persuasive singing. When he asked Nedda, "Why has thou taught me?" he might have sung in any language. The audience would have got the passionate love pleading without mistake.

Miss Eveline Berks portrayed a Nedda that was true in her scornful rejection of Tonio as in her love-led abandonment of Silvio. Her voice in the lower register will get larger and fuller.

To-night—"Tales of Hoffman."

NEW LONDON PLAY.

"THE LAST WARNING," AT THE COMEDY.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESP

EXPANSION OF CREDIT.

MR. McKENNA'S CURE FOR UNEMPLOYMENT.

EVILS OF INFLATION.

VIEWS OF LEADERS OF BRITISH COMMERCE.

Britain's financial policy and its relationship to trade and employment are the subject of keen discussion at the moment. Yesterday Sir Arthur Balfour, speaking at the annual meeting in London of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, condemned the inflation of currency as "a disease as malignant as cancer," while at Sunderland the Marquis of Londonderry said that the adoption of a policy of inflation would be "suicidal."

The Right Hon. Reginald McKenna, Chairman of the London City and Midland Bank, and a former Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at a luncheon given by the Belfast Chamber of Commerce, made an important contribution to the discussion.

Mr. McKenna pleaded for the "intelligent control of credit, so that the trader may have certain knowledge when he gives an order that his money will have the same value when his order is fulfilled as when the order is given." The "intelligent control of credit," he was careful to explain, is a very different thing to a policy of monetary inflation.

State of Europe.

He began by reviewing the state of Europe, where there is "an epidemic of unbalanced Budgets," and said that, if trade were to recover the level of activity that it attained before 1914, peace and stability must be restored to the Continent. Nothing could be gained by crippling Germany. For commercial purposes no country was self-contained, and "a vital blow cannot be inflicted on a great commercial country without injury to ourselves."

France to Blame.

The principal cause of the continuance of unsettled conditions in Europe, he asserted, had been the occupation of the Ruhr by France. From the point of view of reparations, the French policy had been "disastrously unsuccessful."

In Great Britain there were 1,250,000 unemployed. Their maintenance cost £100,000,000 a year, but the real loss to the country was much greater. If those people could be brought back to work infernal trade would expand; there would be a new market with a purchasing power of well over £100,000,000 a year. The expansion of the Dominion markets could not be rapid enough to meet the situation, and the European markets could not meet it. Internal trade was the only remedy available. How could it be applied?

The Answer.

Mr. McKenna answered the question by pointing to what had been done in the United States. In 1921 there were five million unemployed in America, and within eighteen months, owing to the growth of internal trade which a change in the country's financial policy produced, every man had been re-absorbed by industry.

Thus Mr. McKenna reached the conclusion that, "when unemployment is greatly in excess of the normal, we should abandon unhesitatingly the deflationary policy, which is a case of unemployment."

react upon Belfast, and be reflected in unemployment and diminished profits.

No country is for commercial purposes entirely self-contained, but you, like Great Britain, are dependent in an exceptional degree upon foreign trade. I do not wish to make too much of this point, because in every country internal trade is by far the more important, and something can be done by the development of domestic sources of supply and demand to make up for the loss of foreign markets. But any great change from established conditions takes time, and is inevitably attended by considerable losses and diminished wages during the process. As is the case with Great Britain, you have built up a trade organisation of a particular kind, adapted to the world's requirements as they existed before the war. The nature and volume of these requirements were determined by the free functioning of the trade organisation in other countries, and whatever shatters or even disturbs this condition has a restrictive effect upon you. If we are to recover the level of activity attained before 1914 we must first of all re-establish throughout Europe the conditions of peace and stability which then existed.

LOSS, NOT GAIN.

I cannot help thinking that there is a good deal of misconception on this subject. While it is admitted that the general unrest and disorganisation in Europe are bad for our trade, we often hear the question asked, Do we not gain more by the crippling of German competition than we lose by the sacrifice of a portion of our European market? We hear this in particular from those who defend the French occupation of the Ruhr, and I can well believe there are many people to whom this argument would make a strong appeal. A manufacturer, for instance, who secures an order which under normal conditions would have gone to Germany, would be hard to convince that we are not gainers by the destruction of German trade. But we have to look at the subject as a whole, and, if we examine our foreign trade in its entirety, I think we must come to the conclusion that a vital blow cannot be inflicted on a great commercial country without serious injury to ourselves.

I do not propose in support of this opinion merely to refer you to the fact that during the last few months our general trade has been at a very low ebb. You might justly reply that other causes may have been in operation, and that a decline in domestic apart from foreign trade might account for our present condition. I am going to ask you to look at the course of our foreign trade over a period of years. For this purpose I have had prepared a statement of the export trade of the United Kingdom for the ten years from 1903 to 1912, and a statement of the total export trade during the same period of thirty-nine countries, including Dominions and all the principal countries of the world in which regular statistics of trade are published. We may fairly speak of the exports of these thirty-nine countries as world exports.

HARD FACTS.

During these ten years the British proportion of the world's export trade remained fairly constant. The lowest percentage was 13.8, the highest 15.5. In the first year, 1903, the total of world exports was valued at £2,110 millions and the share of the United Kingdom was 13.8 per cent. In the last year of the period world exports had risen to £3,521 millions and the share of the United Kingdom was 13.8 per cent. Thus, while world exports increased £1,400 millions in value, the United Kingdom year by year received its due share of the increase and, as the prosperity of the world grew, the prosperity of the United Kingdom grew with it. We had our rivals and competitors during the whole of this period, but we never failed to get our full proportion of the world's trade.

Here I have given you an account of the growth of our trade during the last pre-war years. Now I ask you to look at the post-war figures of our exports and again to compare them with world exports. In 1920 our exports were 18.1 per cent. of the total; in 1921, owing to the protracted coal strike, they fell to 16.2 per cent.; but in 1922 they rose again to 17.3 per cent. I do not give you the actual figures, but only the percentage relation of one set to the other, because the immense rise in prices in 1920 and the subsequent fall vitiate for comparative purposes all figures of foreign trade measured in values. Here we see that our proportion of the export trade of the world had risen from 13.8 per cent. in 1912 to 17.3 per cent. in 1922. The havoc in several of the manufacturing countries of Europe and the crippling of some of our rivals were accompanied by an increase in our proportion of the world's exports from 13.8 to 17.3 per cent. So far, so good. But what of the actual state of our export trade? When due allowance is made for the difference in prices in the years named, we find that our exports were at least 25 per cent. less in 1922 than in 1912, and this decline took place notwithstanding the fact that our population had increased during the intervening years by over two millions.

DIMINISHED EXPORTS.

Whoever gives his attention to these figures can draw only one conclusion from them. On balance we lose by a reduction in the total volume of world trade even though the reduction be caused by the collapse of trade rivals. We may obtain, it is true, a larger percentage of what remains, but the final result is to diminish our total exports. We prosper as the world prospers; we decline as the world declines. We ought never to view with indifference the forcible impoverishment of great nations and the destruction of the fabric of their industrial life, and in no circumstances can we do so with impunity.

So much for the effect on our foreign trade of the disorganisation and disruption in Europe. The principal cause of the continuance of the unsettlement has been the French occupation of the Ruhr. Those who defend this occupation justify it on the ground that it is a material pledge for the payment of German reparations which would otherwise be evaded, but they do not give any information as to how the payment is to be made. So far, from the point of view of reparations, the policy has been disastrously unsuccessful. Although the pledge has been held for nearly ten months the deliveries of coal and coke, the principal reparation materials have been only at the rate of one-fifth of what they were immediately prior to the occupation. But whether the French are right or wrong in their view that the only way to force reparations is by means of a physical hold of the principal centre of German industry, it is obvious that in producing the will to pay they are destroying the capacity. The Ruhr is no longer an asset, but a liability, and it will be found that reparations cannot be obtained from a maimed and ruined country.

DISTRIBUTION.

Let us assume, however, that all the difficulties can be overcome and that reparations on a great scale can be extracted from Germany. We have still to settle reasonable terms of distribution amongst the Allies. On this subject the British Government have made an offer; if it erred on the side of generosity, the case is one in which generosity is wise. We have already lost more through unemployment, to which the chaotic condition of Europe contributes so greatly, than ever we shall recover from the payment of reparations. Our offer, however, has not been accepted, and we have, therefore, to reconsider the problem, a problem, which, on the French understanding of it, includes the question of inter-allied debts between Government and Government.

(Continued on Page 8, Column 3.)

VERBATIM REPORT.

TRIBUTE TO NORTHERN MINISTRY.

The Right Hon. Reginald McKenna, who was received with applause, said:—

I am proud to be the guest of the Belfast Chamber of Comerce. Through my association with the Belfast Bank I may almost claim to be a Belfast man; but certainly if I may take the kindness of your reception as evidence of your feelings I can confidently claim that I find myself amongst friends.

During the last two or three years you in Northern Ireland have passed through a very difficult time. Whilst your trade and commerce have been suffering from the severe depression common to the whole kingdom, you have had to undertake new political responsibilities consequent on the greatness which has been thrust upon you. The success you have so rapidly achieved in the field of government is remarkable, and I think it is a good augury for the recovery of your commercial prosperity, more especially when I remember how deep and firm are the foundations on which the trade of Belfast is built. (Applause).

There is no more difficult task for a people to undertake than the establishment of a Government absolutely new. The Treaty of Versailles created many new nations, whose subsequent careers have afforded striking examples of this proposition. In less than two years, under the guidance of Sir James Craig and his colleagues, who have merited and won the warmest admiration of everyone, you have set up the whole apparatus of government, and experience has already shown that it functions smoothly and well.

UNBALANCED BUDGETS.

But what I venture to name amongst your finest accomplishments is that your Finance Minister, Mr. Pollock, balanced his first Budget without recourse to loans. (Hear, hear.) Last year's surplus may not be a large one; but there it is, and you may well be proud of it. The world is suffering from an epidemic of unbalanced Budgets. Too many nations seem to think that liability for the expenditure they incur can be evaded by refusing to submit to the necessary taxation and rely upon making good any deficit by loans or by recourse to the printing press. It is the primrose path of finance, beginning so happily with high profits and low taxes, good wages and full employment, and ending, when credit is exhausted, with general impoverishment. You have been content with the old-fashioned method of paying your way, and the future stability of your finance is now, I trust, assured.

Orderly government is a matter which in the main depends upon the character and conduct of your own people, but when we turn to trade we have to deal with conditions many of which are not under your control. Your trade is not merely a matter of production within your own borders and the exchange of your products among yourselves. In normal times your external trade is large and important. Your prosperity rises and falls with the prosperity of Great Britain and of the world generally, and an impoverished and disorganised Europe cannot fail to

DUBLIN DOCKERS.

AWAITING A LEAD.

WORK RESUMED IN THE PROVINCES.

Although the Dublin dockers' strike was declared to be closed by the Executive of the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union on Tuesday night, the announcement came too late apparently to allow a return to work yesterday. At any rate, none of the men presented themselves for work at the premises of the shipping companies.

On inquiry at the offices of the Transport Union Executive, an *Irish Times* reporter was informed that all branches had been instructed to make arrangements for a resumption of work as soon as possible. That might imply a delay of some days. As the decision of the Executive only became known yesterday, it was contended that an immediate resumption of work was out of the question. It would probably take a few days for the men to realise their position and assert themselves. It is understood that, in consequence of the Strike Committee's action in preventing the ballot, some members of the Committee were taken off by the sections that they represented. The bulk of the men are anxious to get back to work, but whether they will obey the order of the Executive remains to be seen.

The dispute has now lasted for fourteen weeks, and the sum paid out in strike money runs into the substantial figure of £84,000. The total loss in wages to the men must be almost £280,000.

At Liberty Hall the notice postponing the ballot until Friday remains, and it is stated that the Strike Committee have declared that day to be a general holiday at the port, so that all the men may vote. As the Strike Committee is now acting unofficially, some developments are expected on Friday. The Executive officials at Liberty Hall had nothing new to communicate yesterday.

CATTLE SHIPMENTS.

Arrangements are now complete for the shipment of cattle from Dublin for members of the Irish Cattle Traders' Association. Two steamers of the British and Irish Steam Packet Company, in readiness for this traffic, had steam up yesterday, and in view of the turn which matters have now taken, it is understood that transport workers who present themselves for work in the ordinary way will be taken on. If, however, no regular men are available, the Irish Cattle Traders' Association will have a staff of special men to carry on the work. The shipping company is simply providing the boats. The droving and loading will be dealt with by the cattle traders' men.

Should the cattle traders carry out their plan as originally arranged, protection has been promised by the Government.

While the dockers had in no case returned to work yesterday at the regular steamship lines, it is expected that something like normal conditions will be arranged in a day or so, and that ordinary sailings of passenger, goods, and stock steamers may be resumed by Monday next.

SATISFACTION IN BIRKENHEAD.

Satisfaction was expressed amongst the Irish cattle traders at Birkenhead when the news came through of the settlement of the dockers' dispute in the Irish Free State. The dispute has disorganised the cattle trade to a very great extent, and much inconvenience was experienced in the meat trade. As a result of the settlement very large numbers of cattle are expected at the Birkenhead lairages for sale at the week-end. There is also a fair supply at the Liverpool Stanley market. Other trades besides the meat trade will be favourably affected by the settlement of the strike, and it is expected that there will be a resumption of trading between England and Irish Free State ports.

The cross-Channel service from Liverpool to Cork, Waterford and Limerick are to be resumed immediately.

PROTECTION FOR CATTLE SHIPPERS.

As a measure of precaution against any attempt being made by extremists to interfere with to-day's Dublin Cattle Market, troops were posted over a wide area on the North side of the city early this morning. The North Circular road and the side streets were patrolled at frequent intervals.

Soldiers were stationed at Liffey Junction and Cabra, where cattle were detrained during the night. There were no incidents.

WORK BEGUN IN CORK.

MANY VESSELS DISCHARGED.

All permanent men connected with dock labour in Cork were at work yesterday for the first time in fourteen weeks. Matters have not yet got into full swing, but an atmosphere of commercial activity has been substituted for the air of slackness which has been characteristic of the port during the last three months.

The various establishments affected by the dispute have been re-opened. All the carters, however, are not back at work, and discharging and loading operations will be greatly hampered on this account. These men are not concerned in the dockers' settlement, but it is believed that the difficulty will be speedily arranged.

Several ships which have been awaiting discharge will provide plenty of work. The ss. Carrigan Head, of Belfast, which has been at the quays with wheat since the commencement of the strike, will begin unloading to-day. Three other grain boats are coming up from the lower harbour, where they have been waiting, and five vessels are discharging at the quays.

The shipping companies announce a full resumption of all services immediately. The ss. Moorfowl, on the Fishguard service, which ran during the strike for passengers only, is at present loading cattle and cargo for Fishguard.

There was an important development yesterday in connection with the other Cork disputes, which involve several unions, the chief of which are the Distributive Workers' and the Grocers' and Allied Trades. The Employers' Federation wrote to Professor O'Rahilly signifying their acceptance of his amended terms of settlement. It is learned that the workers' reply will not be sent immediately, so that there cannot be any settlement before a day or two. A general meeting has been summoned for to-day of all members of the Distributive Workers' Union affected by the disputes.

SAILINGS RESUMED AT WATERFORD.

The Waterford Port strike ended yesterday, and the announcement was hailed with satisfaction by everyone in the city. Last week the dockers held a secret ballot on the Government's offer, and it is now known that they accepted it by a very large majority. So exasperated were the County Waterford farmers at the duration of the strike that they were about to charter a vessel for the transport of live stock and agricultural produce. The Clyde Shipping Company announce the immediate resumpton of sailing. The Great Western Company have not yet made any announcement.

The number of men affected in Waterford was about 500.

EXPORTS FROM BANTRY.

Large numbers of cattle, sheep, horses, and pigs have been shipped from Bantry Port during the week direct to British ports. Buyers for the farmers' unions and other interests have been going through the country, and fair prices are now being given to the farmers. These dealers state that prices are rising, and will continue to do so for some time.

HUNGER-STRIKERS.

LEADERS REMOVED FROM MOUNTJOY.

According to Dr. Con Murphy, of the Reorganising Committee of Sinn Fein, several Republican leaders who took the oath to abstain from food have been transferred from Mountjoy to Kilmainham Jail. Among them were Ernest O'Malley (reported very weak), Austin Stack, Eamonn Donnelly, and Frank Gallagher. Dr. Murphy says also that, in all, forty hunger-strikers have been removed from Mountjoy to Tintown No. 3 Camp.

A message from Warsaw states that during the construction of a canal there the skeletons of three mammoths have been dug up.

MORE FIGHTING IN HAMBURG.

TRENCHES IN THE STREETS.

RHINE REPUBLIC.

DR. STRESEMANN'S NEW MOVE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BERLIN, Wednesday.

Reports from Germany's numerous war fronts are of a more reassuring nature to-night. Angry armed citizens are evidently giving the Separatists a bad pommelling in the various Rhineland towns, where an attempt is being made to proclaim a Republic.

At Hamburg the Reds, after renewed heavy fighting this morning, have been overawed by a combination of the police, army, the fleet, and the local citizens' volunteer force.

The Army, which has occupied Saxony, is meeting with no serious resistance, while even in Bavaria it is reported that soldiers display increasing unwillingness to bow to the dictates of von Kahr and the mutinous General von Lossow.

The situation on the home front, too, is slightly easier in the sense that in Berlin and other big towns the bread shortage is being overcome, and big quantities of foodstuffs are being rushed in.

The daily mark slump, moreover, has been less sensational to-day.

The suppression of the Hamburg outbreak proved a more difficult affair than was at first anticipated. Fighting was renewed during the night, and at dawn this morning fierce barricaded battles were again in progress in various districts. The heaviest fighting took place in the suburbs of Barmbeck and Schiffbeck; trenches in the streets being dug, and vigorously defended by the Communists in the last-mentioned locality.

The police losses in the barricade fighting was heavy in wounded, but, fortunately, there was no dead on their side this morning. Firing by the Reds from the housetops made the police task especially difficult. The presence of the cruiser Hamburg, with guns menacingly pointed on the harbour wharves, and torpedo boats had a sobering effect on the rioters, but the vessels did not take part in the fighting.

The social conditions continue chaotic, although the feeling is growing that the Stresemann Government now dominate the situation.

THE RHINELAND.

AUTONOMOUS STATE TO BE PROCLAIMED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BERLIN, Wednesday.

It is understood in well-informed circles here that Dr. Stresemann, who leaves for Hagen, Westphalia, to-night, will there publicly announce the German Government's intention to confer autonomy on the Rhineland. This step is a retort to the Separatists.

FIGHTING IN THE RHINELAND.

SEPARATISTS DEFEATED IN MANY TOWNS.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
COLOGNE, Wednesday.

The Rhineland Republic fiasco is almost complete. With the single exception of Duren, which is the military headquarters of the movement, the Separatists have been routed everywhere. The movement is opposed by 90 per cent. of the population.

This afternoon I visited Duren and interviewed Herr Hugo Hector, a prominent Separatist leader, who led the assault which ended in the capture of the town. He said that the Republicans aimed at complete separation from Germany, and demanded complete independence. "We want to form a buffer State between the contending Powers in the East and West. Our aim is to further the interests of peace, which cannot be achieved under present conditions."

COLOGNE, Tuesday.

This morning's news indicates that the Rhineland Republic movement, which was commenced at Aix-la-Chapelle on Sunday, is everywhere collapsing. The defeat of the Separatists is entirely due to the opposition of the public.

About 400 Separatists marched into Dusseldorf yesterday, but it is reported that their intention of declaring a republic was defeated.

At Muncher-Gladbach the Separatists have been routed, and the Burgomaster, whom they appointed, killed in the course of the street fighting.

Reports from Duisberg this morning state that the republic has been proclaimed there. Fighting is expected.

At Aix-la-Chapelle the Separatists, under the protection of the Belgians, still hold one or two Government buildings; but after yesterday's bloodshed they dare not show themselves in the streets. The citizens generally are infuriated at the conduct of the Separatists, who yesterday from their motor cars fired revolvers into the crowd, killing and wounding men, women, and children. Several of the rebels were nearly lynched, and their flags were torn down and burned.

The total casualties in yesterday's fighting were 12 killed and about 30 wounded.

Other messages report that the Separatists have been driven out of the following towns—Coblentz, Mayence, Crefeld, Dusseldorf, Julich, Rheydt.

At Bonn, Wiesbaden, and Coblentz the Separatists are reported to have seized the Town Halls. Further food riots are reported at Elberfeld, Kiel, and other German towns.

MISSING SHIP MYSTERY.

POSSIBLE COINCIDENCE OF NAMES

Reuter's Agency is informed by the Federal Steam Navigation Company that the steamer Westmoreland, reported to have been sunk off the American coast, cannot be the vessel of that name belonging to their line, as they are in possession of a wireless telegram dated October 22, 10 p.m., which was transmitted *via* the s.s. Lapland, from the captain of the Westmoreland to his wife, which reads as follows: "Well. Weather permitting, will be home Saturday."

This is the date that the Westmoreland is due in this country, and placed the vessel at that time within about eight hundred miles of the United Kingdom.

It is believed that the S.O.S. came from some other vessel, possibly a smaller craft of the same name.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

No further word has been received from the steamer whose wireless message that she was in distress off Delaware breakwater was picked up yesterday. Every effort is being made to clear up the question of her nationality, and urgent inquiries are being made at Boston and Washington.

FIRE AT SEA.

STEAMER ABANDONED.

BASTIA, CORSICA, Wednesday.

Following an explosion and fire, the steamer Corinthgus, plying between Marseilles and Corsica, had to be abandoned out at sea, where she is still burning. Three seamen were killed and three injured.—(Reuter.)

LEVIATHAN DELAYED.

The Leviathan will arrive at Southampton on Saturday morning, having been delayed by bad weather. According to wireless messages from the steamer, she is due at Cherbourg to-morrow night.

EX-CROWN PRINCE

WANTS TO RETURN TO GERMANY

AS A PRIVATE CITIZEN.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
THE HAGUE, Wednesday.

I can definitely state that the ex-Crown Prince William has just formally applied to the Dutch Government for permission to leave Holland, and to the German authorities here for the necessary passport and *visa* to return to Germany.

He has given a solemn pledge that he renounces monarchist ambitions, and wishes to live as a private citizen in Germany. It would seem that the Dutch Government has no objections in principle against granting a *visa*. The German authorities here have referred the matter to the Berlin Government.

GEN. SMUTS' SPEECH.

RECEPTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

The challenging speech by General Smuts on the European situation was widely quoted yesterday all over the world.

In America it aroused great interest, and was "splashed" on the front page of several papers, with such headings as "African Premier hints that Britain may use pressure to make Paris join Reparation Conference." "General Smuts pillories France; accuses Poincaré of breaking Treaty." "General Smuts arraigns France; urges new Conference."

The Correspondent of the *New York World* declares that the speech was clearly a reply to the efforts of the "Diehard" Ministers to muzzle the Imperial Conference debates. "General Smuts's speech," adds the *World*, "is, therefore, the opening gun in the political battle. General Smuts, who believes in open diplomacy, has carried the fight into the open."

The *New York Sun* says "that South Africa, after the Boer War, showed that magnanimous spirit which is now needed in Europe to effect a settlement."

The *New York Evening Post* says "that the only way to win France back from her fears and her errors is through a concrete effort in the direction of common sacrifice for the sake of the peace of the world."

The *New York Evening World*, representing the Opposition, suggests that the United States Government is now beginning to suspect that it miscalculated when it negotiated for a separate treaty with Germany, and that it would have been better to stick with the Allies, and use the influence of the United States to quiet French fears, keep Germany together, and help Europe to start the flow of benefits.

German Reception.

The Berlin Correspondent of *The Times* says that he learns that General Smuts's proposals have been favourably received in German Government circles, and that it is intended to persist in the request for an inquiry by an International Commission into the German capacity to pay.

Offer from United States.

The Political Correspondent of the *Daily Mail* to-day says that considerable speculation has been aroused by the statement in General Smuts's speech that negotiations are afoot to promote a conference of all the Powers concerned in the recovery of reparations. In this connection, it is understood that the Government are now closely studying an offer made by the United States to take part in a settlement of this question, should their assistance be required. Apparently this is as far as the negotiations have gone.

Duke of Devonshire's Thanks.

The Duke of Devonshire, speaking at a dinner in London last night, thanked General Smuts for his speech of the previous day. The consciousness of the Dominion representatives that they had full liberty of thought and speech when they came to the Imperial Conference was, he believed, the only way they could approach as an Empire the solution of the great problems in times of war and of peace. Though in the Conference room they might not see eye to eye on every point, it was to the benefit of the whole that they should frankly and freely state their views, and be able to approach the solution of great problems with a single-hearted and sole desire of working for the one great object they had in view.

SOUTH DUBLIN.

PRESIDENT'S LETTER TO MR. KENNEDY.

Polling takes place to-day in South Dublin. The candidates are:—

Mr. Hugh Kennedy, Attorney-General (Cumann na nGaedheal), and
Mr. Michael O'Mullane (Republican).

Last night President Cosgrave sent the following letter to Mr. Kennedy:—

"I believe it to be my duty to write to you now on the eve of the poll. I feel so much the necessity for your return that, even in the sad circumstances of these last three days, I cannot refrain from making one last appeal to the electors of South Dublin to return you to represent them in the Dail.

"The Oireachtas is the people's Parliament. Its members ought to be the cream of public representation. We are, under difficulties, engaged at the great work of nation-building, and we want your help. It is in the power of the people of Dublin at this juncture to render the greatest service in their power by returning you. I have confidence they will do so, and I can only hope it will be by a substantial majority."

GREEK REVOLT.

GOVERNMENT SUCCESSES CONTINUED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
ATHENS, Wednesday.

The revolutionary movement in Peloponnesus, where General Metaxas attempted to set up a provisional Government, is gradually subsiding, and, it is believed, will be entirely suppressed without bloodshed, like the outbreak in Northern Greece.

At no point have the rebels shown any organised resistance to the Government forces, and everywhere the leaders of the revolt are in flight.

Arrests of the partisans of General Metaxas continue to be made, and the measures taken by the Government to suppress the outbreak appear to have been completely effectual.

ARMISTICE DAY IN IRELAND.

EARLY CHURCH SERVICES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As Armistice Day (the 11th November) will fall on a Sunday this year, may I be permitted through the columns of your paper to make the request to the ministers and officers of the Methodist Church in Ireland to consider the advisability, as well as the suitability, of holding the Morning Service on that day at 10.45, instead of at the usual hour? I feel assured that the people worshipping in our churches would appreciate the opportunity of observing the two minutes' silence at 11 o'clock in the atmosphere of God's House. May I express the earnest hope that, where at all possible, this suggestion will be acted upon, in order to meet what I believe would be the desire of Methodist people generally?—Yours, etc.,

JAMES W. PARKHILL,
President of the Methodist Church in Ireland.

Portadown, October 22nd, 1923.

Major-General Sir W. Sefton Brancker, Director of Civil Aviation in Great Britain, flew from London to Nice yesterday in an aeroplane piloted by Mr. Cobham. He is going to the International Aviation Conference in Rome.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

INTERDEPENDENCE.

BRITISH STATESMEN'S DECLARATIONS.

The Times, referring to the highly interesting and significant declarations which have been made on the eve of Mr. Baldwin's much-canvassed speech at Plymouth by Imperial statesmen and others, mentions those of General Smuts, the American Ambassador; Sir Eric Geddes, Mr. McKenna and Mr. Bruce, the Australian Prime Minister. The latter made two important speeches yesterday, one dealing with Imperial industries and the other with agriculture. When Mr. Bruce urges that new wealth must be created, he hits upon one clue to the alleviation of our economic troubles, obvious, indeed, but too often ignored. It is a favourite argument of fervent Free Traders that the proportion of British trade that goes to Europe is just about the same to-day as it was before the war; that, therefore, the state of Europe has little to do with the present unemployment, and should not be made an excuse for artificially fostering our trade with the Dominions. That particular argument misses a part of the point which was put with great clearness and force by Mr. McKenna yesterday at Belfast. The ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer quoted figures to show that the prosperity of Britain increases or diminishes with the general rise or fall in the world's prosperity. As its bulk grows, so does the production of this country. We prosper as the world prospers, and decline as the world declines. This commercial axiom has its counterpart, of course, in the sphere of pure politics, and the happiness and well-being of any one country is, in the average, benefited by the prosperity of all.

We hope that this inter-dependence of British prosperity with that of Europe will not be forgotten (for no man understands it better) by the Prime Minister in his speech to-day. There is an impression that he intends for the moment to leave foreign affairs alone, and to devote himself strictly to domestic and Imperial problems. He may, indeed, be right in believing that another moment, a few days hence, may be more suitable for formulating a definite European policy. But he is hardly likely to dispute the essential inter-dependence of all countries' economic problems, and particularly the close bonds which unite British and European prosperity. There is no case for any precipitate declaration, but it is clear that we must increase the volume of production and trade where we can, and as swiftly as we can.

It may well be that the Prime Minister thinks that the first step to world reconstruction is to set in order the house of the British Commonwealth. A constructive and extended system of preference is probably a wise measure from the economic, as it certainly is from the political, point of view. Mr. Baldwin has a vast problem to face this evening. If he can proclaim a policy which without increasing the cost of living in this country can yet do more to assure British markets for British goods, he will not merely stimulate the development of the great untapped resources of our Commonwealth of Nations, but will also contribute a solid nucleus of increased production to the prosperity of the whole world.

MR. BALDWIN'S SPEECH.

RUMOURS OF A GENERAL ELECTION.

The Times Special Correspondent at Plymouth telegraphed last night:—There are few among the 1,300 delegates gathered here for the 51st annual conference of the National Unionist Association, which opens in the Guildhall to-morrow, who do not believe that Mr. Baldwin's speech and the discussions at the conference will mark a definite epoch in the history of the Unionist Party. The Prime Minister, indeed, may well feel embarrassed by the anxiety with which his speech is awaited. When he appears on the platform of the New Palladium Picture Theatre to-morrow evening he will be supported by members of the Cabinet and Unionist leaders and workers from all parts of the country. They believe that his speech will infuse new life into the Party. Ministers and other members of Parliament who have been speaking in their constituencies during the recess admit that they have been hampered by the lack of a concrete constructive programme to lay before the electorate as a counterblast to Socialist activities. Mr. Baldwin is looked to to supply the deficiency.

Rumour is busy here as to the possibility of an early general election. Certain members of the Cabinet are known to be in favour of an early appeal to the country if the Prime Minister outlines a big programme of Imperial preference. On the other hand, there is a strong feeling that whatever Mr. Baldwin may say can offer no justification for an early election, but should rather be regarded as the basis of a policy for future development, and for submission to the electorate at a later stage.

THE GERMAN CRISIS.

REPARATION OBLIGATIONS.

In a Note, which was handed to the Reparation Commission in Paris yesterday, the German Government declared that, now that passive resistance in the Ruhr has come to an end, it is ready in principle to resume the carrying out of its reparation obligations, but in the present state of affairs it is unable to finance the operations, states *The Times*.

The Reparation Commission is requested to make a fresh examination of Germany's resources and capacity to pay.

CHINESE BANDITS.

RAILWAY STATION SACKED.

PEKING, Wednesday.

The *Daily News* reports that five hundred bandits yesterday morning attacked and sacked the station at Kuanting, south of Chengchow. An express train from Hankow arrived at Kuanting during the raid, but the driver reversed and took his train back again.

The bandits fired on the express, and bullets struck the engine. No damage was, however, done.

Troops were despatched to Kuanting as soon as possible after the attack, and fighting ensued throughout the morning. The bandits were driven off.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

ARRIVAL IN PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, Wednesday.

Mr. Lloyd George, who arrived here this morning, in cold and rainy weather, was met at the station, among other people, by Mr. Davis, Secretary of Labour.

During the afternoon the degree of the American Gorsedd was conferred on the ex-Premier by a Welsh society.

Mr. Lloyd George is to address a mass meeting this evening.—(Reuter.)

U.S. ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

Preliminary steps for the Republican Presidential campaign in 1924 were mapped out at a conference at the White House between President Coolidge and several party leaders and financial advisors.

Similar conferences of leaders from different parts of the country are expected to follow at the White House.

BEQUESTS TO BRITISH MUSEUM.

Mr. Charles Berradsile, of 5 Norfolk terrace, Brighton, who died in September last, aged 93 years, left unsettled property of the gross value of £50,734, with net personalty £49,362.

The testator left to the British Museum a number of *objets d'art*, most of which are now on loan to that institution, subject to the Treasury remitting the duty thereon, and not exacting a higher rate of duty on his estate by reason of the inclusion in the total sum of the value of the articles.

MR. CHURCHILL'S BOOK.—XVI.

NEW PLANS FOR THE DARDANELLES.

TEXT OF MR. CHURCHILL'S MEMORANDA.

"A HOT DISCUSSION."

REINFORCEMENTS FOR SIR IAN HAMILTON.

In the extracts from the second volume of Mr. Churchill's war memoirs which we published yesterday a decisive stage was reached with the formation of the first Coalition and his own departure from the Admiralty. He remained, however, a Minister, with a seat on the War Council, and in the extracts which follow he describes the fortunes of the Dardanelles Expedition under the new Administration.

By the RIGHT HON. WINSTON CHURCHILL.
(COPYRIGHT.)

ALTHOUGH without executive power, I was treated with much consideration by the new Cabinet, I continued to sit in my old place on Lord Kitchener's left hand. I was nominated to serve on the committee of nine Ministers which, under the title of the Dardanelles Committee, was virtually the old War Council.

I was invited to prepare statements on the situation, both naval and general, and every facility was placed at my disposal by the Admiralty for marshalling and checking the facts. On June 1 I circulated my two documents. The concluding part of the second was as follows:—

IV.—THE DARDANELLES.

"The position at the Dardanelles is at once hopeful and dangerous. The longer it lasts the more dangerous it will become. The sooner it is settled the sooner everything can again, if desired, be concentrated on the French and Flemish front. The unexpected delays in beginning the military operations and the gradual manner in which the troops have been dispatched have already given time for the Turks to make elaborate defensive preparations, to bring up reinforcements from Syria and elsewhere, and for the Germans to send submarines.

"If we delay longer in sending the necessary reinforcements, or send them piecemeal, we shall have in the end to send all, and more than all, that are now asked for, and we shall run the double risk of fighting the whole Turkish Army in relays around the Kilid Bahr plateau, and of being seriously harassed by numbers of German submarines, which will certainly be attracted to the spot by the success which has attended the first one. It seems most urgent to try to obtain a decision here, and wind up the enterprise in a satisfactory manner as soon as possible.

"Neuve Chapelle and other battles in France have shown that our troops and the French, with adequate numbers and artillery, can storm the enemy's entrenchments. But no strategic results are obtained in France and Flanders, as Lord Kitchener points out, from making, at an inordinate cost, an advance of three or four miles. For beyond the ground captured so dearly lies all the breadth of Flanders before even the Rhine is reached, and before the artillery of the attack can move forward and re-register, a new line of entrenchments not less strong than the old has been prepared by the enemy.

"But an advance of three or four miles in the Gallipoli Peninsula would produce strategic results of a decisive character. We have not at present enough high explosive shell for a sustained and continuous offensive in France, but the comparatively small quantities which are required at the Dardanelles are available. Here there is no room for new lines to be formed in rear, and no retreat for either side but into the sea. Every 500 yards gained here is an important step towards an imminent and vital result. And what a result!

"As soon as our troops can obtain positions from which the Kilid Bahr plateau can be rendered untenable the whole Turkish army concentrated there is lost. As soon as the plateau of Kilid Bahr is in our hands the forts on the European side must be evacuated by the enemy. Those on the Asiatic are commanded from the European side. The door is thus opened to the Fleet, which at some moment in these operations will advance through the Narrows, sweeping the minefields methodically.

"Once the forts and minefields of the Narrows are passed there is nothing to stop the Fleet entering the Marmora, and, once in the Marmora, it is a few hours' steam to Constantinople. The Turco-German Fleet can then certainly be destroyed. Its destruction removes the menace which has hitherto prevented a Russian army from crossing the Black Sea and attacking Constantinople from the North.

"Although the Russian army which had been held ready to profit by our success has now been drawn away by more urgent interim needs, the Russians certainly will not let Constantinople fall without their participation. Bulgaria cannot remain indifferent to the movement and approach of these events. She will be inevitably forced to march on Adrianople, and with Bulgaria the whole of the Balkans must come out on our side. Any Turkish troops in other parts of the Gallipoli Peninsula will be incidentally cut off as soon as the Fleet severs the water communication with Chanak and closes the Bulair isthmus from both sides.

"But the position of all the Turkish forces in Europe, whatever their numbers, is by the same series of events decisively affected. Their homes are in Asia, their food comes from Asia, their Government will have fled to Asia. They must fall into our hands with all their stores and artillery, as a mere by-product of the main operation. And all this depends on the conquest of three or four miles of ground! Where else in all the theatres of the war can we look during the next three months for a decisive victory, or for results of this extraordinary character!

"The consequences of failure, on the other hand, are set out by Lord Kitchener in paragraph 32 of the War Office Note in a manner which leaves nothing to be said.

"W. S. C."

New Military Decisions.

Opinion declared itself increasingly favourable to the prosecution of the enterprise at the Dardanelles and generally in the sense of the views which I had set forth on the military problem. It was not, however, until the afternoon of June 7 that the first meeting of the Dardanelles Committee was convened. It was composed of:—The Prime Minister, Lord Kitchener, Lord Lansdowne, Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Balfour, Lord Curzon, Lord Selborne, Lord Crewe, and myself.

Mr. Lloyd George, though a member, was not present on this occasion.

The Committee addressed itself to the requests for reinforcements contained in Sir Ian H

EXPANSION OF CREDIT.

MR. McKENNA'S CURE FOR UNEMPLOYMENT.

EVILS OF INFLATION.

VIEWS OF LEADERS OF BRITISH COMMERCE.

Britain's financial policy and its relationship to trade and employment are the subject of keen discussion at the moment. Yesterday Sir Arthur Balfour, speaking at the annual meeting in London of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, condemned the inflation of currency as "a disease as malignant as cancer," while at Sunderland the Marquis of Londonderry said that the adoption of a policy of inflation would be "suicidal."

The Right Hon. Reginald McKenna, Chairman of the London City and Midland Bank, and a former Chancellor of the Exchequer, speaking at a luncheon given by the Belfast Chamber of Commerce, made an important contribution to the discussion.

Mr. McKenna pleaded for the "intelligent control of credit, so that the trader may have certain knowledge when he gives an order that his money will have the same value when his order is fulfilled as when the order is given." The "intelligent control of credit," he was careful to explain, is a very different thing to a policy of monetary inflation.

State of Europe.

He began by reviewing the state of Europe, where there is "an epidemic of unbalanced Budgets," and said that, if trade were to recover the level of activity that it attained before 1914, peace and stability must be restored to the Continent. Nothing could be gained by crippling Germany. For commercial purposes no country was self-contained, and "a vital blow cannot be inflicted on a great commercial country without injury to ourselves."

France to Blame.

The principal cause of the continuance of unsettled conditions in Europe, he asserted, had been the occupation of the Ruhr by France. From the point of view of reparations, the French policy had been "disastrously unsuccessful."

In Great Britain there were 1,250,000 unemployed. Their maintenance cost £100,000,000 a year, but the real loss to the country was much greater. If those people could be brought back to work internal trade would expand; there would be a new market with a purchasing power of well over £100,000,000 a year. The expansion of the Dominion markets could not be rapid enough to meet the situation, and the European markets could not meet it. Internal trade was the only remedy available. How could it be applied?

The Answer.

Mr. McKenna answered the question by pointing to what had been done in the United States. In 1921 there were five million unemployed in America, and within eighteen months, owing to the growth of internal trade which a change in the country's financial policy produced, every man had been re-absorbed by industry.

Thus Mr. McKenna reached the conclusion that, "when unemployment is greatly in excess of the normal, we should abandon unhesitatingly the deflationary policy, which is a case of unemployment."

UNBALANCED BUDGETS.

But what I venture to name amongst your finest accomplishments is that your Finance Minister, Mr. Pollock, balanced his first Budget without recourse to loans. (Hear, hear.) Last year's surplus may not be a large one; but there it is, and you may well be proud of it. The world is suffering from an epidemic of unbalanced Budgets. Too many nations seem to think that liability for the expenditure they incur can be evaded by refusing to submit to the necessary taxation and rely upon making good any deficit by loans or by recourse to the printing press. It is the primrose path of finance, beginning so happily with high profits and low taxes, good wages and full employment, and ending, when credit is exhausted, with general impoverishment. You have been content with the old fashioned method of paying your way, and the future stability of your finance is now, I trust, assured.

Orderly government is a matter which in the main depends upon the character and conduct of your own people, but when we turn to trade we have to deal with conditions many of which are not under your control. Your trade is not merely a matter of production within your own borders and the exchange of your products among yourselves. In normal times your external trade is large and important. Your prosperity rises and falls with the prosperity of Great Britain and of the world generally, and an impoverished and disorganised Europe cannot fail to react upon Belfast, and be reflected in unemployment and diminished profits.

No country is for commercial purposes entirely self-contained, but you, like Great Britain, are dependent in an exceptional degree upon foreign trade. I do not wish to make too much of this point, because in every country internal trade is by far the more important, and something can be done by the development of domestic sources of supply and demand to make up for the loss of foreign markets. But any great change from established conditions takes time, and is inevitably attended by considerable losses and diminished wages during the process. As is the case with Great Britain, you have built up a trade organisation of a particular kind, adapted to the world's requirements as they existed before the war. The nature and volume of these requirements were determined by the free functioning of the trade organisation in other countries, and whatever shatters or even disturbs this condition has a restrictive effect upon you. If we are to recover the level of activity attained before 1914 we must first of all re-establish throughout Europe the conditions of peace and stability which then existed.

LOSS, NOT GAIN.

I cannot help thinking that there is a good deal of misconception on this subject. While it is admitted that the general unrest and disorganisation in Europe are bad for our trade, we often hear the question asked, Do we not gain more by the crippling of German competition than we lose by the sacrifice of a portion of our European market? We hear this in particular from those who defend the French occupation of the Ruhr, and I can well believe there are many people to whom this argument would make a strong appeal. A manufacturer, for instance, who secures an order which under normal conditions would have gone to Germany, would be hard to convince that we are not gainers by the destruction of German trade. But we have to look at the subject as a whole, and, if we examine our foreign trade in its entirety, I think we must come to the conclusion that a vital blow cannot be inflicted on a great commercial country without serious injury to ourselves.

I do not propose in support of this opinion merely to refer you to the fact that during the last few months our general trade has been at a very low ebb. You might justly reply that other causes may have been in operation, and that a decline in domestic apart from foreign trade might account for our present condition. I am going to ask you to look at the course of our foreign trade over a period of years. For this purpose I have had prepared a statement of the export trade of the United Kingdom for the ten years from 1903 to 1912, and a statement of the total export trade during the same period of thirty-nine countries, including Dominions and all the principal countries of the world in which regular statistics of trade are published. We may fairly speak of the exports of these thirty-nine countries as world exports.

HARD FACTS.

During these ten years the British proportion of the world's export trade remained fairly constant. The lowest percentage was 13.8, the highest 15.5. In the first year, 1903, the total of world exports was valued at £2,110 millions and the share of the United Kingdom was 13.8 per cent. In the last year of the period world exports had risen to £3,521 millions and the share of the United Kingdom was 13.8 per cent. Thus, while world exports increased £1,400 millions in value, the United Kingdom year by year received its due share of the increase and, as the prosperity of the world grew, the prosperity of the United Kingdom grew with it. We had our rivals and competitors during the whole of this period, but we never failed to get our full proportion of the world's trade.

Here I have given you an account of the growth of our trade during the last pre-war years. Now I ask you to look at the post-war figures of our exports and again to compare them with world exports. In 1920 our exports were 18.1 per cent. of the total; in 1921, owing to the protracted coal strike, they fell to 16.2 per cent.; but in 1922 they rose again to 17.3 per cent. I do not give you the actual figures, but only the percentage relation of one set to the other, because the immense rise in prices in 1920 and the subsequent fall vitiate for comparative purposes all figures of foreign trade measured in values. Here we see that our proportion of the export trade of the world had risen from 13.8 per cent. in 1912 to 17.3 per cent. in 1922. The havoc in several of the manufacturing countries of Europe and the crippling of some of our rivals were accompanied by an increase in our proportion of the world's exports from 13.8 to 17.3 per cent. So far, so good. But what of the actual state of our export trade? When due allowance is made for the difference in prices in the years named, we find that our exports were at least 25 per cent. less in 1922 than in 1912, and this decline took place notwithstanding the fact that our population had increased during the intervening years by over two millions.

DIMINISHED EXPORTS.

Whoever gives his attention to these figures can draw only one conclusion from them. On balance we lose by a reduction in the total volume of world trade even though the reduction be caused by the collapse of trade rivals. We may obtain, it is true, a larger percentage of what remains, but the final result is to diminish our total exports. We prosper as the world prospers; we decline as the world declines. We ought never to view with indifference the forcible impoverishment of great nations and the destruction of the fabric of their industrial life, and in no circumstances can we do so with impunity.

So much for the effect on our foreign trade of the disorganisation and disruption in Europe. The principal cause of the continuance of the unsettlement has been the French occupation of the Ruhr. Those who defend this occupation justify it on the ground that it is a material pledge for the payment of German reparations which would otherwise be evaded, but they do not give any information as to how the payment is to be made. So far, from the point of view of reparations, the policy has been disastrously unsuccessful. Although the pledge has been held for nearly ten months the deliveries of coal and coke, the principal reparation materials have been only at the rate of one-fifth of what they were immediately prior to the occupation. But whether the French are right or wrong in their view that the only way to force reparations is by means of a physical hold of the principal centre of German industry, it is obvious that in producing the will to pay they are destroying the capacity. The Ruhr is no longer an asset, but a liability, and it will be found that reparations cannot be obtained from a maimed and ruined country.

DISTRIBUTION.

Let us assume, however, that all the difficulties can be overcome and that reparations on a great scale can be extracted from Germany. We have still to settle reasonable terms of distribution amongst the Allies. On this subject the British Government have made an offer; if it erred on the side of generosity, the case is one in which generosity is wise. We have already lost more through unemployment, to which the chaotic condition of Europe contributes so greatly, than ever we shall recover from the payment of reparations. Our offer, however, has not been accepted, and we have, therefore, to reconsider the problem, a problem, which, on the wider the problem, includes the question of inter-allied debts between Governments.

(Continued on Page 8, Column 3.)

VERBATIM REPORT.

TRIBUTE TO NORTHERN MINISTRY.

The Right Hon. Reginald McKenna, who was received with applause, said:—

I am proud to be the guest of the Belfast Chamber of Comerce. Through my association with the Belfast Bank I may almost claim to be a Belfast man; but certainly if I may take the kindness of your reception as evidence of your feelings I can confidently claim that I find myself amongst friends.

During the last two or three years you in Northern Ireland have passed through a very difficult time. Whilst your trade and commerce have been suffering from the severe depression common to the whole kingdom, you have had to undertake new political responsibilities consequent on the greatness which has been thrust upon you. The success you have so rapidly achieved in the field of government is remarkable, and I think it is a good augury for the recovery of your commercial prosperity, more especially when I remember how deep and firm are the foundations on which the trade of Belfast is built. (Applause).

There is no more difficult task for a people to undertake than the establishment of a Government absolutely new. The Treaty of Versailles created many new nations, whose subsequent careers have afforded striking examples of this proposition. In less than two years, under the guidance of Sir James Craig and his colleagues, who have merited and won the warmest admiration of everyone, you have set up the whole apparatus of government, and experience has already shown that it functions smoothly and well.

DUBLIN DOCKERS.

AWAITING A LEAD.

WORK RESUMED IN THE PROVINCES.

Although the Dublin dockers' strike was declared to be closed by the Executive of the Irish Transport and General Workers' Union on Tuesday night, the announcement came too late apparently to allow a return to work yesterday. At any rate, none of the men presented themselves for work at the premises of the shipping companies.

On inquiry at the offices of the Transport Union Executive, an *Irish Times* reporter was informed that all branches had been instructed to make arrangements for a resumption of work as soon as possible. That might imply a delay of some days. As the decision of the Executive only became known yesterday, it was contended that an immediate resumption of work was out of the question. It would probably take a few days for the men to realise their position and assert themselves. It is understood that, in consequence of the Strike Committee's action in preventing the ballot, some members of the Committee were taken off by the sections that they represented. The bulk of the men are anxious to get back to work, but whether they will obey the order of the Executive remains to be seen.

The dispute has now lasted for fourteen weeks, and the sum paid out in strike money runs into the substantial figure of £84,000. The total loss in wages to the men must be almost £280,000.

At Liberty Hall the notice postponing the ballot until Friday remains, and it is stated that the Strike Committee have declared that day to be a general holiday at the port, so that all the men may vote. As the Strike Committee is now acting unofficially, some developments are expected on Friday. The Executive officials at Liberty Hall had nothing new to communicate yesterday.

CATTLE SHIPMENTS.

Arrangements are now complete for the shipment of cattle from Dublin for members of the Irish Cattle Traders' Association. Two steamers of the British and Irish Steam Packet Company, in readiness for this traffic, had steam up yesterday, and in view of the turn which matters have now taken, it is understood that transport workers who present themselves for work in the ordinary way will be taken on. If, however, no regular men are available, the Irish Cattle Traders' Association will have a staff of special men to carry on the work. The shipping company is simply providing the boats. The droving and loading will be dealt with by the cattle traders' men.

Should the cattle traders carry out their plan as originally arranged, protection has been promised by the Government.

While the dockers had in no case returned to work yesterday at the regular steamship lines, it is expected that something like normal conditions will be arranged in a day or so, and that ordinary sailings of passenger, goods, and stock steamers may be resumed by Monday next.

SATISFACTION IN BIRKENHEAD.

Satisfaction was expressed amongst the Irish cattle traders at Birkenhead when the news came through of the settlement of the dockers' dispute in the Irish Free State. The dispute has disorganised the cattle trade to a very great extent, and much inconvenience was experienced in the meat trade. As a result of the settlement very large numbers of cattle are expected at the Birkenhead lairages for sale at the week-end. There is also a fair supply at the Liverpool Stanley market. Other trades besides the meat trade will be favourably affected by the settlement of the strike, and it is expected that there will be a resumption of trading between England and Irish Free State ports.

The cross-Channel service from Liverpool to Cork, Waterford and Limerick are to be resumed immediately.

PROTECTION FOR CATTLE SHIPPERS.

As a measure of precaution against any attempt being made by extremists to interfere with to-day's Dublin Cattle Market, troops were posted over a wide area on the North side of the city early this morning. The North Circular road and the side streets were patrolled at frequent intervals.

Soldiers were stationed at Liffey Junction and Cabra, where cattle were detrained during the night. There were no incidents.

WORK BEGUN IN CORK.

MANY VESSELS DISCHARGED.

All permanent men connected with dock labour in Cork were at work yesterday for the first time in fourteen weeks. Matters have not yet got into full swing, but an atmosphere of commercial activity has been substituted for the air of slackness which has been characteristic of the port during the last three months.

The various establishments affected by the dispute have been re-opened. All the carters, however, are not back at work, and discharging and loading operations will be greatly hampered on this account. These men are not concerned in the dockers' settlement, but it is believed that the difficulty will be speedily arranged.

Several ships which have been awaiting discharge will provide plenty of work. The ss. Carrigan Head, of Belfast, which has been at the quays with wheat since the commencement of the strike, will begin unloading to-day. Three other grain boats are coming up from the lower harbour, where they have been waiting, and five vessels are discharging at the quays.

The shipping companies announce a full resumption of all services immediately. The ss. Moorfowl, on the Fishguard service, which ran during the strike for passengers only, is at present loading cattle and cargo for Fishguard.

There was an important development yesterday in connection with the other Cork disputes, which involve several unions, the chief of which are the Distributive Workers' and the Grocers' and Allied Trades. The Employers' Federation wrote to Professor O'Rahilly signifying their acceptance of his amended terms of settlement. It is learned that the workers' reply will not be sent immediately, so that there cannot be any settlement before a day or two. A general meeting has been summoned for to-day of all members of the Distributive Workers' Union affected by the disputes.

SAILINGS RESUMED AT WATERFORD.

The Waterford Port strike ended yesterday, and the announcement was hailed with satisfaction by everyone in the city. Last week the dockers held a secret ballot on the Government's offer, and it is now known that they accepted it by a very large majority. So exasperated were the County Waterford farmers at the duration of the strike that they were about to charter a vessel for the transport of live stock and agricultural produce. The Clyde Shipping Company announce the immediate resumpton of sailing. The Great Western Company have not yet made any announcement.

The number of men affected in Waterford was about 500.

EXPORTS FROM BANTRY.

Large numbers of cattle, sheep, horses, and pigs have been shipped from Bantry Port during the week direct to British ports. Buyers for the farmers' unions and other interests have been going through the country, and fair prices are now being given to the farmers. These dealers state that prices are rising, and will continue to do so for some time.

HUNGER-STRIKERS.

LEADERS REMOVED FROM MOUNTJOY.

According to Dr. Con Murphy, of the Reorganising Committee of Sinn Fein, several Republican leaders who took the oath to abstain from food have been transferred from Mountjoy to Kilmainham Jail. Among them were Ernest O'Malley (reported very weak), Austin Stack, Eamonn Donnelly, and Frank Gallagher. Dr. Murphy says also that, in all, forty hunger-strikers have been removed from Mountjoy to Tintown No. 3 Camp.

A message from Warsaw states that during the construction of a canal there the skeletons of three mammoths have been dug up.

MORE FIGHTING IN HAMBURG.

TRENCHES IN THE STREETS.

RHINE REPUBLIC.

DR. STRESEMANN'S NEW MOVE.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BERLIN, Wednesday.

Reports from Germany's numerous war fronts are of a more reassuring nature to-night. Angry armed citizens are evidently giving the Separatists a bad pommelling in the various Rhineland towns, where an attempt is being made to proclaim a Republic.

At Hamburg the Reds, after renewed heavy fighting this morning, have been overawed by a combination of the police, army, the fleet, and the local citizens' volunteer force.

The Army, which has occupied Saxony, is meeting with no serious resistance, while even in Bavaria it is reported that soldiers display increasing unwillingness to bow to the dictates of von Kahr and the mutinous General von Lossow.

The situation on the home front, too, is slightly easier in the sense that in Berlin and other big towns the bread shortage is being overcome, and big quantities of foodstuffs are being rushed in.

The daily mark slump, moreover, has been less sensational to-day.

The suppression of the Hamburg outbreak proved a more difficult affair than was at first anticipated. Fighting was renewed during the night, and at dawn this morning fierce barricaded battles were again in progress in various districts. The heaviest fighting took place in the suburbs of Barmbeck and Schiffbeck; trenches in the streets being dug, and vigorously defended by the Communists in the last-mentioned locality.

The police losses in the barricade fighting was heavy in wounded, but, fortunately, there was no dead on their side this morning. Firing by the Reds from the housetops made the police task especially difficult. The presence of the cruiser Hamburg, with guns menacingly pointed on the harbour wharves, and torpedo boats had a sobering effect on the rioters, but the vessels did not take part in the fighting.

The social conditions continue chaotic, although the feeling is growing that the Stresemann Government now dominate the situation.

THE RHINELAND.

AUTONOMOUS STATE TO BE PROCLAIMED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
BERLIN, Wednesday.

It is understood in well-informed circles here that Dr. Stresemann, who leaves for Hagen, Westphalia, to-night, will there publicly announce the German Government's intention to confer autonomy on the Rhineland. This step is a retort to the Separatists.

FIGHTING IN THE RHINELAND.

SEPARATISTS DEFEATED IN MANY TOWNS.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
COLOGNE, Wednesday.

The Rhineland Republic fiasco is almost complete. With the single exception of Duren, which is the military headquarters of the movement, the Separatists have been routed everywhere. The movement is opposed by 90 per cent. of the population.

This afternoon I visited Duren and interviewed Herr Hugo Hector, a prominent Separatist leader, who led the assault which ended in the capture of the town. He said that the Republicans aimed at complete separation from Germany, and demanded complete independence. "We want to form a buffer State between the contending Powers in the East and West. Our aim is to further the interests of peace, which cannot be achieved under present conditions."

COLOGNE, Tuesday.

This morning's news indicates that the Rhineland Republic movement, which was commenced at Aix-la-Chapelle on Sunday, is everywhere collapsing. The defeat of the Separatists is entirely due to the opposition of the public.

About 400 Separatists marched into Dusseldorf yesterday, but it is reported that their intention of declaring a republic was defeated.

At Muncher-Gladbach the Separatists have been routed, and the Burgomaster, whom they appointed, killed in the course of the street fighting.

Reports from Duisberg this morning state that the republic has been proclaimed there. Fighting is expected.

At Aix-la-Chapelle the Separatists, under the protection of the Belgians, still hold one or two Government buildings; but after yesterday's bloodshed they dare not show themselves in the streets. The citizens generally are infuriated at the conduct of the Separatists, who yesterday from their motor cars fired revolvers into the crowd, killing and wounding men, women, and children. Several of the rebels were nearly lynched, and their flags were torn down and burned.

The total casualties in yesterday's fighting were 12 killed and about 30 wounded.

Other messages report that the Separatists have been driven out of the following towns—Coblentz, Mayence, Crefeld, Dusseldorf, Julich, Rheydt.

At Bonn, Wiesbaden, and Coblentz the Separatists are reported to have seized the Town Halls. Further food riots are reported at Elberfeld, Kiel, and other German towns.

MISSING SHIP MYSTERY.

POSSIBLE COINCIDENCE OF NAMES

Reuter's Agency is informed by the Federal Steam Navigation Company that the steamer Westmoreland, reported to have been sunk off the American coast, cannot be the vessel of that name belonging to their line, as they are in possession of a wireless telegram dated October 22, 10 p.m., which was transmitted *via* the s.s. Lapland, from the captain of the Westmoreland to his wife, which reads as follows: "Well. Weather permitting, will be home Saturday."

This is the date that the Westmoreland is due in this country, and placed the vessel at that time within about eight hundred miles of the United Kingdom.

It is believed that the S.O.S. came from some other vessel, possibly a smaller craft of the same name.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

No further word has been received from the steamer whose wireless message that she was in distress off Delaware breakwater was picked up yesterday. Every effort is being made to clear up the question of her nationality, and urgent inquiries are being made at Boston and Washington.

FIRE AT SEA.

STEAMER ABANDONED.

BASTIA, CORSICA, Wednesday.

Following an explosion and fire, the steamer Corinthgus, plying between Marseilles and Corsica, had to be abandoned out at sea, where she is still burning. Three seamen were killed and three injured.—(Reuter.)

LEVIATHAN DELAYED.

The Leviathan will arrive at Southampton on Saturday morning, having been delayed by bad weather. According to wireless messages from the steamer, she is due at Cherbourg to-morrow night.

EX-CROWN PRINCE

WANTS TO RETURN TO GERMANY

AS A PRIVATE CITIZEN.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
THE HAGUE, Wednesday.

I can definitely state that the ex-Crown Prince William has just formally applied to the Dutch Government for permission to leave Holland, and to the German authorities here for the necessary passport and *visa* to return to Germany.

He has given a solemn pledge that he renounces monarchist ambitions, and wishes to live as a private citizen in Germany. It would seem that the Dutch Government has no objections in principle against granting a *visa*. The German authorities here have referred the matter to the Berlin Government.

GEN. SMUTS' SPEECH.

RECEPTION IN THE UNITED STATES.

The challenging speech by General Smuts on the European situation was widely quoted yesterday all over the world.

In America it aroused great interest, and was "splashed" on the front page of several papers, with such headings as "African Premier hints that Britain may use pressure to make Paris join Reparation Conference." "General Smuts pillories France; accuses Poincaré of breaking Treaty." "General Smuts arraigns France; urges new Conference."

The Correspondent of the *New York World* declares that the speech was clearly a reply to the efforts of the "Diehard" Ministers to muzzle the Imperial Conference debates. "General Smuts's speech," adds the *World*, "is, therefore, the opening gun in the political battle. General Smuts, who believes in open diplomacy, has carried the fight into the open."

The *New York Sun* says "that South Africa, after the Boer War, showed that magnanimous spirit which is now needed in Europe to effect a settlement."

The *New York Evening Post* says "that the only way to win France back from her fears and her errors is through a concrete effort in the direction of common sacrifice for the sake of the peace of the world."

The *New York Evening World*, representing the Opposition, suggests that the United States Government is now beginning to suspect that it miscalculated when it negotiated for a separate treaty with Germany, and that it would have been better to stick with the Allies, and use the influence of the United States to quiet French fears, keep Germany together, and help Europe to start the flow of benefits.

German Reception.

The Berlin Correspondent of *The Times* says that he learns that General Smuts's proposals have been favourably received in German Government circles, and that it is intended to persist in the request for an inquiry by an International Commission into the German capacity to pay.

Offer from United States.

The Political Correspondent of the *Daily Mail* to-day says that considerable speculation has been aroused by the statement in General Smuts's speech that negotiations are afoot to promote a conference of all the Powers concerned in the recovery of reparations. In this connection, it is understood that the Government are now closely studying an offer made by the United States to take part in a settlement of this question, should their assistance be required. Apparently this is as far as the negotiations have gone.

Duke of Devonshire's Thanks.

The Duke of Devonshire, speaking at a dinner in London last night, thanked General Smuts for his speech of the previous day. The consciousness of the Dominion representatives that they had full liberty of thought and speech when they came to the Imperial Conference was, he believed, the only way they could approach as an Empire the solution of the great problems in times of war and of peace. Though in the Conference room they might not see eye to eye on every point, it was to the benefit of the whole that they should frankly and freely state their views, and be able to approach the solution of great problems with a single-hearted and sole desire of working for the one great object they had in view.

SOUTH DUBLIN.

PRESIDENT'S LETTER TO MR. KENNEDY.

Polling takes place to-day in South Dublin. The candidates are:—

Mr. Hugh Kennedy, Attorney-General (Cumann na nGaedheal), and

Mr. Michael O'Mullane (Republican).

Last night President Cosgrave sent the following letter to Mr. Kennedy:—

"I believe it to be my duty to write to you now on the eve of the poll. I feel so much the necessity for your return that, even in the sad circumstances of these last three days, I cannot refrain from making one last appeal to the electors of South Dublin to return you to represent them in the Dail.

"The Oireachtas is the people's Parliament. Its members ought to be the cream of public representation. We are, under difficulties, engaged at the great work of nation-building, and we want your help. It is in the power of the people of Dublin at this juncture to render the greatest service in their power by returning you. I have confidence they will do so, and I can only hope it will be by a substantial majority."

GREEK REVOLT.

GOVERNMENT SUCCESSES CONTINUED.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
ATHENS, Wednesday.

The revolutionary movement in Peloponnesus, where General Metaxas attempted to set up a provisional Government, is gradually subsiding, and, it is believed, will be entirely suppressed without bloodshed, like the outbreak in Northern Greece.

At no point have the rebels shown any organised resistance to the Government forces, and everywhere the leaders of the revolt are in flight.

Arrests of the partisans of General Metaxas continue to be made, and the measures taken by the Government to suppress the outbreak appear to have been completely effectual.

ARMISTICE DAY IN IRELAND.

EARLY CHURCH SERVICES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—As Armistice Day (the 11th November) will fall on a Sunday this year, may I be permitted through the columns of your paper to make the request to the ministers and officers of the Methodist Church in Ireland to consider the advisability, as well as the suitability, of holding the Morning Service on that day at 10.45, instead of at the usual hour? I feel assured that the people worshipping in our churches would appreciate the opportunity of observing the two minutes' silence at 11 o'clock in the atmosphere of God's House. May I express the earnest hope that, where at all possible, this suggestion will be acted upon, in order to meet what I believe would be the desire of Methodist people generally?—Yours, etc.,

JAMES W. PARKHILL,
President of the Methodist Church in Ireland.

Portadown, October 22nd, 1923.

Major-General Sir W. Sefton Brancker, Director of Civil Aviation in Great Britain, flew from London to Nice yesterday in an aeroplane piloted by Mr. Cobham. He is going to the International Aviation Conference in Rome.

TO-DAY'S LONDON PAPERS.

INTERDEPENDENCE.

BRITISH STATESMEN'S DECLARATIONS.

The Times, referring to the highly interesting and significant declarations which have been made on the eve of Mr. Baldwin's much-canvassed speech at Plymouth by Imperial statesmen and others, mentions those of General Smuts, the American Ambassador; Sir Eric Geddes, Mr. McKenna and Mr. Bruce, the Australian Prime Minister. The latter made two important speeches yesterday, one dealing with Imperial industries and the other with agriculture. When Mr. Bruce urges that new wealth must be created, he hits upon one clue to the alleviation of our economic troubles, obvious, indeed, but too often ignored. It is a favourite argument of fervent Free Traders that the proportion of British trade that goes to Europe is just about the same to-day as it was before the war; that, therefore, the state of Europe has little to do with the present unemployment, and should not be made an excuse for artificially fostering our trade with the Dominions. That particular argument misses a part of the point which was put with great clearness and force by Mr. McKenna yesterday at Belfast. The ex-Chancellor of the Exchequer quoted figures to show that the prosperity of Britain increases or diminishes with the general rise or fall in the world's prosperity. As its bulk grows, so does the production of this country. We prosper as the world prospers, and decline as the world declines. This commercial axiom has its counterpart, of course, in the sphere of pure politics, and the happiness and well-being of any one country is, in the average, benefited by the prosperity of all.

We hope that this inter-dependence of British prosperity with that of Europe will not be forgotten (for no man understands it better) by the Prime Minister in his speech to-day. There is an impression that he intends for the moment to leave foreign affairs alone, and to devote himself strictly to domestic and Imperial problems. He may, indeed, be right in believing that another moment, a few days hence, may be more suitable for formulating a definite European policy. But he is hardly likely to dispute the essential inter-dependence of all countries' economic problems, and particularly the close bonds which unite British and European prosperity. There is no case for any precipitate declaration, but it is clear that we must increase the volume of production and trade where we can, and as swiftly as we can.

It may well be that the Prime Minister thinks that the first step to world reconstruction is to set in order the house of the British Commonwealth. A constructive and extended system of preference is probably a wise measure from the economic, as it certainly is from the political, point of view. Mr. Baldwin has a vast problem to face this evening. If he can proclaim a policy which without increasing the cost of living in this country can yet do more to assure British markets for British goods, he will not merely stimulate the development of the great untapped resources of our Commonwealth of Nations, but will also contribute a solid nucleus of increased production to the prosperity of the whole world.

MR. BALDWIN'S SPEECH.

RUMOURS OF A GENERAL ELECTION.

The Times Special Correspondent at Plymouth telegraphed last night:—There are few among the 1,300 delegates gathered here for the 51st annual conference of the National Unionist Association, which opens in the Guildhall to-morrow, who do not believe that Mr. Baldwin's speech and the discussions at the conference will mark a definite epoch in the history of the Unionist Party. The Prime Minister, indeed, may well feel embarrassed by the anxiety with which his speech is awaited. When he appears on the platform of the New Palladium Picture Theatre to-morrow evening he will be supported by members of the Cabinet and Unionist leaders and workers from all parts of the country. They believe that his speech will infuse new life into the Party. Ministers and other members of Parliament who have been speaking in their constituencies during the recess admit that they have been hampered by the lack of a concrete constructive programme to lay before the electorate as a counterblast to Socialist activities. Mr. Baldwin is looked to to supply the deficiency.

Rumour is busy here as to the possibility of an early general election. Certain members of the Cabinet are known to be in favour of an early appeal to the country if the Prime Minister outlines a big programme of Imperial preference. On the other hand, there is a strong feeling that whatever Mr. Baldwin may say can offer no justification for an early election, but should rather be regarded as the basis of a policy for future development, and for submission to the electorate at a later stage.

THE GERMAN CRISIS.

REPARATION OBLIGATIONS.

In a Note, which was handed to the Reparation Commission in Paris yesterday, the German Government declared that, now that passive resistance in the Ruhr has come to an end, it is ready in principle to resume the carrying out of its reparation obligations, but in the present state of affairs it is unable to finance the operations, states *The Times*.

The Reparation Commission is requested to make a fresh examination of Germany's resources and capacity to pay.

CHINESE BANDITS.

RAILWAY STATION SACKED.

PEKING, Wednesday.

The *Daily News* reports that five hundred bandits yesterday morning attacked and sacked the station at Kuanting, south of Chengchow. An express train from Hankow arrived at Kuanting during the raid, but the driver reversed and took his train back again.

The bandits fired on the express, and bullets struck the engine. No damage was, however, done.

Troops were despatched to Kuanting as soon as possible after the attack, and fighting ensued throughout the morning. The bandits were driven off.

MR. LLOYD GEORGE.

ARRIVAL IN PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, Wednesday.

Mr. Lloyd George, who arrived here this morning, in cold and rainy weather, was met at the station, among other people, by Mr. Davis, Secretary of Labour.

During the afternoon the degree of the American Gorsedd was conferred on the ex-Premier by a Welsh society.

Mr. Lloyd George is to address a mass meeting this evening.—(Reuter.)

U.S. ELECTION CAMPAIGN.

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.
WASHINGTON, Wednesday.

Preliminary steps for the Republican Presidential campaign in 1924 were mapped out at a conference at the White House between President Coolidge and several party leaders and financial advisors.

Similar conferences of leaders from different parts of the country are expected to follow at the White House.

BEQUESTS TO BRITISH MUSEUM.

Mr. Charles Berradaile, of 3 Norfolk terrace, Brighton, who died in September last, aged 93 years, left unsettled property of the gross value of £50,734, with net personalty £49,362.

The testator left to the British Museum a number of *objets d'art*, most of which are now on loan to that institution, subject to the Treasury remitting the duty thereon and not exacting a higher rate of duty on his estate by reason of the inclusion in the total sum of the value of the articles.

MR. CHURCHILL'S BOOK.—XVI.

NEW PLANS FOR THE DARDANELLES.

TEXT OF MR. CHURCHILL'S MEMORANDA.

"A HOT DISCUSSION."

REINFORCEMENTS FOR SIR IAN HAMILTON.

In the extracts from the second volume of Mr. Churchill's war memoirs which we published yesterday a decisive stage was reached with the formation of the first Coalition and his own departure from the Admiralty. He remained, however, a Minister, with a seat on the War Council, and in the extracts which follow he describes the fortunes of the Dardanelles Expedition under the new Administration.

By the RIGHT HON. WINSTON CHURCHILL.

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ALTHOUGH without executive power, I was treated with much consideration by the new Cabinet, I continued to sit in my old place on Lord Kitchener's left hand. I was nominated to serve on the committee of nine Ministers which, under the title of the Dardanelles Committee, was virtually the old War Council.

I was invited to prepare statements on the situation, both naval and general, and every facility was placed at my disposal by the Admiralty for marshalling and checking the facts. On June 11 I circulated my two documents. The concluding part of the second was as follows:—

IV.—THE DARDANELLES.

"The position at the Dardanelles is at once hopeful and dangerous. The longer it lasts the more dangerous it will become. The sooner it is settled the sooner everything can again, if desired, be concentrated on the French and Flemish front. The unexpected delays in beginning the military operations and the gradual manner in which the troops have been dispatched have already given time for the Turks to make elaborate defensive preparations, to bring up reinforcements from Syria and elsewhere, and for the Germans to send submarines

"If we delay longer in sending the necessary reinforcements, or send them piecemeal, we shall have in the end to send all, and more than all, that are now asked for, and we shall run the double risk of fighting the whole Turkish Army in relays around the Kilid Bahr plateau, and of being seriously harassed by numbers of German submarines, which will certainly be attracted to the spot by the success which has attended the first one. It seems most urgent to try to obtain a decision here, and wind up the enterprise in a satisfactory manner as soon as possible.

"Neuve Chapelle and other battles in France have shown that our troops and the French, with adequate numbers and artillery, can storm the enemy's entrenchments. But no strategic results are obtained in France and Flanders, as Lord Kitchener points out, from making, at an inordinate cost, an advance of three or four miles. For beyond the ground captured so dearly lies all the breadth of Flanders before even the Rhine is reached, and before the artillery of the attack can move forward and re-register, a new line of entrenchments not less strong than the old has been prepared by the enemy.

"But an advance of three or four miles in the Gallipoli Peninsula would produce strategic results of a decisive character. We have not at present enough high explosive shell for a sustained and continuous offensive in France, but the comparatively small quantities which are required at the Dardanelles are available. Here there is no room for new lines to be formed in rear, and no retreat for either side but into the sea. Every 500 yards gained here is an important step towards an imminent and vital result. And what a result!

"As soon as our troops can obtain positions from which the Kilid Bahr plateau can be rendered untenable the whole Turkish army concentrated there is lost. As soon as the plateau of Kilid Bahr is in our hands the forts on the European side must be evacuated by the enemy. Those on the Asiatic are commanded from the European side. The door is thus opened to the Fleet, which at some moment in these operations will advance through the Narrows, sweeping the minefields methodically.

"Once the forts and minefields of the Narrows are passed there is nothing to stop the Fleet entering the Marmora, and, once in the Marmora, it is a few hours' steam to Constantinople. The Turco-German Fleet can then certainly be destroyed. Its destruction removes the menace which has hitherto prevented a Russian army from crossing the Black Sea and attacking Constantinople from the North.

"Although the Russian army which had been held ready to profit by our success has now been drawn away by more urgent interim needs, the Russians certainly will not let Constantinople fall without their participation. Bulgaria cannot remain indifferent to the movement and approach of these events. She will be inevitably forced to march on Adrianople, and with Bulgaria the whole of the Balkans must come out on our side. Any Turkish troops in other parts of the Gallipoli Peninsula will be incidentally cut off as soon as the Fleet severs the water communication with Chanak and closes the Bulair isthmus from both sides.

"But the position of all the Turkish forces in Europe, whatever their numbers, is by the same series of events decisively affected. Their homes are in Asia, their food comes from Asia, their Government will have fled to Asia. They must fall into our hands with all their stores and artillery, as a mere by-product of the main operation. And all this depends on the conquest of three or four miles of ground! Where else in all the theatres of the war can we look during the next three months for a decisive victory, or for results of this extraordinary character!

"The consequences of failure, on the other hand, are set out by Lord Kitchener in paragraph 32 of the War Office Note in a manner which leaves nothing to be said.

"W. S. C."

New Military Decisions.

Opinion declared itself increasingly favourable to the prosecution of the enterprise at the Dardanelles and generally in the sense of the views which I had set forth on the military problem. It was not, however, until the afternoon of June 7 that the first meeting of the Dardanelles Committee was convened. It was composed of:—The Prime Minister, Lord Kitchener, Lord Lansdowne, Mr. Bonar Law, Mr. Balfour, Lord Curzon, Lord Selborne, Lord Crewe, and myself.

Mr. Lloyd George, though a member, was not present on this occasion.

The Committee addressed itself to the requests for reinforcements contained in Sir Ian Hamilton's telegram of

Hamilton with three divisions of the New Army in addition to the Lowland Territorial Division, which had already been dispatched under orders issued before the interregnum.

He stated that he could not consent to remain responsible for the conduct of the war if it were decided to abandon the attack upon the Gallipoli Peninsula. The Council accepted this clear guidance not merely with relief but with satisfaction. Opinion was unanimous. The following conclusions were recorded:—

1. To reinforce Sir Ian Hamilton with the three remaining divisions of the First New Army with a view to an assault in the second week of July.
2. To send out certain naval units.

The naval measures decided on by the new Board of Admiralty and the new War Council were in principle the same, slightly extended, as those which had been previously pressed by me upon Lord Fisher on the eve of his resignation. The military decisions were, however, on a far larger scale than any which Lord Kitchener had countenanced hitherto. Besides the two divisions which it was in contemplation to send on May 17 and May 30 respectively (one of which had already gone), two others were added; and of the four divisions so assigned to Sir Ian Hamilton, three were to be divisions of the New Army, which was considered, perhaps unjustly, superior to the Territorial divisions at this period.

Cabinet Decisions.

The conclusions of the Dardanelles Committee of June 7 were brought before the Cabinet on the 9th; and a very hot discussion arose on the general principle of whether the Dardanelles enterprise should be persevered in, or whether we should "cut our loss" and come away. This was, in fact, going over the whole process by which the Dardanelles Committee had arrived at their conclusions. The sense of the Cabinet on the whole was, however, clearly with the Committee, and in the end it was agreed that the three divisions should go as reinforcements to Sir Ian Hamilton.

There was, however, from the outset to the end a duality of opinion in the Cabinet which, although it did not follow party lines, resembled a party cleavage, and at every stage in the rest of the Dardanelles operations caused serious embarrassment. Had the Prime Minister possessed or been able to acquire plenary authority, and had he been permitted to exercise it during May and June without distraction or interruption, it is my belief, based upon daily acquaintance with these transactions, that he would have taken the measures which even at this stage would have resulted in securing a decisive victory.

But from the moment of the formation of the Coalition power was dispersed and counsels were divided, and every military decision had to be carried by the same sort of process of tact, temporising and exhaustion which occurs over a clause in a keenly-contested bill in the House of Commons in time of peace. These facts are stated not with a view of making reproaches where all were equally sincere and equally well-meaning, but to explain the melancholy turn of events.

We had now at length got on June 9 the kind of decisions which were necessary to carry the enterprise through to success. There was no *military* reason of any kind why the decisions which were reached on June 7 and June 9 should not have been taken within forty-eight hours of Sir Ian Hamilton's telegram of May 17. But from causes in which the enemy had no part, which arose solely from the confusion into which the governing instrument in this country had been thrown, from a fortnight to three weeks were lost for ever.

The Factor of Time.

The consequences were momentous. Time was the dominating factor. The extraordinary mobility and unexpectedness of amphibious power can only be exerted in strict relation to limited periods of time. The surprise, the rapidity and the intensity of the attack are all dependent on the state of the enemy's preparations at a given moment. Every movement undertaken on one side can be matched by a counter-movement on the other. Force and time in this kind of operation amount to almost the same thing, and each can to a very large extent be expressed in terms of the other.

A week lost was about the same as a division. Three divisions in February could have occupied the Gallipoli Peninsula with little fighting. Five could have captured it after March 18. Seven were insufficient at the end of April, but nine might just have done it. Eleven might have sufficed at the beginning of July. Fourteen were to prove insufficient on August 7. Moreover, one delay breeds another.

The date of the next great attack on the Gallipoli Peninsula was governed by two factors—the arrival of the new army, and to a lesser extent by the state of the moon. It was considered that a surprise landing at a fresh point could best be effected on a moonless night. If, therefore, the dark period of July was missed, the operation in the particular form adopted must stand over till the similar period in August. It will be seen by reference to the decisions of the Dardanelles Committee of June 7 that they contemplated an attack in the second week of July, and believed that the three new divisions would all have arrived by then.

This would have been the most favourable moment. It could certainly have been achieved if the decision had been taken promptly on the receipt of Sir Ian Hamilton's telegram, or, if pending a general decision on policy, the dispatch of reinforcements by divisions could have proceeded while the Government were considering the matter. But as it was, the troops that it was now decided to send did not or could not arrive in time for a July attack. The three New Army divisions did not, in fact, finish arriving until July had ended. Thus the great battle at Anzac and Suvla Bay was fought in the second week of August, instead of, as would have been perfectly practicable, in the early part of July.

New Turkish Divisions.

During the month that was thus lost, *i.e.*, from the beginning of July to the beginning of August, *ten new Turkish divisions*, or their equivalents, besides important drafts, according to our now certain knowledge, reached the defenders of the Peninsula, and thus our new divisions, which we had at last decided to send, and which if sent in time would have given us a good superiority, were equated and cancelled out before they got to the spot. Moreover, in the interval our land forces were greatly wasted and reduced by sickness and casualties, and the fleet was exposed to continuous danger from submarines.

The Germans acquired an ever-increasing control of the Turkish army, and the whole methods of defence were in consequence far better organised. The defeats of the Russians in Galicia during June and July produced a marked change in the fighting spirit of the Turks on the Peninsula. The removal from Batoum of General Istomine's army, which was thrown into the main Russian battle-fields, liberated the considerable forces which the Turks had been forced to keep concentrated at or near Midia to guard against a landing there. Before June was half over it became clear that the reinforcements could not reach the Dardanelles in time for a July battle. The second week in August was the earliest date when the troops would be there, and the nights would be moonless.

Values and Hazards.

Mr. Balfour by most strenuous exertions was able to undertake the transport of additional troops. For this purpose he had resource once again to the great liners Aquitania, Mauretania, and Olympic. For several weeks the Admiralty had shrank from using these giants on account of the awful consequences if they were sunk with seven or eight thousand men on board.

The new First Lord, as he gradually began to measure and appraise the values and hazards in this terrible sphere, resolved to repeat the action which I had taken, providentially without misadventure, five weeks before. In the end, therefore, the two extra divisions were ordered to sail, and it seemed probable that they would arrive in time for the August battle. Meanwhile, the Turks also on their side must be moving.

On June 16 I completed a further general memorandum for the Cabinet. I endeavoured in this to show the relation which the attack on the Dardanelles took to the whole field of the war, and concluded the memorandum thus:—

"10. However these vast problems are approached, the dominant needs emerge in clear sequence.

First, to re-equip Russia for 1916.

Secondly, to rally the Balkan States against Austria and Turkey, thus forcing the Central Powers to bleed along a new front, and at the same time protecting Italy.

Thirdly, to nurse France through the winter.

"But in order that a voice may be heard amid the indistinct murmurings or unconvincing assertions of the various Governments, it is necessary that one of the Powers should speak, not only with the consciousness of a clear policy, but with the indispensable prestige of victory. It is open to Great Britain now to take the necessary lead in the Allied Councils. She commands the sea. In that respect her primary weapon has vindicated itself even more decisively than the German Army. She wields the power of the purse. She is becoming an important arsenal of munitions. Her military strength, which has for some months been respectable, is growing substantially. She only requires victory to give her the ascendancy without which no good common action is to be expected.

"II. There can be no doubt that we now possess the means and the power to take Constantinople before the end of the summer if we act with decision and with a due sense of proportion. The striking down of one of the three hostile Empires against which we are contending, and the fall to our arms of one of the most famous capitals in the world, with the results which must flow therefrom, will, conjoined with our other advantages, confer upon us a far-reaching influence among the Allies, and enable us to ensure their indispensable co-operation. Most of all, it will react on Russia. It will give the encouragement so sorely needed. It will give the reward so long desired. It will render a service to an Ally unparalleled in the history of nations. It will multiply the resources and open the channel for the re-equipment of the Russian armies. It will dominate the Balkan situation and cover Italy. It will resound through Asia. Here is the prize, and the only prize, which lies within reach this year. It can certainly be won without unreasonable expense, and within a comparatively short time. But we must act now, and on a scale which makes speedy success certain.

W.S.C."

June 18, 1915.

(*To be continued to-morrow.*)

DUBLIN CORPORATION APPOINTMENTS.—Recent Successes gained by pupils of Rosse College, Stephen's Green, Dublin; Standard Clerks (May)—Miss M. McAssy, Mr. E. Joyce, Mr. A. Murphy; Typists (March)—Misses M. O'Neill, M. Coleman, E. Lightfoot.—(Advt.)

U.S. MARKETS.

STOCKS CLOSED IRREGULAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

Stocks opened irregular. Most of the representative Railroads and Industrials were sustained despite increased liquidation in low-priced stocks, notably Copper issues, which touched the year's lowest level. The market closed irregular. Government Bonds firm. Railroad Bonds irregular. The day's sales totalled 550,000 shares. Money on call firm, closing at 4½ p.c. Bid and 4¾ asked. Actual loans were all negotiated during the day at 4½ p.c. Sterling exchange rates irregular. Silver ¼c. up for foreign-mined at 65¾.

The following quarterly dividends have been declared:—

Pennsylvania Railroad, ¾ p.c., and Bethlehem Steel, 1¼ p.c.

Quarterly earnings:—Bethlehem Steel, $4,401,000; decrease, $1,026,000.

Canadian Pacific and Great Northern Ore Certs. advanced ¾, Chesapeake and Ohio Common and Norfolk and Western Common ½, General Electric 2, International Mercantile Marine Pref. 1½, Royal Dutch Petroleum 1½, and Shell Ord. ¾.

Chicago Milwaukee Common declined 2½, Missouri Pacific and Utah Copper 1, Southern Pacific ½, American Smelting and Refining Common ¾, Anaconda Copper 1¾ and U.S. Steel Pref. 1½.

Eng. Parity	Stocks.	Closing Bid Prices Tues	Wed	Business Done. H.	L.
113⅛	Funded	102¾	102⅝	—	—
109½	Atch., Top., Santa Fe...	96	95¾	—	—
96⅛	Do. Preference	87	87⅛	—	—
67⅜	Baltimore and Ohio	56½	55	—	—
139A	Canadian Pacific	143	143	—	—
74	Chesapeake Ohio Com.	66	64¼	—	—
13½	Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	14	13¾	—	—
66⅛	Chicago and N.-West	60½	59¾	—	—
24A	Erie 1st Preferred	21⅝	21⅜	—	—
54⅛	Do. 4% Gen. Lien Bds.	49⅝	49⅜	—	—
58½	Great Northern Pref.	52⅞	52¼	—	—
113⅝	Illinois Central	104	104	—	—
68⅝	Lehigh Valley	63⅜	62	—	—
95⅝	Louisville & Nashville	87⅜	86⅝	—	—
11⅞	Missouri, Kan. & Texas	11¼	11⅜	—	—
70⅛	Do. New 4% Bonds	63⅜	63¼	—	—
55⅜	Do. Adj. 5% Bonds	50	49¾	—	—
9A	Missouri Pacific New	9¼	9⅛	—	—
5	Nat. of Mexico 1st Prf.	4⅛	4⅛	—	—
2⅜	Do. 2nd Pref.	2¼	2¼	—	—
111A	N.Y. Cit. & Hudson R.	100	100	—	—
114⅜	Norfolk & West Com.	102⅝	102⅜	—	—
85⅝	Northern Pacific Com.	81	80⅝	—	—
16⅛	Ontario and Western	15	15	—	—
46⅛	Pennsylvania Shares	41¾	41¾	—	—
83⅝	Reading Shares	74⅝	74⅜	—	—
89⅛	Do. 1st Preferred	83⅛	83⅛	—	—
95⅝	Do. 4% Mort. Bonds	87	86⅝	—	—
36⅝	Southern Railway	32¾	32⅝	—	—
94⅛	Southern Pacific	85¾	85	—	—
19⅞	Texas and Pacific	18	17⅞	—	—
143	Union Pacific	128⅝	128⅛	—	—
79	Do. Pref.	70¾	71	—	—
103⅜	Do. 4% Bonds	92¾	92⅝	—	—
10¼	Wabash Common	9	9¼	—	—
34⅛	Do. Preferred A	31¾	31¾	—	—
18⅜	Amer. Smelt. Refin. Com.	63⅝	62¾	—	—
27⅜	Anaconda Copper	24⅞	25⅛	—	—
23⅞	Brit.-Amer. Tobacco	23	23⅛	—	—
68⅝	N.Y. Cons. Gas	61¾	61⅜	—	—
181⅜	General Electric	170	172	—	—
97⅛	U.S. Steel Common	87¼	87¾	—	—
120⅜	Do. 1st Preferred	118¾	117	—	—
113⅛	Do. 2nd 5% Bonds	102⅞	102¾	—	—
—	Silver (Foreign Mined)	65⅝	63¾	—	—
7⅛	Inter. M.M. Com. Certs.	6⅛	6⅜	—	—
30⅛	Do. Pref'd. Certs	28⅝	27¾	—	—
50⅛	Royal Dutch Oil	44	43⅝	—	—
25⅝	Shell Transport	20⅜	21⅛	—	—
61⅝	Pan-American Pet.	55¼	55⅝	—	—
13⅛	Anglo-American Oil	14⅜	13⅝	—	—
15⅞	General Motors	13⅜	13⅜	—	—
36⅛	U.S. Rubber	33⅝	33	—	—

*Asked, †Ex div, ‡Ex Bonus, §Ex rights.

	Tuesday	Wednesday.
Call Money	4½% 4¾a.	4½b. 4¾a.
Ex. on Ln. 60 days s.	4.46.12½	4.46.25
Ex. on Ln. Demand Bills	4.48.12½	4.49.00
Cable Transfers	4.49.37½	4.49.25
Ex. on Paris	5.83	5.82
Ex on Berlin	.00000.0010	.00000.0012
Cotton. Mid. Upland	20.30	21.00
Do., New Orleans, Mid.	29.85	30.25
Cottonseed Oil. P. Sum. Yellow Spot	11.37	12.00
Col. Seed Oil, Yel., Dec.	10.81	11.03
Petro., Refined, in cases	13.90	16.00
Do., Standard White	13.40	14.00
Do., Philad. Stan. do.	13.00	14.00
Do., Pennsyl. Crude	2.75	3.00
Spirits of Turpentine	101	100
Do., Savannah	94	97—97¾
Rosin, Grade K	4.45	4.45
Do., Grade P	4.45	4.47½
Lard, Prime West. Sum.	13.75	13.87½
Do., Midland West.	13.35—13.45	13.50—13.60
Tallow, Extra	8½	8½
Sugar, New Cuban	2.40	2.28
Corn, West. No. 2 Mix.	113⅜	115¼
Wheat, No. 2 Hd. Wtr.	121⅜	124½
Do., No. 2 Red Winter	120¾	124
Do., No. 2 Mix. Drm.	110⅞	111
Coffee, Rio No. 7	11¾	11½
Flour, Spring Clears	5.25—5.75	5.25—5.75
Iron, No. 2 Nor. Fdry.	22.00—22.50	22.00—22.50
Tin, Straits	41.12½	44.12½
Zinc, East St. Louis	6.32½	6.32½
Electrolytic Cop. Spot	12¾	12¾—12¾
Do. do. Futures	13¼	12¾—12¾
Freight, Heavy Grain to U. Kingdom, per bushel.	2/6	2/6
Freight, Heavy Grain to Continent, per bushel.	12	12
Freight, Cott. to Lpool (high density)	25	25
Do., Stand (per 100lb.)	30	30

PRODUCE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Wednesday.

COTTON barely steady, 7 to 17 points lower, on Southern and foreign operators selling, but rallied owing to better Manchester advices and Wall street support. Despite selling for New Orleans accounts, prices advanced on bullish crop estimates and a forecast of unfavourable weather, and notices were promptly stopped. Subsequently recessions took place on bulls unloading, and the market closed barely steady for distant at 15 points advance to 40 points decline. Spot steady, 15 points higher. New Orleans spot unchanged. Receipts—Atlantic, 10,000; Gulf, 28,000. Exports—Britain, 7,000; Continent, 4,000; Japan, 3,000. Futures in last 20 seconds of trading—October, lowest 30.50, highest 30.50; November 30.15, 30.15; December 30.10, 30.15; January 29.60, 29.65; February 29.65, 29.68; March 29.70, 29.75; April 29.75, 29.72; May 29.75, 29.80; June 29.50, 29.50; July 29.25, 29.27; August 27.80, 27.80; September 26.75, 26.75. New Orleans cotton futures in last minute of trading—January, lowest 29.52, highest 29.59; March 29.48, 29.52.

CHICAGO, Wednesday.

WHEAT opened steady, ¼c. to ⅜c. up, and went higher on bullish Liverpool cables, large seaboard clearances, an inquiry from milling and commission houses, and bull support, but later eased off owing to a bearish weekly weather bulletin, an indifferent export inquiry, and realising. The market closed steady, ⅜c. to ½c. up. Spot easier. No. 2 hard winter spot, 108¾; No. 3 hard winter, 106¼. December, 106¼; May 111; July, 107¼.

CORN opened steady and unchanged to ¼c. higher, and further improved under small stocks and interior receipts, but soon reacted on favourable weather and lower cash markets; then again improved because of the rally in wheat, commission house buying, and bull support. Finally, on predicted increased receipts and a bearish "Price Current" review the market closed easy at ⅜c. to ½c. fall. Spot No. 2 mixed, 100¼. December, 72¼; May, 70¾; July, 71¾.

PROVISIONS opened quiet, and declined on heavy hog receipts West, realising, and selling by packers and professionals; then rallied on a firm hog market and shorts being disposed to cover. The market closed steady, with lard 12½ to 25 points lower, and ribs unchanged to 25 points down. Pork unquoted. Lard—October, 12.62½; December, 11.45; January, 11.20. Ribs—October 9.50; January 9.25.

BACON firm, 22½ points up to unchanged. Receipts of hogs at fifteen principal Western centres, including Chicago, since March 1st, total (amended) 22,446,000, against 17,783,000 same season last year.

HOGS firm, 15 to 10 points up.

	Short Rib Sides.	HOGS.			
	Drysalted. Loose.	160 to 230 lbs.	240 to 320 lbs.		
To-day	9.35 10.50	6.75	7.55	7.10	7.70

EXPANSION OF CREDIT.

(Continued from Page 7, Column 2.)

ments as well as reparations. In the matter of these debts we stand in the position of both debtor and creditor. As debtors we settled, when called upon, the terms upon which our obligations to the United States Government should be discharged and have begun repayment.

We did not think that the payment of a debt incurred for the purpose of winning the war could be made dependent upon the receipt of reparations which are payable only because the war has been won; and still less did we think that payment could be conditional upon an amount of reparations which no competent authority regards as possible. On the other hand, as creditors we are never likely to forget that the debts are due by Allies and that they were incurred in the effort to achieve a common purpose. If, however, the French hopes are realised and vast sums are in fact obtainable from a defeated country, it seems to me that in the front line of claims upon this money should stand our right to be indemnified for the payment we are now making to the United States.

WORLD'S TRUE INTEREST.

But let us not be deluded. The true interest of the world is peace. We shall never regain prosperity by the discharge of international obligations the struggle for which embitters the nations and stands in the way of a final recovery. You have in Belfast a great shipbuilding industry which I cannot mention without recalling the name of your most distinguished citizen, Viscount Pirrie. (Applause.) Has shipbuilding benefited by the confiscation and sale of the German merchant fleet? All dislocation of the ordinary course of trade is injurious to current business, and whether it be German ships or huge Government stocks of linen cloth, to throw them on the market is to distract and cripple trade for a very long period. Active current business is what we need, and we have to watch and guard against all the forces, domestic and foreign, which tend to disturb it. If in spite of all our efforts peace in Europe is not to be obtained, let us turn our attention elsewhere, and see if we can in any degree make up for the decline in foreign trade by other developments.

In considering questions of trade and finance the overwhelming fact which we ought never to leave out of sight is that we have a million and a quarter unemployed. If I speak of unemployment only from the economic point of view believe me that it is not from any lack of sympathy with the human side of the question. We are discussing now economic remedies, and we have to look at the nature of the problem on its economic side. The direct burden upon us of this most exceptional degree of unemployment is enormous. It is estimated that the cost to the State and the local authorities is £100 millions a year. The true loss, however, is far greater. A million and a quarter men and women are in unproductive idleness instead of at work producing goods. If they could be brought back into employment what an immense increase it would mean in the demand for consumable commodities. They would be earning wages the expenditure of which would be equivalent to opening up a new market with a purchasing power of well over £100 millions a year. The depression would slowly but steadily pass away. Once we can make a serious inroad into our figures of unemployment a revival of trade will come of itself. (Hear, hear.)

THE REMEDY.

Where then shall we look for a remedy? The Prime Ministers of the Dominions are now conferring with our own Ministers on schemes for the development of Imperial trade, a development which we should all heartily welcome, though we might not all be of one mind as to the precise method to be pursued. But the expansion of the markets of the Dominions cannot be rapid enough to deal with the present situation as promptly as the urgency of the case demands. We have great expectations of Imperial trade, but we recognise that it is a matter for the long future. On the other hand, it must be agreed that we cannot look for any substantial improvement in foreign trade while Europe remains as it is. Where, then, are we to turn? We are driven back upon ourselves. If remedy at all is to be found, we must seek it in the growth of our own internal trade.

Here I am confronted with a preconception which it is difficult to remove. The inhabitants of an island were once wittily described as living by taking in each other's washing. It was a most unfortunate phrase, as, by a false association of ideas, we are apt to apply it to any proposals for internal development. There is in truth no real distinction between internal and external trade. A year ago your trade with Southern Ireland was internal. To-day your trade with Southern Ireland is external. It is just a matter of territorial limits, Customs barriers and Government regulations. It does not touch the vital essence of trade, which is the exchange of goods and services for goods and services wherever produced or wherever rendered.

AMERICAN EXAMPLE.

External conditions, then, being as they are, the question is: How far is it possible for us to have any improvement in internal trade? It is a difficult problem, and I do not wish to dogmatise upon it. Perhaps we can throw some light on the problem if we look at what has happened recently in the United States. In the autumn of 1921 the trade depression in that country was exceptionally acute. The officially accepted estimate of the number of unemployed at that time reached the unprecedented total of five millions. Eighteen months later it was reported that the whole of the unemployed had been absorbed. The trade depression had been succeeded by great activity, prosperity had become general, and unemployment had given place to an actual shortage of labour. All the while, the external trade conditions were just as bad for the United States as for us. If it be objected that the United States are not as dependent as we are upon foreign trade, the answer comes at once that eighteen months earlier America had vastly more unemployment than we had, and more even in proportion to population. Something must have happened in the United States which did not happen here; something which stimulated their internal trade, while no similar stimulus operated on ours.

NO MYSTERY.

There is no mystery about what happened in the United States. Their financial policy, as with us, had been one of forcing down prices by a restriction of credit and a reduction of the purchasing power of the public. In the autumn of 1921 this policy was for the time being abandoned. The restriction on the increase in bank credit was removed. Bank deposits grew, prices of commodities tended to rise, and the unemployed were gradually absorbed into industry. In eighteen months the work was complete. But now evils of another kind began to show themselves. In the spring of this year there were symptoms of inflation, and a check was rightly put on the movement. The deposits of the American National Banks, which stood at their recent lowest figure in September, 1921, rose steadily all through 1922, but have declined somewhat in the course of this year. They still show, however, an increase of about 16 per cent. over the figure of September, 1921.

In this country, on the other hand, deflation was actively continued until three months ago and still nominally stands as our official policy. In contrast with the American figures our bank deposits to-day show a decline of 10 per cent. This means a severe restriction of purchasing power and a consequent lowering of prices, which is, indeed, the declared purpose of a deflationary policy. But let us not forget that there are two ways of bringing down prices; we may do so either by an increase of commodities available for purchase or by a forced restriction of purchasing power. The former method is not attended by bad trade, but is slow in producing its effect; the second method is drastic in its operation, but cannot fail to depress trade and cause unemployment.

STABILITY.

Very little argument is needed to show that a policy of driving or keeping down prices by a restriction of purchasing power must depress trade. Trade is carried on not by nations but by individuals. If the merchant or manufacturer thinks that prices are going to fall, he will restrict his orders for finished goods or raw materials. He knows that he will not make a profit, but a loss, on goods bought or manufactured for stock if prices are higher when the order is given than when it is fulfilled. Enterprise is checked and orders are not given. What is the consequence? Men and women are thrown out of employment, less is paid in wages, and the amount spent upon consumption is reduced. We find ourselves in the vicious circle of bad trade, and the trader who cut down his orders is justified in his prudence by the insufficient market which exists for his goods.

The conclusion I draw from this statement of the case is very simple. When unemployment is greatly in excess of the normal we should abandon unhesitatingly the deflationary policy which is a cause of unemployment. But let me not be misunderstood. I do not say that a change in official policy would have the same far-reaching effect in this country as in America. Neither do I say that we should pursue a policy of monetary inflation. With any improvement in trade undoubtedly more banking credit and more currency will be required and must be provided, but this is not monetary inflation.

EVILS OF INFLATION.

The evils of such inflation are present to all our minds. We remember 1920, with its soaring prices, widespread labour troubles and riot of speculation, and no sane man can desire a recurrence of those evils. But inflation such as we then had is widely different from a definite abandonment of deflation and a definite recognition of legitimate trade requirements in the way of credit. Personally I have no fear of a recurrence of monetary inflation. The high traditions of the Bank of England were never in safer keeping than they are in the hands of the present Governor, Mr. Norman. Neither the Prime Minister nor the Chancellor of the Exchequer nor the Governor of the Bank of England is likely to countenance such a policy.

Let me say one thing more before I conclude. Whilst it would be a mistake to expect, in view of the present conditions of the world, a full revival of healthy trade, I believe that quite a considerable revival is possible. For some three months now there has been no act of deflation, and I believe that this change from earlier policy is already beginning to have its effect. In prophesying about trade a wise man will speak with bated breath and whispered humbleness. There are so many hidden obstacles and unknown risks in our course that we have to be very careful in speaking of the future. But already I begin to see signs that the very grave depression of the last few months has passed its lowest point. Here and there symptoms of improvement are visible, and, if the trading world are satisfied that no further effort will be made to bring down prices by credit restriction, I believe that our trade will soon show itself in a fair way to recovery. (Applause.)

VOTE OF THANKS.

Mr. W. H. Webb, President of the Association of Northern Ireland Chambers of Commerce, who proposed a vote of thanks to Mr. McKenna, said that if the British Government had the courage to take the policy which he had expounded it would not be long before they saw brighter times.

The motion was passed by acclamation.

Mr. McKenna, in reply, said that when he was in America he gave a reporter an interview, in which he expressed the opinion that the trade of the country was going to recover. A banker said to him: "I am sorry you said that. I do not agree that trade will recover, and we certainly do not want to get false ideas among the people."

"Well," said Mr. McKenna, "what I had to guide me was the change in the financial policy which had just been made."

An American banker friend was over here, and I remarked to him how much wiser they had been in the United States than we had. "You, I said, "recognised the fact of the overwhelming unemployment, and you suited your financial conditions to the moment." He said that he did not attribute the improvement to the wisdom of the Federal Reserve Board. Wisdom had nothing to do with it. The November elections were coming, and the Government simply could not face the unpopularity of the unemployment. (Laughter.) He may have been right. I cannot think that he was. There may have been greater wisdom among the Federal Reserve Board than he gave them credit for.

THE CONSEQUENCES.

"Mark the consequences. There has not been any loss to the gold standard in the United States. There has been none of those tremendous evils of inflation that we saw in 1920. They absorbed the whole of the unemployed, and when the first symptom of inflation began to appear they checked it.

"Cannot we do the same? Cannot we be masters in our own house, and know when is the right or wrong moment to let credit be easy or credit be tight?

"We ought to direct our financial policy with prudence, wisdom and knowledge. What should be to-day is an understanding in the banking, trading and commercial world of the real relations which exist between money and trade. It is at the present time a deep, dark, mysterious question, which nobody scarcely can venture to discuss. They approach it with horror, without understanding of what inflation and deflation really mean—both of them are bad.

"What we want is stability of prices, so that the trader may have certain knowledge when he gives an order that his money will have the same value when his order is fulfilled as when the order is given. (Applause.) You can secure that result by intelligent control of credit, and I ask for no more than that intelligent control should be exercised."

AGAINST INFLATION.

SIR ARTHUR BALFOUR'S VIEW.

Presiding at the Association of British Chambers of Commerce in London yesterday, Sir Arthur Balfour said that inflation was as malignant a disease as cancer. It was, no doubt, a very necessary evil during the war, but it was really another form of capital levy.

Inflation caused people to live in a fool's paradise; it reduced the efficiency of the people and the production of the country.

Lord Kylsant, President of the London Chamber of Commerce, declared emphatically that the City of London was behind him in his warning as to the appalling risks of inflation.

Mr. Bruce, Premier of Australia, at the luncheon of the Association, said that Britain's position among the commercial nations of the world was in most serious jeopardy. Unless something could be done to restore British industry, then her case in the future was a very parlous one. He saw no possibility of Europe being restored and the reparations problem settled in time to help or save Britain.

SUICIDAL POLICY.

Speaking at Sunderland yesterday, Lord Londonderry said that the most pressing of the difficulties which confronted them was unemployment, and as the winter months approached it was of vita. importance that a far-reaching scheme should be undertaken by the Government for employment.

A policy of inflation appeared to him to be unsound and suicidal. Now that the Dominion representatives were in Britain the Government should inaugurate a scheme which would remove the necessity of the dole and place the Empire in a position of commercial security.

Dealing with the Ruhr situation, Lord Londonderry said that while no punishment might be too severe for Germany's sin against humanity, it was necessary to consider the future of the world and the best basis upon which peace could be established.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

MR. POLLOCK ON ECONOMIC UNITY.

Speaking last night at a dinner given by the Ulster Association to several prominent British journalists who are on a visit to Belfast, the Right Hon. H. M. Pollock, Minister for Finance in the Northern Government, said that in the face of temptations the six counties had remained firm in their attachment to Great Britain, and they intended to remain so until the end.

When he attended the Irish Convention as a representative of Ulster commerce and industry, he was enjoined and instructed, no matter what were the inducements offered, that they were to have their fair share of the added burden laid on Great Britain by the war. They had not resigned from that position, and were bearing their fair share of the burden.

People talked of the unification of Ireland. If they meant political union between North and South, this was a wild chimera. Such a union implied a common ideal, and, as the political ideals of their Southern neighbours were so widely different from theirs, it was useless to talk of union. But if they understood by unity a union in economic matters, then the position rested with the South.

If the Customs barriers extending along the border between the North and South could, or would, be removed, there was no question at all that such a measure would contribute generally to the prosperity of Ireland. But they could get along in the North very much better than they could in the South by reason of the fact that they were so greatly self-contained.

ULSTER EDUCATION.

MR. COOTE'S MOTION.

In the House of Commons, Belfast, yesterday,

Mr. William Coote asked the Speaker with reference to his ruling on a notice of motion in connection with the Education Act which he had handed in.

The Speaker said that he had ruled that the resolution was not in order, because it contravened one of the oldest and most strictly observed rules of Parliament—that a member could not in the same session ask the House to reverse a decision which it had already come to. The Education Act was already passed in this session, and the adjournment since the summer did not constitute a new session. The hon. member's resolution sought to impugn the Education Act in so far as it related to the transfer of schools, the appointment of teachers, and the financial provisions of the Act.

Mr. Coote said that he was quite willing to discuss the question on the new light which had been thrown on the Act since it was placed on the Statute Book. There was a very great agitation over the whole province since they had time to look at the Act since it was rushed through the House of Commons. Ministers themselves admitted when they had talked on the public platforms that in some cases it required to be amended. With such a very serious state of affairs he, as representing public opinion and his own opinion, would not be doing his duty to his constituency if he did not raise the question.

The Speaker said that the Minister of Education was to be present on Thursday to answer the question, and if it were raised on the adjournment he thought he would be present.

Mr. Coote said that the matter was too large to raise on the adjournment, and they could not bring it up on the adjournment, and they could not discuss it in all its bearings. He certainly would not bring it up on the adjournment.

The Speaker—The hon. member could divide the House on the motion "that the House do now adjourn" if he wished.

CLAIMS UNDER THE LIQUOR ACT.

The Minister of Finance, Mr. Pollock, replying to Colonel Woods, said that it was not intended to set up an additional department for the purpose of assessing claims under the Liquor Act, except so far as the Claims Tribunal, which would be composed of His Honour Judge Thompson, Recorder of Belfast; Mr. W. D. Scott, who was a member of his (Mr. Pollock's) department; Mr. A. Miscampbell, J.P., Chairman of the Antrim County Council, and Mr. James Roche, R.M., both of whom were nominated by the Minister of Home Affairs, and Mr. T. Brown, chosen by the Justices of Belfast.

On the report stage of the supplementary vote of £12,000 for harbour and commercial services in the Belfast House of Commons yesterday, Mr. Coote moved its rejection on the grounds that the Ministry of Commerce had selected a man as manager of the Ulster Pavilion at the British Empire Exhibition who was not an Ulster man, whilst at the same time ex-Service men were walking about the streets. It was an outrage and he protested against it.

Dr. Morrison said that it appeared to him to be a question of which was the most efficient body to conduct the exhibition of industries of Ulster. He must state that he had not confidence in the Ministry of Commerce, but he had unlimited confidence in the business community of Belfast.

The Minister of Finance said that the Government were convinced that incalculable good would result to Ulster from the Empire Exhibition. They had appointed their Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, who was well qualified to act as manager, because it would effect a considerable saving.

DAIL EIREANN COURTS.

COPIES OF JUDGE'S NOTES.

At the Dail Eireann Courts Commission yesterday, on the application of solicitors engaged for litigants, some cases were mentioned and adjourned, as the copies of the notes taken by the judges in the Dail Eireann Courts, when the cases were originally heard, were not available.

The Chief Commissioner said that the assistance available for copying the notes was inadequate. They had only one typist at this work at present, but they expected when they returned from Circuit to be able to proceed with a large crop of cases.

SHIPPING NOTICE.
DUBLIN AND LONDON.
The s.s. Clydeburn sails on Friday (26th inst.) from Sir John Rogerson's quay.
Goods of all descriptions shipped. Apply MULLOY, CARROLL and CO., Shipping Agents, 14 D'Olier street, Dublin. —(Advt.)

Eleven Naval officers, who were on duty with the American destroyer squadron which was wrecked off Santa Barbara on September 8th, will be tried by courtmartial.

Joseph Devine has been committed for trial at Strabane on a charge of setting fire to his publichouse with intent to defraud.

DUBLIN AND THE PROVINCES.

DUBLIN.

EXCESSIVE PRICES; LESS WORK.—In the Dublin Police Court yesterday a painter, who was sued for £14 arrears of maintenance towards his wife, pleaded that work was very slack and that consequently his wages varied very much, falling occasionally to £1 a week. The magistrate (Mr. Lupton) accepted the defendant's statement, and declared that the master painters were losing many orders because they demanded far too much for house-painting. People who had initiative and spare time were doing the painting work in their houses themselves, and it would appear that in many cases they were managing quite as well and even better than the tradesmen.

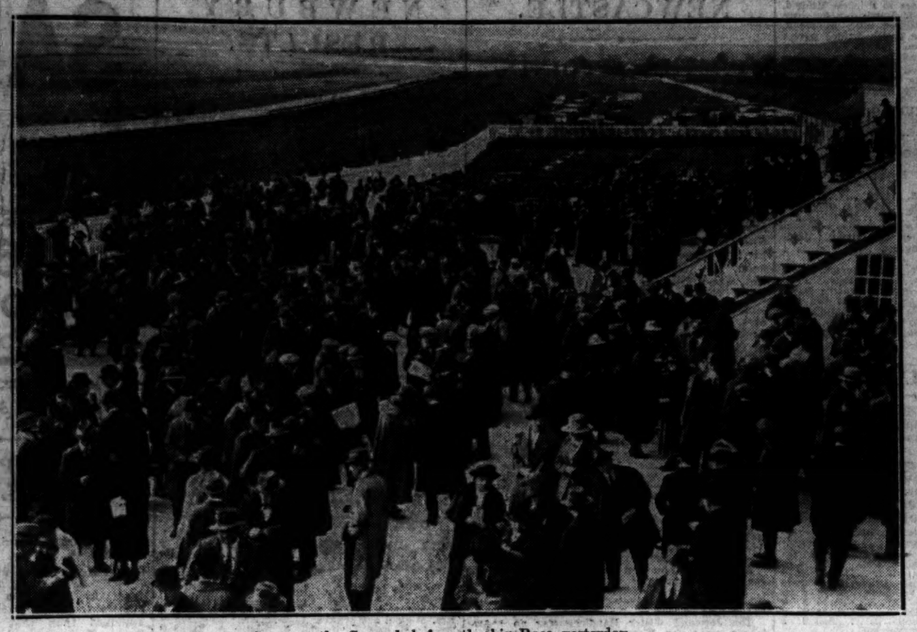
MISSING MAN FOUND DROWNED.—The dead body of James Ramsay, of 41 Lower Kevin street, Dublin, who had been missing since October 9th, was found yesterday afternoon in the Grand Canal, opposite Portobello Barracks, Dublin. It appeared to have been in the water for a fortnight. About three weeks ago Ramsay and his wife were crossing Wexford street when they were knocked down by a tramcar. Mrs. Ramsay died from her injuries.

PROTESTANT RESCUE HOME.—A Sale of Work in aid of the Fold for Little Children and the related work in the Northcote Rescue Home was opened in the Mission Buildings, Townsend street, Dublin, yesterday afternoon. During three years a hundred mothers and two hundred children have been helped in one way or another, and at present there are nearly one hundred children under the care of the society. There were several tastefully arranged stalls, bearing useful articles for sale, to provide for the needs of the homeless children.

RATHFARNHAM IMPROVEMENTS.—Rathfarnham Improvement Society at a meeting on Tuesday discussed a suggestion that powers should be sought to enable the District Council to sell its houses to the tenants, which number over six hundred in the area. It was also suggested that the Gas Company should be asked to extend the mains in the district. The Committee reported that deputations were received by the County Council, Rural District Council, and County Surveyor regarding local lighting, cleansing, road upkeep and improvements.

PEMBROKE LIBRARY SCHEME.—The Irish Amateur Press Association is anxious to hear from persons interested in a scheme for establishing a lending library in Pembroke Township. The secretary of the Association is Mr. W.

Major Cape and Anthony Barrett. Major Blennerhassett, the Starter, in the background.



Scene at the Curragh before the big Race yesterday.

The Hon. Mrs. Dewhurst and Sir T. Stafford.

Finish of the Irish Cesarewitch at the Curragh.

Minniement, the Winner of the Irish Cesarewitch.

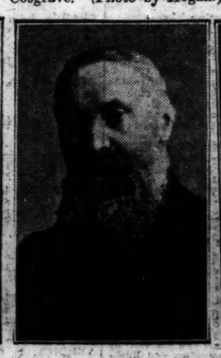
Group at the Curragh yesterday, including Mr. Parkinson, Mr. William Power, and the jockey, Fitzgerald.

The Right Hon. R. McKenna, with the Directors and Superintendents at the Head Office of the Belfast Bank yesterday. The group includes Mr. McKenna, Colonel Sharman-Crawford, D.L.; Mr. D. McKee (Managing Director), and Mr. H. I. Johns (Senior Director).—(Photo by Bainbridge.)

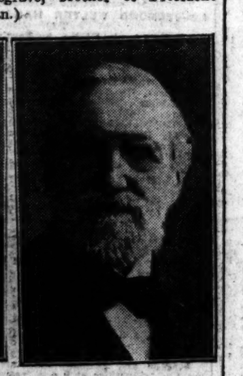
The Governor-General (Mr. T. M. Healy), Mr. E. Blythe, Mr. E. Duggan, and Mr. Hugh Kennedy at the Funeral of Mr. Philip Cosgrave, brother of President Cosgrave.—(Photo by Hogan.)

Photo by]

Monsigner Maguire, Parish Priest of Granard and Vicar-General of the Diocese of Ardagh, whose death was reported yesterday.



The Very Rev. John Pierce Brown, the Dean of Down, whose resignation is announced.



[Lafayette

The Late Mr. William Wallace, founder of the firm of Messrs. Wallace Bros., Dublin, and brother of Sir Robert Wallace, K.C., Chairman of the London Session Court.

National University Player tackled by two Dublin University Opponents in the Inter-University Match at College Park yesterday.

STOLEN GOBELINS.

TAPESTRIES TO BE REPLACED WITH COPIES

IRISH TIMES FOREIGN SERVICE.
FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

PARIS, Wednesday.

Copies of the two historic Gobelin tapestries stolen from Versailles last Sunday night will be placed in the Palace pending the recovery of the authentic works, which the police believe will be effected shortly.

The police have established the fact that at least four persons took part in the theft. It is believed one stayed in the automobile on the Saint Cyr road, another kept watch outside the palace, and the other two climbed through a window into the interior, after breaking a window.

M. Perate, Conservateur of the Museum, believed that the individual who directed operations knew that on Sunday night the watchmen were fatigued from showing visitors around during the day.

Each of the two tapestries weighs from 70 to 75 kilograms, and they were carried 300 yards.

THE IRISH LANGUAGE.

PROGRESS OF REVIVAL MOVEMENT.

At the last monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the Gaelic League, at the offices, 25 Parnell square, Dublin, organisers were appointed for the following areas:—Donegal, Sligo and Leitrim, South Galway and Clare, Kerry and West Cork, Waterford and Wexford.

In regard to the deputation which waited on the Postmaster-General with reference to the advancement of the Irish language, it was stated that Mr. Walsh pledged himself to do all in his power to thoroughly Gaelicise his department. Both Cumann na nGaedheal and the Sinn Fein Organisation promised to help as much as possible towards strengthening the position of the national language. Irish will in future be a necessary subject at all examinations under the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction.

A deputation will wait on the Senate of the National University to-morrow to discuss with them the position of Irish in the University.

The General Secretary, Mr. Frank Fahy, M.P., referring to the County Carlow Technical Education scheme, said that as far as concerned the national language the position was that the County Council had unanimously voted a rate of 1d. in the £ for the teaching of Irish, but certain other parties did not want to devote more than a farthing in the £ towards that purpose. The Secretary was instructed to write to the Ministry of Agriculture in regard to the matter.

The Secretary was also instructed to write to the bishops, and request that none but Irish-speaking priests be appointed to parishes in Irish-speaking districts.

In regard to the position in the intermediate schools, it was the general opinion of the meeting that Irish was not making progress in the schools. A resolution was passed calling on the Free State Government to adopt without delay the scheme recommended by the Commission, particularly that part providing for the making of Irish a compulsory subject from 1926 onwards.

It was announced that Senator MacLysaght and Mr. James Walsh, M.P., had generously offered gold cups in connection with the football and hurling competitions which are being organised in the Munster area towards raising funds for the Gaelic League.

The strike of electricians, mechanics, and property men at the Melbourne theatres has been settled.

THE LATE SQUADRON-LEADER ROBESON.

FINE RECORD IN THE R.A.F.

Squadron-Leader Vyvyan Arthur Hemning Robeson, M.C., R.A.F., who died in hospital at Tewkesbury last week, was the son of Captain and Mrs. A. H. Robeson, and grandson of the late Joseph Bullen, The Hermitage, Glanmire. In January, 1915, he joined the R.A.F., and was gazetted Flying Officer on April 20 in the same year, and accompanied No. 12 Squadron to France. On February 1st, 1916, he was appointed Acting Flight Commander in No. 9 Scout Squadron near Arras, and flew the new machine which did 104 miles an hour, at that early period of the war considered extraordinarily fast. Later he served at Fort Rowner, Gosport, but in January, 1917, returned to France with No. 10 Squadron, where he was employed in directing the Army artillery at the front by signalling.

Gazetted Major in February, 1918, he was appointed Squadron Leader of No. 24 Scout Squadron, which brought down 99 German machines in March and April, and captured a German two-seater. At this time his squadron was constantly on the move, retreating before the German advance, with all communications cut, and no British troops left in the locality; some of these had retreated, but many were cut to pieces as they defended their positions to the last man. Fortunately, No. 24 were able to bring all their aeroplanes and stores safely through, though the hangars had to be abandoned. In 1919 he commanded Squadrons 108 and 23 in France and Cologne with the Army of Occupation. He was one of five officers specially selected for a course of advanced scientific research in aeronautics at London University.

He was gazetted as Commander of the R.A.F. Experimental Section at Farnborough in April, 1923, with orders to commence duty on August.

ISLANDERS RAIDED.

SPORTING GUNS CARRIED OFF.

Horse, Low, Cannon, and Inistubrid Islands, situated in the River Shannon, near Kildysart, Co. Clare, have been raided by armed men who stole a number of sporting guns from the residents.

McCREA MAGEE COLLEGE

OPENING PUBLIC MEETING OF THE SESSION.

The opening public meeting of the session of McCrea-Magee College, Londonderry, was held yesterday. Professor J. R. Leebody, M.A., D.Sc., President of Faculty, in his presidential address, said:—"A very large number of our students have had the privilege and the advantage of graduating in the ancient University of Dublin, a fair proportion of them with honours, and honours of the first class. The medals, exhibitions and prizes gained have been a great encouragement and stimulus to all our best students. Our connection with Trinity College marks a great change, and a most beneficial change, in the history of the college. As time goes on its good results become more and more obvious."

THE MODERATOR.

The Moderator, in the course of his address, said that they in college were in that part of the educational road which would never be overcrowded, and, as was pointed out at Oxford a few weeks back, two things must ever be given good heed to—the quality of the teaching, and the adequacy of the machinery. Knowing something of the inadequacy of the second there, he often marvelled at the results produced, and he sometimes wished that those who had the means to do so would get a new sense of the great function that a college like that was discharging in forming the thoughts and characters of those who became its students, and translated the sense into practical help. Whether that translation be issued by the press of the Government of Northern Ireland, or whether it came through some individual's cheque-book, the faculty and trustees of that college would not too narrowly inquire.

THERE is a very famous lady who at the age of seventy-five has, in texture at any rate, a flawless skin. It is an open secret that skilled massage is the reason for her astonishing beauty. It has been a daily habit throughout her life.

POMEROY SKIN FOOD
2/3 a Jar
The Perfect Massage Cream
At all Chemists and Stores

THE DAIRY SHOW AWARDS.

The following are the Irish awards at the Dairy Show, which continued at the Royal Agricultural Hall, London, yesterday:—Live poultry.—Wyandotte white pullet—3rd, Mr. J. C. Craig, Royal avenue, Belfast. White cockerel—3rd, Mr. J. C. Craig. Ducks Selling Classes.—Indian Runner, drake or duck—2nd, Mr. T. Magile, Newcastle, Co. Down. Cheese, small holder pressed cheese, quick ripening—1st, Mrs. M. Gibbons, Wexford.

DUBLIN CITY SESSIONS.

At the sitting of the Dublin City Sessions yesterday the Recorder said that the number of cases to be dealt with at the Commission made it necessary to have the General Sessions of the Peace for the city held on a date later than that now fixed. He accordingly appointed Thursday, November 29, and the necessary precept will be issued by him for that date.

CLARE MENTAL HOSPITAL.

THE MAINTENANCE OF PATIENTS

At a special meeting of the Clare Mental Hospital Committee on Tuesday, to consider the financial position of the institution it was announced that funds had been provided by the County Council, and further help is expected owing to the improved state of the rate collection.

The Committee found that many persons who could afford to pay for their relatives in the hospital refused to do so, and a resolution was passed asking the Government to make provision in the Local Government Emergency Bill to enable Mental Hospital Committees to sue for the maintenance of patients where they cannot be classed as pauper patients.

Thousands of ladies keep a box of Martin's Pills in the house. Those who use them recommend them, hence their enormous sale. Price 5s. Sold by all Chemists and Stores; or post free from Proprietors, Martin, Chemists, Southampton.—(Advt.)

CHEAPER BREAD IN LONDON.

It is officially announced that in London on and after the 29th inst. the price of bread sold over the counter will be reduced to 8d. per quartern loaf.

RECENT IRISH WILLS.

Mr. Edward Wills Sandford Wills, of Glaslyn, 5 Milton road, Bournemouth, Deputy Lieutenant for County Roscommon, who died in February last, aged 73 years, left personal property in the United Kingdom valued at £7,584.

Dr. James Craig, of Carlisle terrace, Londonderry, Justice of the Peace for the City of Londonderry, who died in May last, left personal property in England and Northern Ireland valued at £5,498.

CORPORATION SHORTHAND-TYPISTS. Oct., 1923. Result announced, Miss Maeve Donnelly, THIRD PLACE. Previous Exam., March, 1923, 3 SUCCESSES, including FIRST and THIRD PLACES.—McGUIRE'S COLLEGE, O'Connell st., Dublin.—(Advt.)

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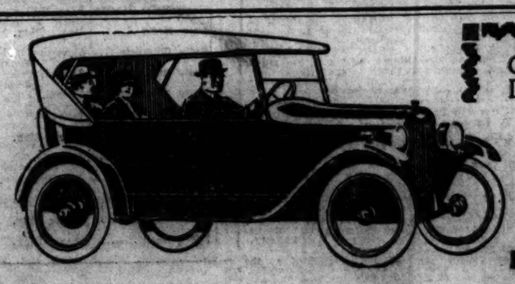

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GOSSIP FROM THE COURSE.

GOOD SPORT AT NEWBURY.

PETER RUSH'S EASY WIN.

DEAD-HEAT IN MODERATE PLATE.

FROM OUR TRAVELLING CORRESPONDENT.

NEWBURY, Wednesday.

The weather, compared with the previous day, was a striking contrast, for when racing commenced a bright sun was in evidence. The fields were large enough, although not of the dimensions usually associated with this venue. Communicative, who had won two of her last three races, was in chief demand for the Twyford Selling Nursery, but she could never get within hail of the three who poached the lead at the start, these being Lady Looking Glass colt, Duplicate, and Durobelle. They ran in this order throughout, but it was only by a neck that the first-named obtained the verdict. The winner, who was bought in for 310 guineas, is trained by the Hon. G. Lambton, and was ridden by T. Weston, who has done well for the stable.

Long Corrie is a consistent starter, and had plenty of followers for the All-Aged Selling Plate, but there was money for Furry Dance, and the pair wound up co-favourites at fours. The former was well placed from the start, but tired in the later stages, and Irish Eagle had the field tacked down a quarter of a mile from home, going on to win easily by three lengths. Irish Eagle had finished a length behind Long Corrie at Gatwick, and it was a surprising reversal of form, especially as the winner now started slowly. The heavier going probably accounted for this, as the Epsom horse is a mudlark. He was bought in for 350 guineas, and may again before the season closes.

PETER RUSH AN EASY WINNER.

The Newbury Autumn Handicap, the chief event on the card, provided an interesting contest. Contrary to expectation, Puttenden and East Tor both represented the Manton stable, and Broken Faith gave way to Bhuidhaonach. When the market opened Puttenden had a strong following, and inspired money went on Peter Rush. The latter was well handicapped on his best form, but his last two displays did not give much encouragement. That the handicapper had under-estimated his ability was made evident by the easy manner in which he won. Sun Charmer, a usually quick beginner, was first away, with Bhuidhaonach, Highbrow, and Arravale the most prominent of the others. Only half a mile had been covered when Peter Rush moved up into second place, and when fairly in the line for home he took the lead, increasing it to three lengths as the winning post was reached. Mr. Cunliffe's horse was well handled by Gordon Richards, who is riding wonderfully just now. Spes, who had none the best of the start, did well to run on into second place, half a length in front of Revival, after a set-to with the latter.

RESINATO SCORES A ROYAL SUCCESS.

Since Major Featherstone-Hangh took over the management of the King's stud fortune has favoured the Royal thoroughbreds, and another success for His Majesty was registered with Resinato in the Theale Maiden Plate. No Quarter was a hot favourite for this race, whereas Resinato was on offer at 20 to 1. The winner is by Corcyra, and, judging by appearance, should develop into a good three-year-old.

Noble Order, Missal, and Elegant Girl had admirers for the Reading Nursery, but Missal fell lame before the start, and was withdrawn. He, therefore, did not come under the starter's orders. Neither of the other two justified the support accorded to them, La Paloma colt winning from Friar's Daughter and Counter Tierce.

The wind-up was exciting enough, for the judge could not separate Baton Rouge and Perpendicular as they passed the post for the Moderate Plate. A division was not agreed to, and, a further contest being declined by Perpendicular, Baton Rouge was allowed to walk over for the decider.

DONCASTER SELECTIONS.

South-country folk have an off-day to-morrow, the racing being confined to Doncaster, in the North. I have gleaned that fields will be large, and Newmarket stables will be well represented, no fewer than thirty-four horses holding engagements on the opening afternoon having been despatched from headquarters to the venue. The chief event from a monetary point of view is the Autumn Foal Plate, which is worth 1,000 sovs. With penalties and allowances, the race resembles a handicap. Colledge Leader runs the CREOLE COLT, who is a game youngster, and is expected to give the weight away to his opponents. A fine betting medium should be the Harewood Handicap, for which Ruysdael, The Owlet, and Lord Penzance are fancied goods. The Owlet put in a fine finish against Grave Fairy at Kempton, but, as I hear RUYSDAEL is back to his best form, I shall advocate his claim. As GRANPAU has improved since he finished second to England's Gate at Newmarket, the form speaks for itself, and he should prove the best thing of the day in the Falmouth Nursery.

GALTEE MORE.

BETTING FORECAST.

DONCASTER.

1.15 Race—9 to 4 agst. Scaldino, 7 to 2 Vivian, 5 to 1 Murray, 7 to 1 Wilson, 8 to 1 Magic Ring and Homeycomb, 10 to 1 Lucentio and Kennythorpe, 100 to 8 any other.

1.45 Race—11 to 4 agst. Phalaris, 4 to 1 Arrowy, 5 to 1 Mount Athos, 6 to 1 Cabbage, 7 to 1 Greedy Girl and Breeze, 8 to 1 Mary of Argyle and Helenova, 10 to 1 Flintham and Miss Grits f., 100 to 8 Hefs, 100 to 6 any other.

2.15 Race—7 to 2 agst. Alexandrasheene, 9 to 2 The Owlet, 5 to 1 Grave Fairy, 7 to 1 Kinsman, 8 to 1 Lord Penzance and Double Bloom, 10 to 1 Ruysdael, 100 to 8 Golden Hair and Woodman, 100 to 7 any other.

2.45 Race—6 to 4 agst. Creole c., 3 to 1 Tiphossa, 7 to 2 Whispering Smith, 7 to 1 Monadenin, 8 to 1 Gurzil, 10 to 1 Princess Sublime, 100 to 6 any other.

3.15 Race—5 to 2 agst. Copper King, 7 to 2 A Gentleman of France, 4 to 1 Kilmoon, 6 to 1 Topboot, 7 to 1 Beech Hill, 8 to 1 Vonna, 100 to 8 any other.

3.45 Race—9 to 4 agst. Granpau, 3 to 1 Luck's Way, 6 to 1 Tunis, 8 to 1 Culvert, 7 to 1 Queer Kate, 8 to 1 Heloise, 100 to 8 any other.

4.15 Race—5 to 4 agst. Chicot, 5 to 2 Poticlay, 4 to 1 Winifred Price, 7 to 1 Hereford Lad, 10 to 1 any other.

"FORM" HORSES.

DONCASTER.

1.15 Race—Wilson.
1.45 Race—Mount Athos.
2.15 Race—The Owlet.
2.45 Race—Tiphossa.
3.15 Race—A Gentleman of France.
3.45 Race—Luck's Way.
4.15 Race—Chicot.

DOUBLE—The Owlet (nap) and Chicot.

A Student of Form.

SPECIAL SELECTIONS FOR TO-DAY.

Daily Mirror :—Double — Tilphossa and Tunis (nap).

Daily News :—Double — The Owlet and Tunis.

Daily Graphic :—Double—Mary of Argyle and Gurzil.

Daily Express :—Double—Miss Grits filly and The Owlet. Safety bet—Miss Grits filly (each way).

Daily Chronicle :—Double—The Owlet and Tilphossa.

Westminster Gazette :—To-day's best — Luck's Way. Double—Luck's Way and Chicot.

Daily Mail :—Special selection — Luck's Way.

CHELMSFORD.

TO-DAY'S ORDER OF RUNNING.

1.30—Billericay (S.) Hurdle Race.
2. 0—Witham Handicap Hurdle Race.
2.30—Springfield Maiden (3-Y.O. Hurdle Race.
3. 0—Harlow Handicap Steeplechase.
3.30—Maldon (S.) Steeplechase.
4. 0—Roxwell Novices' Steeplechase.

COLWALL PARK.

TO-DAY'S ORDER OF RUNNING.

1. 0—Colwall Park (S.) Handicap Hurdle Race.
2.30—Stewards' Handicap Hurdle Race.
3. 0—Ledbury Maiden (S.) Hurdle Race.
3.30—Barton Court (S.) Handicap Steeplechase.
4.30—Malvern Hunters' Handicap Steeplechase.
5. 0—British Camp Novices' Steeplechase.

THE CURRAGH.

IRISH CESAREWITCH.

VICTORY OF MINNIEMENT.

TEMPLELYON'S INGLORIOUS DISPLAY.

VESINGTON STAR WINS NATIONAL PRODUCE STAKES.

Except perhaps from the point of view of those who followed the stable lead and backed Templelyon, yesterday's race for the Irish Cesarewitch was, like its predecessors, a pronounced success, and provided a thrilling contest, from which Minniement emerged triumphant. Right up to flag-fall the connections of Templelyon, who stood to win a very big stake, were full of confidence, with the result that the colt started a screaming hot favourite, and it was a case of 10 to 1 bar one. His trial had made him out to be a well nigh unbeatable proposition, and his party betted accordingly, but he altogether failed to reproduce anything approaching the form shown in the home gallop, and was a negligible quantity a long way from the end.

Contrary to expectations, the Heath stable was not represented in the field, Lord Offaly, as announced yesterday, having met with an accident, and owing to a suitable jockey not being available O'Dempsey was withdrawn at the last moment, all of which was very disappointing to the trainer, Jeffery, who was hopeful of winning the race with one or other of the horses mentioned. The pace was good from the onset, and after Eagerloon and Glenstella had retired about six furlongs from home Minniement assumed command, which she held until turning into the straight, when both Major Ray and Soothing Glass headed her, but she was not nearly done with, and, responding gamely to the demands of her rider, she gradually wore them down, and had a length to spare on passing the judge's box. Major Ray compounded rapidly in the last furlong, and Fallochy in getting third under top weight must be credited with having put up a good performance, whilst Misty Bridge also ran right well.

By Orpiment out of Minnie Orme, Minniement was bred and is owned and trained by Major Scarrel Cape, who certainly did not win out of his turn, and the victory of the mare was very popular.

The National Produce Stakes, which is one of the most valuable two-year-old races in Ireland, afforded the unbeaten Vesington Star an opportunity of giving another taste of his quality, and although he only won by the narrowest of margins he would have been exceedingly unlucky to lose. His stable companion, Bunworry, from whom he was conceding 17lb., was preferred to him in the wagering, but she failed to stay on as well as Mr. C. T. Wallis's colt, who caught and beat Prospice in the last stride.

The fact of there being fifteen runners for the Short Grass Plate did not deter the connections of Officer taking a short price, and at the close 7 to 4 was the Cottingham colt. Lodge colt, however, signally failed to run up to expectations, and, beaten below the distance, was relegated into third place behind Ennel Beg and Argosy Belle, the former of which, after a poor second comfortably, and, incidentally, lost his maiden certificate. There was some spirited wagering on the Equinox Stakes with Clonesnoe, however, always in chief demand, and the top-weight fully justified the preference. Hamilton's Bawn was prominent for a long way, and when she dropped out Brandon's Bud had a cut in at the favourite, but he readily shook her off.

Lady Violette, who was made the medium of a plunge, had her chance of accounting for the Stewards' Plate destroyed immediately after the start owing to colliding with one of the other runners, Sandy Mac's mare also suffered some interference, which settled his chance, and the winner turned up in Princess Mildred, who was one of the least fancied of the party. For the Royal Stakes, which is run over a distance of four miles, Mullragher-a-Boo and Beppin had a dour struggle, in which both ran with great gameness and resolution, and it was only close home that Mr. Peter Fitzgerald's colt finally got the better of the argument.

There was a splendid attendance, and the sport all round reached a capital standard. Details:—

1.20—**THE SHORT GRASS PLATE** of 200 sovs., of which the second receives 20 sovs. and the third 10 sovs. For two years old. 5 f.

st. lb.	
SIDENHAM (Mr. H. Ballie) ..... Jeffery	8 9
PENDOR (Mr. J. J. M'Keanne) ..... Owner	8 9
PRINCE PEDRO (Mr. J. J. Parkinson) ..... Owner	8 9
ZAOORUS (Mr. J. M. Stoocke) ..... Coombs	8 9
LISMULLEN (Mr. Jos. Reid) ..... Coombs	8 9
BURGOMASTER (Mr. J. Leech) ..... Bell	8 9
GOOSE STEP (Mr. F. S. Myerscough) (Tib.) ..... Fordred	8 8
SEA PIGEON (Mr. J. H. Nicholls) ..... Owner	8 5
LADY IRENE (Mr. T. J. O'Sullivan) ..... Bell	8 5
REMEMBER ME (Mr. P. O'Carroll) ..... Bell	8 5
ANALOUQUE (Mr. W. T. Carolan) ..... Rice	8 5
STEP ASHORE (Mr. T. F. Dyer) ..... Owner	8 5
WARDLEY WOOD (Mr. S. Kennedy) ..... Hayde	8 5
COTPOU (Mr. Mohan) ..... Dawson	8 5
PRINCESS PATSEY (Mr. T. F. M'Clutcheon) ..... Rice	8 5
WHITCHURCH (Mr. C. F. Kenyon) ..... McKenna	8 3
MARY MEEKER (Mr. T. G. Fletcher) ..... Owner	8 3
LITTLE SPITFIRE (Mr. J. T. O'Egan) (Tib.) ..... Parkinson	8 3
GOLDEN ARGOSY (Col. Jameson Davis) (Tib.) ..... Argott	8 2
MUSTELINE (Mr. H. Delaforce) (Tib.) ..... Jeffery	8 2
DUKE OF MONACLEAR (Mr. M. Hughes) ..... Dawson	8 2
LUTOI (Mr. D. J. Cogan) (Tib.) ..... Rice	8 2
FORBIDDEN FRUIT (Mr. F. F. Adams) ..... Owner	7 12
BRAVE COLLEEN (Mr. T. Byrne) (Tib.) ..... Dawson	7 12
PRINCESS THERESA (Mr. J. J. M'Alister) (Tib.) ..... Coombs	7 12

1.50—**HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL'S PLATE** of 100 sovs., of which the second receives 10 sovs. and the third 5 sovs. Weight for age, etc. 1¼ m. Age. st. lb.

MOOR RAVEN (Lt.-Col. O'Malley-Keyes)	Parkinson	4	9 13
DOUBLE FIRST (Mr. P. Rogers)	Arnott	4	9 13
COO COO (Mr. Pethan)	Owner	4	9 13
NAVAN LASS (Mr. John O'Neill)	Dawson	3	9 10
GREAT FALLOCH (Col. Hoosor)	Owner	3	9 4
GREENEAGLE (Mr. Hanrahan)	Owner	3	9 4
IRISH DELIGHT (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson	3	9 4
O'DEMPSEY (Mr. E. Bailie)	Jeffery	3	9 4
PRINCESS ALICE (Mr. Byrne)	J. Ryan	3	9 4
KILMEENA (Lt.-Col. O'Malley-Keyes)	Parkinson	3	9 1
GAINSTOWN (Mr. J. Leech)	Bell	2	7 8
VOLTOI (Mr. J. J. M'Keanne)	Owner	2	7 0
HIGHLAND RHYME (Mr. F. F. M'Donoch)	Owner	2	7 0

2.30—**AUTUMN STAKES** of 200 sovs., of which the second receives 20 sovs. and the third 10 sovs. A handicap for two years old. st. lb.

SHY WARRIOR (10lb. ex.) (Mr. C. A. Rogers)	Feard	9 9
VALCLAR (Mr. Jas. J. Murphy)	Behan	9 9
KNOCKGORIFF (Col. R. C. Knox)	Rogers	9 8
MERRY MIRA (Major Giles Loder)	Rogers	8 8
THE MOUNT (Mr. N. J. Grene)	Moss	8 5
ANNADOWN (Major Dixon)	Behan	8 5
GOLDSUN (Mr. R. Longhran)	Dawson	8 3
GEORGE PHILLIPS (Major A. W. Molony)	Rogers	8 3
GOLD MARKET (Mr. F. Burke)	Rogers	8 3
WARRIOR BELLE (Mr. A. Lowry)	Coombs	8 3
MISS SPORT (Mr. M. Arnott)	Owner	8 3
KILLALA (Mr. G. Carr)	Reidy	8 3
CANZONET (Mr. T. Lawton)	Rankin	8 1
LINDEAN (Col. Croft)	Usher	8 1
LILLIAN LANE (Mr. Conigrave)	Dawson	8 1
CARA MCREE (Col. Croft)	Usher	7 13
PASOL (Mr. J. F. Downer)	Hunter	7 13
HAPPY SAINT (Mr. T. Rogers)	Owner	7 13
PRINCE JAN (Capt. F. G. Uprichard)	Rogers	7 12
SANS SOUCI (Mr. O. M'Mullan)	Ingram	7 9

3.0—**SERESFORD STAKES**—a sweepstakes of 5 sovs. each, with 300 sovs. added, of which the second receives 50 sovs. and the third 20 sovs. For two years old. 1 m.

GREY POINT (Capt. Dixon)	Behan 9
VALCLAR (Mr. J. J. Murphy)	Behan 9
GALLOPING GROSVENOR (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson 8
PACIFIO (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson 8
SIXT (Mr. W. Rankin)	Owner 8
HIDENUS (Mr. P. Dixon)	Behan 8
YEDDO (Mr. R. R. Adamson)	Doyle 8
DUVELLROY (Col. F. Blacker)	Rogers 8
GOLDEN (Sir Hugh Dixon)	Behan 8
DUKE OF MONACLEAR (Mrs. M. Hughes)	Dawson 8
WHITCHURCH (Mr. C. F. Kenyon)	McKenna 8
BRASIDAS (Mr. A. Lowry)	Dawson 8
MASTER BLANCHETTE (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson 8
MAY COME (Mr. J. J. M'Auley)	Coombs 8
LUTOI (Mr. D. J. Cogan)	Rice 8
FAIRFUL LAD (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson 8
BACHELOR'S BRIDE (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson 8
IRISH CHEDDAR (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 8
SEYMOUR (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 8
RIVER SUIR (Mr. R. Power)	Doyle 8
JACOBUS (Mr. B. M. Slocock)	Coombs 8
CANNON RANGER (Mr. D. Sheehy)	Rice 8
KING BRIAN (Capt. B. Daly)	Fordred 8
ARGANTHUS (Mrs. G. Carr)	Reidy 8
RAPPAREE (Mr. Conn)	Dawson 8
GLEN OF THE DOWNS (Mr. J. J. Moore)	Behan 8
SUNVERA (Mr. C. F. Kenyon)	McKenna 8

3.30—**THE APPRENTICES' PLATE** of 100 sovs., of which the second receives 10 sovs. and the third 5 sovs. Weight for age, etc. 5 f. Age. st. lb.

GOSSIP SHOP (Mr. W. Desmond)	Collins	5	8 1
IRISH DELIGHT (Mr. J. Musker)	Parkinson	3	8 0
FLYING PRINCE (Mr. T. P. O'Neill)	Parkinson	3	8 0
BLACK HALL (Mr. J. T. Rogers)	Owner	3	7 10
ARCHDLEY (Mr. P. Kennedy)	Hayde	4	7 7
COOLA (Mr. Martin Fitzgerald)		4	7 7
FIRST FRUIT (Mr. T. W. Price)	Behan	3	7 6
KESTREL (Mr. J. Musser)	Parkinson	3	7 6
BACHELOR'S MODEL (Mr. F. S. Myerscough)	Fordred	3	7 3
DOORNOOR GREY (Mr. M. Irwin)	Owner	3	7 3
WINDY WAY (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner	3	7 3
VESINGTON BOY (Mr. M. Smith)	McKenna	3	7 2
BRAVE LASSIE (Mr. T. Byrne)	Dawson	3	7 2
WEE MURPHY (Mr. J. Murphy)	Rankin	3	7 0
THISTLE BELLE (Mr. Maseau)	McDonogh	4	7 0
CLONESNOE (Mr. J. Brennan)	Usher	4	7 0
EMPRESS FOREST (Mrs. M. Callaghan)	Collins	6	7 0
FIRE STEP (Mr. T. G. Dillon)	Rankin	6	7 0
GRECIAN PRINCESS (Mr. Tim O'Connor)	Sikes	5	7 0
TIN HAT (Mr. B. M. Slocock)	Coombs	6	7 0

4.0—**WELTER PLATE** of 100 sovs., of which the second receives 10 sovs. and the third 5 sovs. 1 m. 6 f.

FRANK COLIN (Mr. J. Musker)	Parkinson 3 10 9
MISS DRUCE (Mr. M. J. Farrell)	Adams 4 10 5
SULLUCAN (Mr. Porter Porter)	Cape 3 10 4
FLEETING FAVOUR (Mr. T. Blake)	Jeffery 3 10 3
TEMPLELYON (Mr. J. J. Parkinson)	Owner 3 10 0
LORD LOVAT (Mr. Collie)	Rankin 3 9 10
FORTUNE'S SMILE (Mr. Jos Hooper)	Fordred 3 9 10
ZARA (Mr. P. Cullinan)	Rankin 3 9 10
EASTERN PRINCESS (Capt. Shirley)	Rogers 3 9 9
IZTRA (Mr. D. J. Powell)	Doyle 4 9 6
MAID OF TROY (Mr. C. F. Kenyon)	McKenna 3 9 4
BUCACILL BREAM (Miss M. Hayes)	Moss 3 9 4
ACE OF HEARTS (Mr. T. Dawson)	Dawson 3 9 2
GLEN REAGH (Mr. J. Meade)	Moloney 5 9 3
WHITE ORNAMENT (Mr. T. P. O'Neill)	Parkinson 3 9 2

NO BID (Mr. J. H. H. Pearl) ..... Owner 3 9 2
HIGHLAND DAISY (Mr. John Hayes) ..... Hartigan 3 9 0
MERRIE MEMORIES (Mr. J. L. Capel) ..... Doyle 3 9 0
OOO COO (Mr. A. Lowry) ..... Coombs 5 8 8
MAGNET'S PET (Mr. J. Bensham) ..... Bensham 4 8 7

LONDON BETTING—YESTERDAY.

Lively wagering took place at last evening's Cambridgeshire call over. Epinard closed a firm favourite at 9 to 2 offered, after a "monkey" had gone on him at 98 to 20. Dumas was supported to win about £15,000, closing at 13 to 2, Pharos joining him on that mark. Jarvie, Verdict, and Stratford were in most demand of the others. Details:—

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

(Run Wednesday, Oct. 31. Distance—1 m. 1 f.)

9 to 2	Epinard (o., after 9/2 to 20 f.)	France	3 9 2
13 to 2	Dumas (t. and o.)	Hogg	3 6 2
13 to 2	Pharos (t. and o.)	Lambton	3 8 7
100 to 9	Zariba (o., after 100 to 8 f.)	France	4 8 6
100 to 8	Jarvie (t. and o.)	Batho	3 7 8
100 to 7	Verdict (t. and o.)	W. Waugh	3 7 12
100 to 6	Stratford (t. and o.)	Taylor	4 8 4
20 to 1	Legality (t. and o.)	R.Dawson	3 7 13
100 to 3	Legend (t. and o.)	Pratt	3 6 11
40 to 1	Town Guard (t. and o.)	Gilpin	3 8 7
40 to 1	Campbell Kid (t. and o.)	Harper	4 7 1

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NEWCASTLE.

ORPI DISAPPOINTS.

LADY CAROLINE WINS CHIEF EVENT.

The weather for the concluding stage of the Newcastle autumn meeting was in striking contrast to that of the opening day, heavy rain giving way to sunshine. Under these circumstances the attendances showed a big increase. The chief race of the afternoon, the Northumberland Autumn Handicap, was a triumph for the Scottish division, Lady Caroline, from Thomson's establishment, Ayr, not having a great task to credit Mrs. Rose Don with the prize. Silver Band never flattered, a remark which also applies to Orpi, the favourite. The early running was made by Henry of Richmond, but after this half stage it always looked the winner's race.

Noce D'Argent was voted a good thing for the Stewards' Apprentice Plate and so it proved, for nothing could keep pace with Mr. Wootton's gelding, and he came home alone.

Backers carried on the good work in the Leazes Selling Nursery Handicap when they stood Moss Rose. Bewicke's charge was always favourite, and after the distance young Howard had no difficulty in keeping the filly in front.

The Astley Nursery Handicap only attracted a field of five. It looked like being a good race until a hundred yards from home, when Pianola, who had made the pace, cracked up, and McLachlan brought the favourite, White Cat, through to score comfortably, and register his first success of the meeting.

A huge field contested the Scurry Selling Handicap, but as a race it was almost a procession, J. Beasley getting a flying start on Mr. Adam Scott's Dunit, and winning as he pleased by one and a half lengths.

The Jesmond Welter Handicap was an unfortunate event for Wootton. His charge, Kallikrates, had an undeniable chance of success at the distance, but just as Ingham began his effort the gelding stopped almost dead, leaving Numa easily to annex the spoils. Kallikrates, however, came again to secure third place. Springdale was practically left.

1.30—**STEWARDS' (APPRENTICE) PLATE** of £200. 5 f.

Mr. Wootton's b. f. NOCE D'ARGENT, by Braxted—Princess St. George, 3, 6-13	S. Dick 1
Mr. Kenyon's IMPETUOUS, 3, 6-7	J. Harding 2
Mr. Parr's SLEEPING PARTNER, 4, 6-13	Briggs 3

Also ran—Pipline (F. Edwards), Infantry (F. Bramhall), Silver Square (E. Barrett). (Winner trained by R. Wootton.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. NOCE D'ARGENT, 7 to 1 each Pipline and Impetuous, 10 to 1 any other.

Won by four lengths; same.

2.0—**LEAZES SELLING NURSERY** of £300. 5 f.

Mr. Straker's br. f. MOSS ROSE, by Gay Crusader—Moonlight, 3, 6-15	W. Howard 1
Capt. Harrison-Broadley's GULISTAN, 3, 6	McLachlan 2
Mr. Kenyon's DAMSEL, 3, 6	Crisp 3

Also ran—Tahra (Taylor), Sore Gain (G. Beasley), Lady Wedgwood filly (E. Ingham), Glensimmon (Thwaites), Cock Laird (E. Fox), Lady of Hereford (F. Jones), Hidden Thorn (J. Stanton), Corandeen (Bentley), Falling Star colt (Gardner), Holiday Belle colt (E. Haynes), Dandelion (Lane), Veldt filly (G. Richards), Amicitia (Lister), Taj Mahal (G. Holme), Ozone (F. Bullock), On the Scrounge (G. Griffith), Neigeuse (Childs). (Winner trained by Marsh.)

Betting—7 to 4 agst. No Quarter, 5 to 1 each Favara and Coramond, 6 to 1 Taj Mahal, 100 to 8 Dandelion, 100 to 8 Ozone, 20 to 1 RESINATO or any other.

Won by a length and a half; half a length. Taj Mahal was fourth.

2.30—**NORTHUMBERLAND AUTUMN HANDICAP** of £800. 4 f.

Mrs. Don's b. m. LADY CAROLINE, by Lonawand—Sagitta, 8, 7-11	J. Clancy 1
Lord Lonsdale's HENRY OF RICHMOND, 5, 7-7	S. Feltham 2
Sir R. Jardine's WEST COUNTRYMAN, 5, 8-1	E. Crisp 0

Also ran—Maecenas (Lane), Harpist (M. Beary), Pittendynie (Wells), Elegant Girl (Gray), Avona (H. Jellis), Tjandi (Elliott), Five in France (A. Taylor), Noble Order (Grace), Montebank (Wragg), Wold Vixen (T. Pryor), Treker's Way (T. Morgan), Bilak Roy (A. Martin), Dionysia (W. McLachlan, jun.). (Winner trained by T. Persse.)

Betting—5 to 1 agst. Noble Order, 100 to 15 Elegant Girl, 7 to 1 LA PALOMA C., 10 to 1 Pittendynie, 100 to 8 each Harpist and Tjandi, 20 to 1 any other.

Won by a head; a neck. Elegant Girl was fourth. Missal was weighed out for R. Jones, but was found lame on arrival at the starting post, and his number, by permission, was withdrawn.

3.0—**SCURRY (S.) SELLING HANDICAP** of £200. 5 f.

Mr. Scott's bl. g. DUNIN, by Dunboln—Gaga, 4, 7-13	G. Beasley 1
Mr. Wootton's JACK PATCH, 6, 8-11	S. Ingham 2
Mr. Dixon's LAKE SUPERIOR, 3, 9-2	E. Morris 3

Also ran—Galloping Slav (Thwaites), Cabrioske (P. Jones), Spartleton (W. Baldry), Little Boy (S. Seymour), Jack (J. Clancy), Sophie (W. Howard), Helofajest (J. Brown), Lona (R. Duller), Playactor (D. Gordon), Mary Rufus (W. McLachlan), Rise Sea (J. Taylor), Parsplinie (D. McGuigan), Tarbrush (T. Jones), Gondolier (W. Gilchrist), Jolly Butcher (J. Stanton), Holborn (Crisp), Gay Coster (J. Harding), The Merchant (A. Wagstaff), Polly Scadden (A. Ramsden), Bewitching (A. Feltham). (Winner trained by A. Scott.)

Betting—6 to 4 agst. Jack Patch, 8 to 1 The Merchant, 10 to 1 each Spartleton and Lake Superior, 100 to 8 each DUNIN, Moya Rhu, and Little Boy, 100 to 6 Lona, 25 to 1 any other.

Won by a length and a half; half a length.

The winner was bought in for 220 gns.

4.0—**JESMOND WELTER HANDICAP** of £800. 7 f.

Mr. Tully's br. h. NUMA, by Fowling Piece—Numa, 7-6	W. Gilchrist 1
Mr. O'Sullivan's CALL ALICE, 3, 7-0	J. Beasley 2
Mrs. Carthew's KALLIKRATES, 3, 6-13	Ingham 3

Also ran—Springdale (F. Jones), Starlight (Thwaites), Honeycomb (R. Duller), Battle Cruiser (A. Balding), Willow Pattern (Crisp), Fastella (S. Feltham), Manly Boy (J. Clancy), Maid of Middleham (W. McLachlan), Bold Knight (E. Fox), Brazen (J. Harding), Ornamentation (R. Ramsden), Laverstoke (W. Howard). (Winner trained by McCall.)

Betting—11 to 4 agst. Kallikrates, 6 to 1 NUMA, 7 to 1 each Fastella and Battle Cruiser, 8 to 1 Springdale, 100 to 6 each Call Alice and Honeycomb, 100 to 6 any other.

Won by three-quarters of a length; one length.

SPORTING PARAGRAPHS.

Mr. Edward Kennedy has been elected a member of the Turf Club.

Royal Lancer has left Beckhampton for Lord Lonsdale's stud farm at Oakham.

M. de Saint Alary has sold Kwang Su to M. J. Hennessy, and the horse will run this winter in England.

Scapino and Leighon Tor were struck out of the Cambridgeshire at 9 a.m. yesterday, and Rockfire at 3.30 p.m. on Tuesday.

The weights for the Liverpool Cup, together with other important handicaps in the Liverpool Autumn programme, will appear in to-day's *Racing Calendar*.

Minniement's time for the Irish Cesarewitch yesterday, viz.: 3 mins. 21 5-5 secs., is 2-5 secs. faster than that of O'Dempsey in the Irish St. Leger last month, run over the same course.

During an interval of racing at the Curragh yesterday, Love Gift, ch. f. (2 yrs.), by Rock Flint—Calomel, was sold to Mr. J. J. Parkinson for 55 gns.

The runners for the Governor-General's Plate at the Curragh to-day will include Navan Lass (J. Dawson), O'Dempsey (H. H. Beasley), Kilmeena (T. Burns), Voltoi and Highland Rhyme.

At present an important Spanish Commission, consisting of Army officers, is engaged buying horses in Ireland, and during the week many thoroughbreds have been bought out of the Curragh stables. Some weeks ago the Commission purchased several thousand pounds worth of troopers.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS.

Cambridgeshire—Scapino and Leighon Tor, at 9 a.m. yesterday; Rockfire at 3.30 p.m. Tuesday.
Dewhurst Stakes, Newmarket—Pomponius, Merrivent.
Doncaster Autumn Foal Plate—Hellespont.
Clayton Three-Y.O. Handicap, Doncaster—Athena.
Great Sapling Stakes, Sandown—Santorb, Woodend, Pomtsan.
Three-Y.O. Hurdle, Sandown—First Magic.
Amateur Riders' Chase, Sandown—White Ronald.
Flodders' Chase, Nottingham—Castle in Spain.
Harlow Handicap Chase, Chelmsford—Providence.
Worcester engagements—My Rock, Hopscotch.
All engagements this year—D'Orsay.
All engagements—Pet, Vera, Magic Rod.

NEWBURY RESULTS.

1.0—**TWYFORD (S.) NURSERY** of £250. 7 f.

Lord Wolverton's LADY LOOKING GLASS colt, by Bramble Twig, 8-5	T. Weston 1
Mr. Hardy's DUPLICATE, 8-5	E. Gardner 2
Sir H. Randall's DUROBELLE, 7-11	R. Jones 3

Also ran—Unicorn (T. Morgan), Vatsine (G. Smith), Communicative (P. Fox), Plonk (F. Vesty), Solid Comfort (Lane), Vitty (G. Hulme), Goldsmith (Hine), Ballet (Lynch), Harmony gelding (Perryman), Senturnia (Elliott), Tea (Lister). (Winner trained by Lambton.)

Betting—2 to 1 agst. Communicative, 7 to 2 Durobelle, 5 to 1 Duplicate, 7 to 1 LADY LOOKING GLASS COLT, 10 to 1 each Plonk and Harmony gelding, 100 to 6 bar six.

Won by a neck; two lengths. Plonk was fourth.

The winner was bought in for 310 guineas.

1.30—**ALL-AGED SELLING PLATE** of £250. 6 f.

Mr. Weil's b. h. IRISH EAGLE, by Aigle—Molly O'Hara, 5, 8-13	T. Smyth 1
Mr. H. Collins' LONG CORRIE, 5, 8-13	M. Beary 2

Also ran—Lucky Prince (J. Childs), Clatement (P. Bullock), Green Belle (B. Jones), Flory (Perryman), Star Regal (Gardner), Annam (Brennan), Furry Dance (Carslake), Canon Reay (Hine), Polemos (Higham), Killinchy Silly (J. O'Donnell), Mackerelling (Myers). (Winner trained by W. Nightingall.)

Betting—4 to 1 each agst. Furry Dance and Long Corrie, 5 to 1 each IRISH EAGLE and Clatement, 7 to 1 each Lucky Prince and Corban, 10 to 1 Flory, 100 to 7 any other.

Won by three lengths; two lengths. Furry Dance was fourth.

The winner was bought in for 350 guineas.

2.10—**NEWBURY AUTUMN HANDICAP** of £1,000. 1¼ m.

Mr. Cunliffe's ch. g. PETER RUSH, by Charles O'Malley—Breeze o' the Morn, 4, 7-0	G. Richards 1
Mr. S. Dawson's SPES, 4, 7-7	G. Smith 2
Sir A. Bailey's REVIVAL, 4, 7-7	R. Jones 3
Mr. Cazalet's Puttenden, 4, 8-12	J. Childs 0
Sir D. Boughton's Sun Charmer, 4, 8-5	E. Gardner 0
Lord Derby's Highbrow, 4, 7-12	T. Weston 0
His Majesty's Resinato, 4, 7-9	W. Wragg 0
Lord Jersey's Scamp, 4, 7-9	F. Lane 0
Mrs. Nugent's Warsways, 7, 6-13	K. Robertson 0
Mr. J. White's Tregenwell, 4, 6-10	A. Burns 0
Major Cazzer's Rhaidhnaonach, 4, 8-7	F. Fox 0
Mr. Singer's East Tor, 5, 8-2	F. Bullock 0
Mrs. J. Morrison's Desire, 5, 8-0 .....

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES.

IRISH STOCK EXCHANGES.

DUBLIN.

WAR LOANS GOOD. BANKS QUIET. GUINNESS RELAPSE. TOBACCOS RALLYING. "CASHEL" LOWER.

The volume of dealing on 'Change remains limited, with a continuance of irregular price movements as buying or selling orders were pressed. Gains predominated in Government Funds, especially in seldom dealt in War Loan issues, but India Stocks fetched lower prices. Banks were quiet, with occasional dulness. The overnight strength shown by Guinness Ord. was not quite maintained, as profit-taking was current and carried the price back. Grand Canal Ord. were much firmer, as the buying level was advanced from 32s. 6d. to 40s., even if the selling level was 1s. lower at 47s. 6d. The result of these nominal price movements is an apparent rise of 3s. 3d on the day, but without any shares changing hands. Home Rails again varied. Great Northern was firm at recent sharp advance, and the Pref. rose. Great Southern and Western Ord. weakened somewhat, and Midland Great Western issues were steady to firm in tone and price. Dunlop Rubbers were sold at 7s. 4½d. without quoting. Parent Tyres remain on sale. Marconis realised 45s. 9d. Among Drapery Shares, Pim Bros. Pref. were weaker. As regards Manufacturing Shares, British-American Tobacco had a recovering trend, and Imperials also closed over worst. Textiles were a little unsettled. Coats fell back to 69s., but Cottons on the fall were rather wanted. Helys Ord. Shares gave way, but Millar and Beatty Pref. remain scarce.

In the Funds, War Loan 3½ p.c. rose ⅛ to 95⅝, ditto 4½ p.c. ¼ to 100, ditto 5 p.c. ⅛ to 103, and Conversion 3½ p.c. ⅛ to 75⅛, but India 3½ p.c. fell ⅛ to 69⅜, and the 3 p.c. ⅛ to 58⅜, while Consols repeated 58.

Banks were quiet. Hibernians fell ⅛ to 6⅞, and Nationals ⅛ to 19¼, while Bank Stock repeated 246, and Provincials 22½.

The only change in Breweries was a fall of ⅛ to 37⅞ ⅛ in Guinness Ord. Shares, while J. Jameson and Son Debs. repeated 7½, and J. Power and Son Pref. 20s.

Grand Canal Ord. rose 3s. 3d. to 40s., 47s. 6d., nominally.

Among Home Rails, Great Southern Ord. fell ⅛ to 48, after opening at 48¾. Great Northern repeated 54½, but the 4 p.c. Pref. rose 1½ to 67. Midland Great Western Ord. at 35¾ and the 4 p.c. Guaranteed at 56 were firm, with the 4 p.c. Debs. ¼ higher at 60.

Trams, Tyre, Gas, and Bakery Shares were not officially dealt in.

In Drapery Shares, Pim Bros. Pref. fell 1s. 3d. to 75s. 9d.

As regards Manufacturing Shares, British-American Tobaccos rose 9d. to 104s. 6d., while J. Jameson and Sons were no better than 72s. 3d., or 1s. under last marking here, but later rose to 72s. 9d. Canadians remain at 25s. Coats fell 6d. to 69s., while Cottons rose 3d. to 43s. 3d. Brunner Mond Shares gave way 6d. to 39s. 6d., and Helys Ord. 2s. 6d. to 22s. 6d., but Lever Bros. 8 p.c. Pref. rose 1½d. to 21s. Millar and Beatty Pref. were still bid for up to 55s., but did not offer. Courtaulds were hard at 59s. 9d.

In Trading, etc., Thos. McKenzies repeated 6½ and *Irish Times* Pref. 65s.

Distillers Pref. "Letters" rose from 1½d. to 3d. prem., and Shell Transports again quoted 70s. and Eagle Oil 7 p.c. Pref. 15s. (Mexican).

BUSINESS DONE AT ALL SESSIONS.
Transactions for cash marked "c."

Consols	(58) 58	G.S.W. Ord.-(48½)	48¼ 8
3½ War Loan..(95)	95⅛	M.G.W. Ord.-(35½)	35¾ ⅛
4½ War Loan..(99½)	100	Do. Guar.	(58) 58
5 War Loan(102⅝)	103	Do. 4½ Deb.	(65) 65
Conver. Loan..(78½)	78⅛	Dublin Tram.	(7) 7b
War Bonds	106	Pim Ord.	(7⅝-) 7⅜
India 3½	(66) 66¼	B.A.T.	(103⅜) 104⅙
India 3½	(59½) 59⅜	Imp. Tob.	(93⅝) 93⅞
Bank Ireland..(246)	246c		2/3 2/9
Hibernian	(6¾) 6¾	Do. Canada.	(26/-) *26/-
National	(19½) 19¼	Brunner Mond	
Provincial	(22½) 22⅝		(40/-) *39/6
Guinness..(37½)	37⅝ ⅛	Coats	(69/6) 69/-
Jameson Deb.	(7¼) 7¼	Cottons	(43/-) *43/3
Power Pref.	(20/-) 20/-	Courtaulds.	(59/7½) 59/9
Distillers Pref. Letters		Hely's Ord.	(25/-) 22/6
	3d. pm.	Lever 8% ..(20/10½)	21/-
Canal Ord.....	(50/-) 40/-	M'Kenzie	(6¾) 6¾

Irish Times 5½.

Marconi ..(45/10½)	45/9		
G.N. Ord.	(6¾) 6¾	Mex. Eagle 1st Pref.	15/-
Do. Pref.	(65¼) 67	Shells	(69/6) 70/-

(Last business done given in parentheses.)

IRISH BANKS' RATE.

Discount	5 p.c. 5th July, 1923.
Deposit	2 p.c. 5th July, 1923.

STOCK EXCHANGE SETTLEMENTS.

Mining contango day ...	Oct. 26 | Nov. 12
General contango day ...	Oct. 29 | Nov. 13
Ticket day	Oct. 30 | Nov. 14
Account day	Oct. 31 | Nov. 15

BELFAST.

Belfast Exchange was active. Gilt-edged securities were weak upon inflation rumours. War Loan declined to 102½, Victory Bonds 92, Lloyd's Bank 60s. 6d., London City and Midland 8⅜, Westminster Bank 17⅜, Belfast Water Commissioners 3 p.c. 63½, Great Northern Railway 4 p.c. Pref. 66½, Costa Ord. 69s., Dunville and Co. 12½, British American Tobacco Ord 103s. 9d., Imperial Tobacco 72s. 9d., Leahy, Kelly and Leahy 6, Dunlop Rubber 7s. 4½d., Lever Bros. 7 p.c. Pref. 21s. 9d., 8 p.c. Pref. 21s., White, Tomkins and Courage declined 3d. to 24s. 3d., Maypole Def. 6s. 1½d., Shell Transport 3½, National War Bonds April, 1928, 105⅛.

PROVINCIAL EXCHANGES.

MANCHESTER.—Textiles subjected to more pressure, several losses. Bleachers 47/-47/6, do. Pref. 52-52/6, Calicos 27/-27/3, do. Pref. 17/6-17/9, Dyers 55/-55/6, do. Pref. 19/9-20/3, Cottons 48-48/6, do. Pref. 19/6-20/-, Spinners 49/-49/6, do. Pref. 20/-20/6, "Slubbers" 7/9-8/3, Coats 68/6-69/-, Ship Canal 8⅛-9⅛, do. Pref. 34-34½, Velvets 26/9-27/3.

BIRMINGHAM.—Austin 4th Debentures monopolised attention on reports concerning the company's business, rising 4 points to 86½. Standards still rising. Dunlops firmer. Austins, 1/3; Siemens, 42/6; Calthorpes, 4/9; S.T.D., 5/6; Enfields, 24/3; Humbers, 25/6; Rolls Royce, 49/10½; Rovers, 15/1½; Singers, 22/6; Standards, 4/6; Swifts, 5/9; Triumphs, 30/6; Vauxhalls, 6/3; Dunlop, 7/4½; Parent Def., 23/6; Harper Bean, 1/1½; Calcutts, 39/6.

TEA SHARES.

Market dull and prices still falling:—Assam, £1124-½; Con. T. and L. Ord., £34½-¼; Doom Doom £33-½; E. Assam, £27½-¼; East Produce, 59-½; Jokai, 42/6; Jorehaut, £21½-¼; Single Ord. 61/6-3d.

Business Done:—Consolidated Tea, 34½, 5, 4½, 4; Jokai, 42½, 3, 2; Jorehaut Tea, 66/6, 5/6, 6/4½.

FINANCIAL PARAGRAPHS.

Now that developments in Germany are die-illusioning France in regard the "reparations benefits," it is being suggested that the franc is "in flight" so as to escape the inevitable tax burden that must be borne to ensure budgetary stability. Probably it is an exaggeration, or even a misinterpretation, of facts, but the same time, it must be allowed that reparations to be received figures in the French Budget position as an asset that will restore equilibrium. With the German political situation so disquieting, the quality of this asset is further diminished. Therefore, it is argued that the exchange value of the franc is likely to suffer more in the future. As in the case of German marks, a point can be reached in a depreciated currency when it ceases to stimulate industrial activity, in which respect France is now prosperous and without unemployment problems to solve.

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LONDON STOCKS IMPROVE.

RISES NOT FULLY HELD.

The Stock markets were rather firmer yesterday on the better rate of exchange, and they offered greater resistance to pressure than during the last day or two. There was quite a good tone at the opening, but in most directions, owing to lack of support, the initial improvement was not fully held. Features were scarce, but a firmer underlying tone was noticeable throughout the day and at the close. The Gilt-edged market was quiet but steady. The Conversion Loan rose ¼ to 78⅛.

There was not much business in FOREIGN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, but French Fives added ¼ to 26⅜. Argentine Fives of 1909 rose 1 to 92. Mexicans were flat. The Fives fell 3⅛ to 52 and the Sixes 2½ to 52.

HOME RAILS made a very poor showing after the recovery of Tuesday. London Midland and Scottish 4 p.c. Pref. fell a point to 82, and the 4 p.c. Pref. of 1893 also lost a point at 81. London North-Eastern Def. Ord. fell ½ to 32½, the 1st Pref. at 82 fell 1, and the 2nd Pref. at 81 also lost a point. Districts at 55½ fell ½.

In COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILWAYS, "Canpacs" fell 1 to 159. Argentines were dull. Pacifics fell ½ to 76½ and Westerns ½ to 75½. San Paulos Ord. at 139½ lost a point. Americans were without feature of interest.

OIL SHARES BETTER.

RISE IN SHELLS.

Following the improvement which set in overnight, the Oil Share market continued to display firmness yesterday, this department sharing in the more confident tone which prevailed throughout the House. An outstanding feature of strength was provided by Shells, which continued in good demand and registered a substantial advance. The strength of these shares and also of Royal Dutch was attributable to the report of a working agreement between the Royal Dutch-Shell Combine and the Standard Oil interests of America and also to the fact that the Shell Union Co., which is making an issue of common stock, announces that the net earnings of the concern during the first six months of the current year exceeded those for the whole of 1922. Royal Dutch also registered an appreciable gain. The market was also helped by the further advance in the price of refined petroleum in New York. The strength of Royal Dutch and Shells had a beneficial effect, upon other leading issues, although general business was not on a large scale. Mexican Eagles received a fair amount of attention and the price improved. Anglo-Persians were a better market than of late, improvements being marked in the Old and the New Ord. shares and also in the two Prefs. issues, while Burmahs strengthened. The better tendency spread to certain of the more speculative favourites. V.O.C. Holdings received a moderate amount of attention and marked a recovery, the demand for the shares being based on hopes that a new and more favourable sales contract may be entered into with the Caribbean Petroleum Co., a subsidiary of the Royal Dutch-Shell Combine. The British controlled issues had a steadier appearance. Among Rumanians, Phœnix met with support, and, although finishing below the best, showed an advance as a result of the day's business, but other members of the group remained quiet. Trinidad issues commanded only a moderate amount of attention, and, apart from a recovery in Apex, prices showed little alteration. Lobitos and Anglo-Ecuadorians moved up, and a recovery was marked in Anglo-Egyptian B, the last-named being helped by the satisfactory production figures for the past week. Closing prices:—

M. U.
Oct. 16.

1/-	Agwi Petroleum	3/-	3⅛ + ⅛
3½	Anglo-American	3½	3⅝ + ⅛
1/6	Anglo-Ecuadorian	1/6	1/6
3	Anglo-Egyptian "B"	3	1/6 + ⅛
22⅛	Anglo-Persian 5 p.c.	22/1⅝	22/7⅛ +0/3
22/3	Do. 6 p.c. 2nd Pref.	22/3	22/7⅛ +0/3⅛
2¾	Do. Ord., issued 5s. pd.	2¾	2¾ + ⅛
2¾	Do. 6 p.c. Deb.	90	92
3/-	Apex Trinidad	3/-	3¼ xd + ⅛
⅝	Brit. Borneo Pet. (10/-) ..	⅝	⅝
6/3	British Burmah (£/-)	6/3	6/9 +0/3
8/3	British Controlled	8/3	8/6 +0/4½
7/1½	Do. Pref.	8/9	7/10½ +0/3
4/-	Burmah	4/-	4/-
25/6	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	25/1½	25/7½ -0/3
2 1/16	Caltex	1/15/16	2 1/16 -0/1⅛
1/3	Ducia Romano	1/3	1/3
8/-	Eagle Transport	8/-	8/-
⅝	Do. 7 p.c. Notes	30/6	30/6
102	Do. Bonds	101⅞	102⅜
4/8	General Pet. Trinidad A.	3/9	4/3 -0/3
—	Indo Burmah	1/3	1/3
15/16	Kern River (10/-)	14/9	15/2xd
⅝	Lobitos	6¼	6⅝ + ⅛
20/10½	Mexican Eagle	21/8	22/0 +0/3
20/1⅝	Do. Pref.	20/6	20/10½ +0/3
14/7½	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	14/9	15/3 +0/3
⅜	North Caucasian (10/-) ..	⅜	⅜ + ⅛
—	Oilfields Egypt	10/-	10/-
7/-	Pyrs Syndicate	7/-	7/7½
—	Phœnix	17/3	17/9 +0/3
2/3	Premier Oil	2/4	2/3
—	Rumanian Consolidated ..	11/9	12/3
29½	Royal Dutch	30/3	30/9 + ⅛
10½	Scottish American	9/10½	10/4½
3/6	Shell Transport	3/6	3¾ + ⅛
9¾	Do. 5 p.c. Pref. (£10).	9/9	9¾ + ⅛
23/3	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	23/6	23/9
3/9	Spies (10/-)	3/9	3/9
7/0	Steaua Romana	6/7½	7/0 +0/1½
5/6	Tankers Pref.	5/6	5/6 -0/1⅜
4/-	Trinidad Central	4/-	4/-
1/7	Trinidad Leaseholds	1/7	1¾ -⅛
7/-	United Brit Trinidad	6/9	7/3 -⅛
—	Ural Caspian	—	—
4/6	Urca Oil	4/6	4/6 +0/1⅛
1¾	V.O.C. Holdings	1/6	1⅝ + ⅛
—	Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	1/6	1⅝ + ⅛

RUBBER SHARES IDLE.

The Rubber Share market was dull and idle yesterday, and changes were few. Nordanal rose 2s. to 16s. Rubber Estates of Johore at 21s. 3d. lost 2s. Seramban fell 1s. 6d. to 12s. 6d., Sapong 1s. 4½d. to 29s. 3d. Sablas 1s. 3d. to 12s. 6d., Selaba 1s. 3d. to 20s., and Damansara 1s. to 14s. The price of raw rubber improved to 13⅞d. per lb. Closing prices:—

M. U.
Oct. 16.

47/0	Anglo-Dutch	45/6	
27/4	Anglo-Javs	25/6	
23/6	Anglo-Malay	22/6	
4/3	Bertam Cons.	4/3¾	
3/3	Bukit Merisjam	3/0	-0/1
1/3	Bukit Sembawang	1/3¾	
1/6	Damansara	1/6	-1/0
21/0	Grand Central	20/0	
1/6	Highlands	1/6	
4/6	Kamuning	3/11	+0/1
1/-	Kepong	1/-	
1/6	Kuala Lumpur	1/6	+0/1¾
1/4	Labu	1/3	
1/3	Linggi	1/3	
2/9	London-Asiatic	2/7½	
1/6	Malacca	1/6	
20/0	Malayalam	20/0	
1/3	Merlimau	1/3	
1/4	Mundy Valley	1/4	
1 4/4	Pori Dickson	2/4	
12/0	Rubber Trust	10/6	+0/3
15/3½	Seafield	15/3	
1/-	Seremban	1/-	
1/6	Silsang	1/6	
20/0	Straits Rubber	20/3	
1/-	Sungei Ager	1/-	
1½	Tandjong	1/6	
3/-	Un. Serdang	2/3	+0/3
3/8	United Sua Betong	4/6	
11/9	Vallambrosa	11/9	

Anglo-Sum.	44/6	N. Hammock	20/3
Bali Ises.	32/6	F.P.R.(G'p'n)	20/6
Bain Tiga.	32/6	Patalling	29/4½
B.N.B.B.I. Trst	3/-	Pilsner	14/9
British	1/7½	Rim Rafessa	2/9
Bukit Ceh	4/6	Rim.N.Kolsor	7/3
Bukit Hatch	34/0	Sapong	29/3
Castlefield	2/11½	Semenih'm	22/6
Chevlot	2/16½	Selahcor	1/7½
Cicuy	5/4⅜	Serdang C'n'l	27/6
Eastern Trust	16/3	Soember Ajoe	2/6
Gen.Ceylon	24/9	Strathmore	11/9
Golden Hope	27/6	Tamaskra	1/6
Golden Hope	27/6	Tanjong Inlays	21/3
Java Amal.	25/6	Tungel Chch	18/9
Kapar Para	39/0	Tungkal Kapar	4/6
Kapindoe	31/0	Tungkal Ko. Pi	14/0
Kepitiellis	8/0	Taiping	1/6
Kembok	2/3	Tebrau	31/3
Langkat Sum	20/0	Telegorodjo	42/3
Lolibay	3/9	Tennyson	6/10½
Manch'ter N B	21/3	Un. Teminang	3/9
Mambakut	16/0	Yam Seng	1/9

*Ex Div. † Ex Rights. ‡ Cum div.

TRAFFICS.

Great Western, £297,000; London, Midland, and Scottish, £1,468,000; London and North-Eastern, £1,121,000; Southern Railway, £486,800.

United Railways of the Havana—Week to October 20, increase £12,268. Argentine North-Eastern Railway—Week to October 20, increase £4,400. Central Argentine Railway—Week to October 20, increase £14,000. Anglo-Argentine Tramways—Week to October 21, decrease £3,282. Buenos Ayres and Pacific Railway—Week to October 20, increase £1,349. Central Uruguay Railway—Week to October 20, decrease £96; do. Eastern Extension—Week to October 20, decrease £317; do. Northern Extension—Week to October 20, increase £83; do. Western Extension—Week to October 20, increase £70. Antofagasta and Bolivia Railway—Week to October 21, decrease £10,600. Egyptian Delta Light Railways—Period to October 10, decrease £696. Leopoldina Railway—Week ended October 20, decrease £5,092; Buenos Ayres Western Railway—Week to October 20, net increase £5,000. Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway—Week to October 20, net increase £3,000. Central Electric Railways—Week ended October 20 showed decrease £1,266. London and Suburban Traction Group, decrease £5,103.

CLOSING PRICES.

The quotations in the following tables were made up at an earlier hour than, and may, therefore, vary to some extent from, those given in our comments:—

CONSOLS, ETC.

Consols 57¾-58⅛
War Loan 3½% 95⅛-⅜
do. 4½% 99-100
do. 5% 102⅝-103
Con. 2½ (Time free) 58-58⅛
do. 101-101⅛
Fund'g L'n. 92-93⅛
Victory Bds. 91¾-92⅛

3½% Conv. Loan ..... 77-78⅛ + ⅛
Irish Land 3½% 69-72
India 3% 58½-59⅛
do. 3½% 68½-69⅛
do. 4% 83-84
do. 5% 102-103
do. 7% 117-119
Local Loans 67-68
Indian 3½ p.c. 107-108

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT STOCKS.

Alberta 4s 86-88
Aust. Com. 5½ 102-104
do. 5% 104-106
Brit. Col. 4½ 1941 91-93
Canada 4½ 95-97
do. 4½ 1933-8 ..... 101½-103½
Cape 4½ Cons. 94-96
Ceylon 4½ 104-106
Natal 3½ '24 90-92
N.S.W. 4½ 1935-7 97-99
do. 4½ 1932-4 97-99
do. 5½ 1922-47 99-101
do. 6½ 1929-49 107-109
N. Zeal'd 4½ '29... 94-96

Nigeria 6% 114-118
Q'land 4.1910-30 84-86
do. 4½ 1930-5 88-90
do. 6% 1920-40 104-106
S. Africa 4½ Cons 95-97
do. 6% 104-106
S.A. 4½ '53-'58 94-96
do. 5% 102-104
Victoria 4½ 1956-86 87-89
do. 5½ 1927-47 98-100
W. Aust. 4½ '27-'29 96-98
do. 5½ 1926-56 102-104

AMERICAN RAILS.

M.U.
Oct. 16.

—	Atchison	106	108
—	Baltimore	61	61
—	Chesapeake	57	57
—	Chicago, Milwaukee	35	35
15½	Erie	14⅝	15⅛
—	Do. 1st Pref.	28	28
—	New York, Ontario	27	27
26¾	Southern Canadian	26	27
—	Do. Pref.	73	74
—	Southern Pacific	91	92
—	Union Pacific	142	144

BRITISH RAILS.

113	Great Western	111	112
107	Lon., Mid. & Scot. Ord...	105½	106⅝
—	Do. 4 p.c. Pref.	84	85
—	Do. 4½ p.c. Red. Pref..	89	90
—	Do. 5 p.c. Red. Pref..	97	98
—	Do. 4 p.c. 1923	80	81
87¾	Lon. North-East. 5 p.c. Pref. Ord.	86	87 — ¼
33¼	Do. Def. Ord.	32½	32¾
—	Do. 4 p.c. 1st Pref....	82	83 — ¼
—	Do. 4 p.c. 2nd Pref....	81	82 — ¼
77¾	Metropolitan	77⅜	78¼
—	Do. 5 p.c. Pref.	95	96
14¾	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	15⅛	15⅜ — ⅛
2 1/16	Undergound Electric ...	1 15/16	2
100	Do. Income Bonds....	100	102¾
103	Do. 6 p.c. Debs.	104	106

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN RAILS.

89	Antofagasta	85½	87½
—	Argentine N.W. Ord....	77	79
—	Bahia Blanca	73½	81½
—	Brazil Railway Common	¾	⅞
83	Buenos Ayres Gt. R....	78	85
77½	Buenos Ayres and Pacific	75½	77½ — ⅛
76	Buenos Ayres and W....	74½	76¾ — ⅛
138½	Canadian Pacific	138	140 — 1
69	Central Argentine	68½	70½
48¾	Central Uruguay	44	46
—	Entre Rios	16	18
—	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	64¾	66½
—	Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Guar.	80	81
—	Grand Trunk 4 p.c. Deb.	79	79
—	Do. 4 p.c. Perp. Deb..	79	81
21¾	Leopoldina	21½	22
10¾	Mexican Rails	10½	11¾
11⅞	Do. 1st Pref.	11	12
—	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	18	20
—	Mexican Nat. 1st Pref..	5	7
2¾	Mexican Nat. 2nd Pref..	2¼	3
142	New Grank Ord.	137	142 — 1
75	United Havana	74	76

FOREIGN BONDS.

99	Argentine, 1886	98	100
74½	Do. 4 p.c. Rescissions	73	75
81¾	Do. 4 p.c. 1909	81	83 +1
39	Brazil 5 p.c. 1913	39	41
81	Do. Funding, 1908.....	81	83
70	Do. 5 p.c. 1914	70	72
21¾	Chinese 5 p.c., 1896	21	23
79½	Do. 4 p.c. 1898	79	81
86	Do. 5 p.c. 1913	86	88
24¾	Czecho-Slovakia Bonds ..	24	26
71	Egyptian Unified	71	73
28⅜	French Loans	28⅜	27¾ + ⅛
20	Do. 4 p.c.	20	21
13⅛	German 5 p.c.	—	⅜
10½	Italian Rentes	10½	11
104	Japanese 4½ p.c. 1st	104	106
67⅛	Do. 4 p.c. 1905	67	69
84½	Do. New 5 p.c. 1920..	84	86
57	Mexican 5 p.c.	57	59
20	Do. 4 p.c. 1904	20	21
2/9	Peruvian Corporation ..	2/9	3/-
—	Do. Pref.	23	25
29¾	Do. Deb.	29½	30¾
7/8	Portuguese 3 p.c.	7/8	7/8
107	San Paulo 8 p.c.	106	108
—	Spanish 4 p.c.	83	85
83½	Uruguay 4 p.c.	83¼	83¾

BANKS.

—	Agricultural of Egypt ..	6/-	7½
—	Anglo-South American ..	2	2⅛
—	Australasia	13	13½
—	Bank New South Wales.	33½	34½
—	Bank of New Zealand...	2/9	2/10
—	Barclays	4/3	4/4
—	British of Foreign Trade	1/-	1/-
—	British Overseas	1/-	1/-
—	Canadian of Commerce..	2/-	2/-
—	Chartered of India	19¾	19¾
—	Hong Kong	125	125 + ¼
—	Lloyds	18	18⅛
—	London and Brazilian ..	16	16½
—	London City Midland ...	8⅜	8⅝
—	National Discount "B"..	3¾	3¾
—	National Prov. (£4 p.)..	11½	11⅝
—	Royal Bank of Canada..	2/-	2/-
—	Standard of Brit. S. Afr.	10¾	11¼
—	Union of Australia	15¾	15¾
—	Westminster Bank	17⅜	17⅞

TELEGRAPHS.

22¼	Anglo-American Def.	22¼	23¼
7/8	Marconi Wireless Ord. ..	7/8	7/8
2	Do. Def.	1⅞	2⅛
—	Do. Deos.	104	105
—	Do. Marine	1⅜	1⅝
7/8	Do. Canada	7/7½	7/7½
—	Original Wireless	1/-	1/-
13/0	Radio Corporation	12/0	13/0
15/0	Do. Pref.	14/0	15/0

MISCELLANEOUS.

—	Abonkir Land	3/-	3/-
1½	Aerated Bread	1⅜	2/0
2/0	African and Eastn. Trade.	2/-	2/-
2½	Alianza	2¼	2½
—	Allsopp £1 Shares	—	3/-
63½	Do. Pref.	62	64
3	Amalgamated Cotton	2/6	3/0
7/6	Anglo-Argentine 1st Pref.	7/3	7/6
61/3	Anglo-Chilian Nitrate ..	2/9	3/- + ⅛
3/-	Argentine Northern Land	2/-	2/-
—	Do. Def.	1/-	1/-
21/0	Armstrong (W. G.)	21/0	21/0
18¾	Mexican Rails	10½	11¾
11⅞	Do. 1st Pref.	11	12
—	Do. 6 p.c. Pref.	18	20
—	Mexican Nat. 1st Pref..	5	7
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LONDON MINING MARKET IMPROVED.

BUSINESS STILL SMALL.

While a somewhat better tone was noticeable in the "House" yesterday, it cannot be said that business showed any material expansion. In the more speculative departments Mines held their ground, and as regards Kaffirs, the publication of General Smuts's speech created a good impression. The exchange position was also more satisfactory, and the quarterly reports from the various producers were of an encouraging character, profits being generally better and working costs being on the down grade. Paris was still under the influence of political happenings, and for the moment Johannesburg was doing very little, though some support for Brakpan was forthcoming from that centre. Crown Mines were also harder, and Van Ryn Deep went ahead, while Robinson Deep "B" were quite a feature, good buying for lock-up purposes lifting the price appreciably. "Generals," too, were a harder market on the favourable quarterly reports of members of the group, but "T.C.L." relapsed on profit-taking, and Union Corporation were allowed to slip back. The approach of the carry-over, to-morrow being option day, when preliminary settlement arrangements will be made, no doubt helped to check any expansion of activity. In the Rhodesian section conditions could only be described as dull. The absence of Paris interest was most pronounced in the Diamond section, and not a single quotable alteration could be recorded. Although the price of tin rose £2 6s. 3d. to £204 12s. 6d. per ton, the share market failed to benefit. West Africans remained dull, and among Australians the only change was a rise in Electrolytic Zinc, which were wanted on the publication of the very satisfactory report. Among Coppers Rio Tintos were still dull, and in the Russian list Russo-Asiatic were marked down. Closing prices:—

SOUTH AFRICAN.

M.U.
Oct. 15.

1/9	Anglo-Amer. Corp.	1/7½	
17/0	Anglo-French	16/6	16/9
9/6	Brakpan	9⅛-9⅜	+ ⅛
2/3	Cam and Motor ...	2/0-2⅛	— ⅛
12/6	Chart'd B.S.A....	12⅛-12/6	— ⅛
2/3	Falcon ..

AUCTION TO-MORROW AT 29 BACHELOR'S WALK.

COX'S AUCTION ROOMS.

SUPERIOR DUBLIN-MADE FURNITURE, OVERSTRUNG BABY GRAND AND COTTAGE PIANOS, BY SCHIEDMAYER, STINGL (BERLIN), KNAUSS, PIGOTT, POHLMANN, Etc.

Comprising principally—Inlaid Rosewood China Display Cabinet, Ebonised French Bureau, Mahogany do., two Inlaid Drawingroom Suites, in silk tapestry and Genoa velvet; several Inlaid Occasional Drawingroom Chairs, two superior Hair-stuffed Chesterfields, in tapestry; Occasional Tables, Grandfather's Chippendale Clock, Case of Birds, Sets of Dining Chairs, Hall Stands, Screw Dining Tables, in Mahogany and Walnut; Hair-upholstered Chesterfield Suite, in silk tapestry; Piano Seats, Office Tables and Roll-top Desks, Brass Fenders and Fire Brasses, Fender Seats, Dumb Waiters, 4-Fold Screens, 300-Day and other Clocks; lofty Glass-back Mahogany and Oak Sideboards, Gilt-framed and other Overmantel Glasses, Antique Mahogany Falling-leaf Dining Table, Diningroom Chesterfield and pair Lounge Chairs, in leather; Heavy Chenille and Tapestry Winter Curtains, Pictures and Paintings, Decorative and other China, large quantity of Table Glass; Bedroom Furnishing, including 7ft. Mahogany Inlaid Suite, oak-lined; 8 assorted Bedroom Suites, in Mahogany, Inlaid Satin Walnut, and Oak, in sizes from 2ft. 6in. to 5ft., all complete with Duchesse Dressing Tables, Washstands, etc.; Mahogany Duchesse Pairs, odd Dressing Tables and Washstands, Metal Fenders, Commode; Single and Double Beds, with best 4-ply Wires and Curled Hair Mattresses; Feather Beds; Kitchen and Deal Furniture, Pots, Pans, and Saucepans; Table Mangle, 4 Lengths of Linoleum, 30 packages Dutch Bulbs, and numerous miscellaneous effects. Pianos, which will be sold at 3 o'clock, include Overstrung Boudoir Grand, by Schiedmayer, in Dark Burr Walnut case, and an Overstrung Baby Grand, by Stingl, Berlin, in Ebonised case, both brilliant sweet-toned instruments, equal to new; superior Iron-framed Cottage Pianos, by Knauss, (Coblenz), Pigott and Co., Pohlmann, and Erard; Square Piano, Violins, etc. Goods on View. Auction commences at 12.30.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

AUCTION SALE MONDAY, 29TH OCTOBER, AT ELM GREEN, CASTLEKNOCK

(ONE MILE FROM ASHTOWN STATION),

FURNITURE, CATTLE, HAY, &c.

(Per instructions of E. McCARTAN MOONEY, Esq., who is changing Residence),

COMPRISING PRINCIPALLY:—A LARGE RESIDUE OF FURNITURE, i.e., OAK DININGROOM SUITE INCLUDING GLASS-BACK SIDEBOARD, FITTED WITH CUPBOARDS AND DRAWERS; 16FT. SET OF SCREW DINING TABLES, DUMB WAITER, CARVING TABLE, FRAMED WALL MIRROR, TWELVE HAIR-STUFFED DINING CHAIRS, COVERED IN MOROCCO, ALL EN SUITE; MAGNIFICENT DONEGAL CARPET, 21FT. X 15FT.; INLAID CARD TABLE, TWO ARMCHAIRS, IN MOROCCO; STUDY CHAIR, MAHOGANY FALLING-LEAF TABLE, LARGE GILT MIRRORS, QUANTITY OF TABLE LINEN, CURTAINS, PAIR OF CHIPPENDALE CIRCULAR COAT RACKS, EIGHT OLD DUTCH-PATTERN INLAID DINING CHAIRS (6 AND 2 CARVERS), FIRE SCREEN, COAL BOXES, OCCASIONAL TABLES, STANDARD LAMPS, OVAL MIRRORS, MAHOGANY BOOKCASE, SEVERAL LARGE PAINTINGS, COLOURED PRINTS AND ENGRAVINGS, OLD OAK CHEST, DECORATIVE AND OTHER CHINA, OFFICE TABLE, LEATHER TOP; CURTAINS, LINOLEUM, TABLES, CHAIRS, LAMPS, ALMOST-NEW MANGLE, AMERICAN TWO-WHEEL BUGGY, PENNSYLVANIA LAWN MOWER, ETC.; TWO MILCH COWS, TWO CALVES, THREE YOUNG CATTLE, ABOUT SEVEN TONS OLD MEADOW HAY, WELL SAVED WITHOUT RAIN

QUANTITY OF MANGOLDS, GARDEN SEATS, TWO LARGE METAL VASES, CONTENTS OF GREEN HOUSE, DAIRY, AND VEGETABLE GARDEN, ETC.

GOODS ON VIEW SATURDAY. AUCTION COMMENCES AT ONE O'CLOCK WITH FURNITURE.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

FURNITURE AUCTION, TUESDAY, 6TH NOVEMBER, AT 4 ST. JAMES'S TERRACE, MALAHIDE,

FULL PARTICULARS IN FUTURE ADVERTISEMENTS AND POSTERS.

JOHN H. COX, F.A.I., AUCTIONEER & VALUER.

DOCKRELL LIMITED, M.I.A.A.

PROPERTY AUCTION, TO-DAY, AT 1.15 O'CLOCK, AT OUR PROPERTY SALEROOMS, 5TH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

"FERGUSLIE," 5 PEMBROKE PARK, CLYDE ROAD.

IN RE THOMPSON'S MOTOR CAR CO., LTD. (IN LIQUIDATION).

WE ARE INSTRUCTED BY THE LIQUIDATOR, D. TELFORD, ESQ., F.C.A., TO SELL THE PREMISES

27 GREAT BRUNSWICK STREET.

DOCKRELL LIMITED, M.I.A.A.,

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS,

38 & 39 SOUTH GREAT GEORGE'S STREET, DUBLIN.

CO. KILDARE.

SALE OF ST. ANNE'S, CLANE,

AT THE TOWN HALL, NAAS,

ON TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), AT 1 P.M.,

AS ALREADY FULLY ADVERTISED.

BROWN and McCANN, Solicitors, Naas, and 23 Angleseas street, Dublin.

MICHAEL FITZSIMONS,

AUCTIONEER, &c., NAAS.

SALE TO-DAY.

IN THE MATTER OF GEORGE ROBERTSON, LTD., IN LIQUIDATION.

VARIED AND SELECT STOCK OF TWEEDS AND SERGES.

Including Gents' Suits, Overcoatings, Silk Linings, Gabardine, Ladies' Costume Lengths, Dress Materials, Flannels, and Ready-made Costumes; Silk Reels, Thread, and about 60 Gross of Buttons, Hooks, Eyes, etc.; also a quantity of

BEDROOM AND KITCHEN FURNITURE.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, AT THE SALEROOMS, 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, on THIS DAY (THURSDAY), at One o'clock sharp.

Terms—Cash and 5 per cent. Fees R. STANLEY STOKES, F.C.A., 36 College Green, Liquidator.

BENNETT & SON, LIMITED, M.I.A.A., 6 UPPER ORMOND QUAY, DUBLIN.

SALE TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 64 MOREHAMPTON ROAD, DONNYBROOK. FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.

INCLUDING: Mahogany Pedestal Sideboard, Set of Economy Dining Tables, Mahogany Bookcase and Cabinet, Sets of Dining Chairs and Couches, Mahogany Dinner Wagon, Antique Plate Bucket, Occasional Tables and Chairs, Revolving Bookcase, Piano Stool, Brass and other Fenders, Fire Sets, and Coal Vases; Carpets and Linoleum, very exceptional Gift Clock Set, Gilt and other Mirrors, Mahogany Hall Table, Mahogany Hall Stand, Jardinieres and Pedestals, etc., etc.; Mahogany Wardrobes, Duchesse Pairs, Marble Washstands, Toilet Sets, Bedsteads, with Spring and Hair Mattresses, and the usual Bedroom Fittings; Kitchen Tables, Chairs, and Culinary Utensils; Wheelbarrow, Lawn Mower, and Garden Tools. SALE 12 O'CLOCK.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., 110 GRAFTON STREET.

LAWLOR, BRISCOE & CO., LTD. (AUCTIONEERS).

IMPORTANT FURNITURE AUCTION TO-DAY, AT 1.30 P.M., IN OUR SALEROOMS, 34 and 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.

HIGH CLASS HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, CARPETS, ETC.,

COMPRISING:—Three-piece Chesterfield Suite, in velvet (hair-stuffed); ditto, in tapestry; Divan Chairs Mahogany Pier Cabinet, superb 7ft. Carved Oak Mirror-back Sideboard, 6ft. Carved Mahogany Pedestal ditto; Inlaid Mahogany China Cabinets, Mahogany Telescope Dining Tables, Inlaid Mahogany Oval-end Tables, Walnut and Gilt Overmantels, seven-piece Drawingroom Suite, in tapestry; Diningroom Chairs, Oak Roll-top Desk, Antique Mahogany Secretaire, 4ft. 6in. Mahogany Bookcase, 5ft. ditto, ANTIQUE TALL-BOY DRAWERS, in MAHOGANY; Walnut Hallstand, 9ft. Carved Oak Hall Wardrobe, Carved Oak Cabinet, 4ft. Mahogany Bookcase and Secretaire, Oil Paintings, Brass Fenders, 7ft. Burr Walnut Bedroom Suite, Antique Mahogany Wardrobe, Oak and Mahogany Chests of Drawers, 4ft. Black Walnut Chest Bedroom Suite, several Walnut and Mahogany Wardrobes, Toilet Ware, Axminster Carpets and Rugs, Patent Mangle Kitchen Furnishings, &c., &c.; ALSO AN INTERESTING QUANTITY OF BOOKS.

LAWLOR, BRISCOE, & CO., LTD., M.I.A.A.,

'PHONE—155. AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS, 34 AND 35 LOWER ORMOND QUAY.

KILLUNEY and MULLYLOUGHRAN, one mile from the city of Armagh, 3 Valuable Farms of Land, held in perpetuity and fee-simple, for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on WEDNESDAY, 7th NOVEMBER, 1923, at the hour of 12 o'clock. Lot 1 contains 21 acres, Statute; 4-yearly instalments on this holding are £8 8s. Od. On this lot there is a comfortable dwelling-house and suitable out-offices. Lot 2 contains 7 acres, Statute, held for ever free of rent. Lot 3 contains 14 acres, Statute; the 4-yearly instalments on this holding are £4 7s. Od.; there is a dwelling-house and out-offices on this farm; this holding being bought under the Ashbourne Act, instalments will cease in 1926; it will then be free of rent. Full particulars from

T. BROOKS & CO.,

Auctioneers, etc.,

ARMAGH.

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE 3.)

VEHICLES.

A T Slye's, Mabbot lane, off Talbot street.—Tonneau Inside Cars; reduced prices. 22 E

FOR Sale, solid Mail Axles, 1¼ in., 1¼ in., 1⅛ in., by Carey, Manchester, complete with boxes and brass caps, suitable for heavy horse drawn lorries, or vans. Apply Hugh Keaney, Auctioneer, Limerick. 20 F

OFFORD'S Pony Trap and Harness, New and Second-hand, reduced prices, extraordinary values; catalogues 6d.; lists 2d. Unrivalled selection.—Offord's, 67 George's street, Portman square, London. T

RUBBER Tyres, all sizes, fitted at short notice.—The City Wheel Works, Ltd., Great Brunswick street, Dublin. T

TONNEAU Trap, fit pony 13 hands or so; as new; Set Tan Brass Mounted Harness, perfect (Box); £40. Address "Z 1900, Trap," this office. 21 D

TUB Car and Harness, almost new; horse's size; £40.—Godkin, Saddlery, Kingstown. 24 A

CATTLE, LIVE STOCK.

ABSOLUTELY Finest Quality Meat Meal, 50 per cent. albuminoids, 16/- per cwt., carriage paid.—Kilpatrick, Church lane, Belfast. X

CHINCHILLA Rabbits for Sale, the beautiful new fur producing breed, from Captain Gregan's strain; three months does 15/-, bucks 7/6.—Mrs. Mansfield, Morristown Lattin, Naas. 21 D

COW for Sale, freshly calved, Black Poll Angus-Kerry Cross; young. Also two six months old Heifer Calves.—Holywell, Dundrum 23 D

COWS—Two nice Heifers, due to calve.—Belcourt, Blackrock. 24 A

COWS—Jersey, Shorthorn, Dexter, calved, Jersey and Kerry Springer.—Blackrock House, Blackrock. 24 A

FERRETS—Healthy working Ferrets, 9/- each, three 25/-, carriage paid; last year's 13/6 and 15/- each.—Readwin, 14 Bevington Buildings, Liverpool. 16 17

FOR Sale, large White Pedigree Sows, four and five months old, good condition. Address "Z 1902, Sows," this office. 21 D

FERRET 9/6, strong 11/6, Polecats 12/6; large Purse Nets, 8d.—Kilroy, Tullamore. 22 E

LARGE York Pigs, fed in open air; Sows, in young, and Gilts, Boars and Bonhams.—Springfarm Herd Pedigree Pigs, Delgany. S 19

ROAN Shorthorn Bull Wanted, 18 months. Price, etc., to Craigie Bros., 37 Prussia street, Dublin. 23 D

DOGS.

AIREDALES for Sale, pure bred, adults and puppies; prices reasonable; overstocked.—Kenselma, Rockbrae, Bray. 24

AIREDALE Puppies for Sale, by ch. Cluanach Marquis, dam litter sister to Judicious Cracksman.—Moore, Winnett's, Dalkey. 24 A

BLACK Cocker Dog Pups, pedigree, parents good workers, two months, 3 gns each. Apply Miss Herold Barry, Ballycronan, Buttevant. 22 F

BULLDOG Pup, "Lochinvar," by Champion "Lochinvar," winner 3rd and gold medal, Cleaned Open Class; £12 or nearest offer; post £20.—Priestley, Courtville, Tipperary. X

COLLIE Dog, 10 weeks old, 12/-; Bitches, 9/-, delivered. Ballinatrae Farm, Arcos.

SALE THIS DAY AT 25 BRIGHTON ROAD, RATHGAR

ATTRACTIVE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, including Iron-framed Cottage Piano, by Scheidmayer. Already fully advertised.

SALE AT 12 O'CLOCK PROMPT.

Purchasers to pay 5 per cent. Auction Fees.

JAMES ALLEN & SON,

M.I.A.A.,

75 MIDDLE ABBEY STREET, DUBLIN.

'Phone 74. Auctions Conducted in Town and Country.

ARDENODE, CO. KILDARE

(2 miles from Harristown Station, G.S. and W.R.)

23rd ANNUAL SALE.

ROBERT J. GOFF and CO., LTD., are favoured with instructions from Lieut.-Colonel W. J. HONNER to dispose of the following BY AUCTION on FRIDAY, 26th OCTOBER, 1923, commencing at 12.30 o'clock, at

ARDENODE DEMESNE FARMYARD.

HORSES.

1—GREAT HASTE, br. g., 5 yrs., 16.1½ hds., by Arizona, out of Red Haste, by Red Prince II. Ran third in Drogheda Stakes, Punchestown, 1923, his first and only race. Holds Hunt Certificate, 1922-1923.

2—RED WEST, b. g., 6 yrs., 16 hds., by Arizona, out of Red Sky's dam, by Red Prince II. A maiden. Ran second Maiden Chase, Leopardstown, March, 1923. Holds Hunt Certificate, 1922-1923.

3—GREATER HASTE, br. g., 4 yrs., 16 hds., full brother to No. 1. Broken in July.

4—THOROUGHBRED YEARLING CHESTNUT FILLY, by King's Ransom (by Roi Herode), out of Sundeck (dam of winners), by Orlop.

CATTLE.

60 Head of Pure-bred Shorthorn, Dexter Shorthorn, and Aberdeen-Angus Cattle, including 3 pure-bred Shorthorn Bulls, 8 to 10 months old; 2 pure-bred Shorthorn Cows, Shorthorn, Aberdeen-Angus, and Dexter Shorthorn 1½ year-old Bullocks and Heifers, Fat Cattle, etc.

Robert J. GOFF & CO., LTD.,

Auctioneers and Valuers,

NEWBRIDGE, CO. KILDARE.

AUTUMN SHEEP SALES.

SPECIAL AUCTION OF WETHERS & LAMBS,

WEDNESDAY NEXT, OCT. 31st.

Early entries respectfully requested.

GANLY, SONS & CO.,

USHER'S QUAY, DUBLIN.

TO MARKET GARDENERS, CATTLE DEALERS, INVESTORS AND OTHERS.

HOLDING OF SUPERIOR LAND FOR SALE, Situated at

DONNYCARNEY, CO. DUBLIN.

WE are instructed by the Owner to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION in our Salerooms, 35 SMITHFIELD, DUBLIN, on THURSDAY, 15th NOVEMBER, 1923, at One o'clock, Part of the Lands of Artane South, containing 17 acres and 20 perches, Statute measure, or thereabouts, situate at Pucklestown road, Donnycarney, Co. Dublin. Held in fee simple, subject to an annuity of £36 8/-, payable to the Irish Land Commission. Poor Law Valuation £31. There is a cottage erected on the property.

This Land is convenient to the principal markets. It is admirably adapted to the purpose of market gardening, or it would prove of great value to those interested in the cattle trade for paddocks, being at present laid down under grass. As a building site it should become a very profitable investment, being bounded on the north by the Pucklestown road, immediately off the Malahide road.

For further particulars and Conditions of Sale apply to

MATTHEW R. DOLAN, Solicitor, 37 Westmoreland street, Dublin; or to

E. & D. CARTON,

Auctioneers and Valuers,

35 SMITHFIELD, DUBLIN.

Telegrams—Ryegrass. Telephones—2875 and 2876.

DOGS CONTINUED.

FOR Sale, Airedale Bitch, Black Cocker Bitch, and Kerry Blue Bitches, all first class pedigrees, registered Kennel Club. Address "Z 1843, Airedale," this office. S 20

FOR Sale, pedigree Alsatian Wolf Dog (Female), by Hank of Dundas, ex Baldegund of Dundas, aged 14 months, colour wolf sable, very promising for show purposes. Address "Z 2020, Dog," this office. 24 A

FOR Sale, Rough Haired Airedale, watch dog; cheap to good country home.—B 1521, this office. 24 X

POMS, toy, black, sable, little beauties, splendid coats, pedigree, £3 each.—Stuart Long, Ballytore, Co. Kildare. 23 D

PEKINGESE Puppies, champion bred, perfect pets, moderate.—Mrs. Westropp, 5 Eglinton road, Bray.

RED Setter, heavily shot over, fourth season, reliable; price 3 guineas. Address "Z 1991, Dog," this office. 24 E

RED Setter for Sale, 18 months, son champion "Grugach," partly trained: no reasonable offer refused owner going abroad.—"M.," Crossgue, Thurles.

RED Setter Bitch, highly pedigreed, by champion Brian Boree; a beauty, trained; price twelve guineas; approval. Address "Z 2031, Setter," this office. 24 E

ST. Bernards—Magnificent Puppies, extra large, thoroughly healthy. Particulars, Tyrrell, Drumconnick, Cavan. 24 A

WANTED, well bred Bull Terrier Bitch. Apply Mortimer, Lakeview House, Mullagh, Kells. 23 F

WANTED, well trained Irish Water Spaniel or Retriever Dog; state price.—B 1108, this office. 23 F

WANTED, well trained Retriever on Trial; moderate price.—Cheshire, Killyan, Balbriggan. 24 E

PREMISES, LANDS, ETC.

AT 26 Westland Row—Half Garage to Let. 24 A

EDEN quay—Shop and Rooms; possession; Sell Interest, cheap.—Corbett, Ormond quay.

FARM of about 50 acres Wanted in South County Dublin, not more than five miles from city, convenient to a main road, and suitable for tillage or grazing. Must have house for steward. Full particulars to Cruicke Bros., 37 Prussia street, Dublin. 23 D

GARDEN Wanted to Rent by Lady Gardener; Fembroke Township preferred; should be walled and not less than half an acre in extent. Replies to James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street. 22 E

KIMMAGE road, Terenure—Large Field, 16 Statute Acres, for Letting, or would be Sold; lease for ever. Apply Dockrell Limited, Agents, Dublin. 24 F

LARGE Covered Yard for Sale, with possession, off Wexford st. Apply 17 Victoria st. 22 E

LARGE Offices to Let, newly decorated, front and back, first floor, Bachelor's Walk, near O'Connell Bridge.—B 1155, this office. 21 E

RABBITS on two Demesnes for Sale by tender.—Cole, Cloverhill, Co. Cavan. 24 A

SHOP and Basement, Henry street, to Let, £1,000 per annum, free of taxes. Orders to view form MacArthur's. 20 F

SMALL Office Wanted, furnished, and North side preferred. State terms to "Z 1888, Office," this office. 21 E

STABLES and Yard to Let for store or workshop; rere Fitzwilliam square. Apply B 1196, this office. 24 A

TO Let, Trapping of Rabbits on a Demesne in South Wexford. Apply Agent, Dunbrody Estate Office, Arthurstown, Co. Wexford. 24 A

WANTED, three Offices, central position; state rent. Address "Z 1885, Offices," this office. 20 D

WELL situated business House to let, to Hall Shop, suitable Tobacconist. Address "Z 1963, Shop," this office. 23 F

WANTED to Rent small Shop with or without living accommodation; city or suburbs; moderate fine. Address "Z 1948, Shop," this office. 23 D

WANTED, Lock-up Shop; South side preferred; £5 for key.—B O 757, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 20 F

44 MANOR street, Shop and Parlour, possession; fine £100, rent £60. 23 D

STABLING AND GRAZING.

TO Let, Loose Horse Boxes for hunting season midway between Sallins and Kilcock. Address "Z 1979, Horse Boxes," this office. 23 D

BUSINESS, SALE AND WANTED.

BOOT Business for Sale, cheap, in County Dublin town.—B 1372, this office. 24 A

FOR Sale, old established Commercial School, Dublin; going concern.—B 1000, this office. 22 E

HOUSES AND LANDS FOR SALE.

AT 59 Hollybank avenue, Sandford road—Modern 3-bedroomed Compact House for Sale, in perfect order; electric light and gas; lease 999 years; ground rent only £4 10/-; 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, bath (h.c.), copper cylinder, hot press, garden front and rear; price £775. 24 A

A NEW House at Lea road, Sandymount, to be Sold; latest improvements and very economical to run. Apply Alex. Hall, on Premises.

AT Rathgar—Attractive semi detached non basement House (possession); good garden, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, newly decorated, £950, or nearest offer. Principals only. Apply 27 Nerille road, Rathgar. 23 D

AT Merrion square, North, beautiful Georgian House, doctor's residence, shortly vacated, perfect order, for Sale; short lease; head rent £100, bargain. Apply Jones, Ltd., 114 Stephen's Green. 24 A

BANGOR, N. Wales—Valuable Residence, in own grounds, with 10 acres land, freehold, for Sale. Address "Z 1878, Residence," this office. 20 F

BRAY—£1,150, non basement, hot bath, 4 bedrooms, garage.—Arthur Jones, Greystones. 24 A

BUNGALOW, near Enniskerry, practically freehold, 6 apartments; nice lawn; flower and vegetable gardens; also Plot of above, 30 perches; Sell £250.—Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

CLONTARF—Possession, up to date House. Keys with MacArthur's. 20 D

DUBLIN—For Sale, four Leasehold Cottages, 75 years unexpired, at ground rent of £6 each; let and producing a gross revenue of £153 4/-, and capable of being further increased. For particulars apply Pickforde Ltd., 109 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin. 20 F

ENNISKERRY—For Sale, Cedar Lodge, 8 rooms, stable, grounds, etc.; immediate possession; offers by letter.—846, Irish Times Branch Office, Bray. 21 D

FOR Sale, 73 Wellington road. Apply in person at 23 Ely place. 23 X

FOR Sale, House, newly built; 4 reception, 6 bedrooms, garage; immediate possession.—Elton Park, Kingstown. 24 A

FITZWILLIAM terrace, Upper Rathmines—Desirable modern Residence, £1,250.—Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

GLENGARIFF, Lower Kimmage road, for Sale, possession this month; compact, well built house, large drawingroom; sittingroom (with small conservatory off), two bedrooms, linen press, kitchen, hot press, hot and cold bath, w.c., side entrance; present rent £54; seen any time. Apply Owner, No 3 St. John's terrace. 23 F

HARCOURT street, suit hotel or nursing home, price £1,750. Orders to view from MacArthur's. 20 D

HOUSE and 2 Cottages, city; Let £100; lease 1,000, price £270.—B 1241, this office. 23 D

HOUSE for Sale, Sandycove (vacant possession), two sittingrooms, four bedrooms, bath and kitchen. Particulars, G. Hendy, 18 Sandycove road.

KIMMAGE road—Residence, with 4 acre, also interest in 53 acres, price £800; possession to purchaser. Keys with MacArthur's, 79 Talbot street. 20 D

MODERN House, Drumcondra; price £850; 7 apartments, good gardens. Keys with MacArthur's. 20 D

MACARTHUR'S Auction, Friday, 26th October, will include the following: Dwelling-house with vacant possession—11 Walton terrace, North Strand; 3 Ivy Terrace, off Cork street; profitable investment, 27 and 28 Upper Erne street; also 1, 2, 3 Erne terrace, adjoining. 20 D

HOUSES AND LANDS.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., 110 GRAFTON STREET.

LOWER LEESON STREET—EXCELLENT HOUSE, in the most perfect order, containing about 12 apartments, electric light, and every modern convenience. Offers.

SANDYMOUNT—TO BE SOLD, with possession, subject to £8 per annum; Pembroke lease. Two reception, 3 bedrooms, hot bath; garden and side entrance. £900.

BLACKROCK—SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, facing South, containing 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, hot bath, etc.; large garden, side entrance. Price only £1,000.

DAWSON STREET—TO BE LET at £400 per annum, excellently situated Business Premises in this leading street. Suit any business. Apply to James H. North and Co., Grafton street.

DUNBEG, UPPER GLENAGEARY ROAD, GLENAGEARY—A DETACHED RESIDENCE, standing on about 1 acre of ground, enclosed garden, greenhouse, coach-house, and stabling. Occupies a high and healthful position, and enjoys uninterrupted views across Dublin Bay. Contains 4 reception rooms, 5 family bedrooms, bath-room with hot and cold water; separate w.c.; servants' room, kitchen, pantries, etc. Held under lease from Lords Longford and De Vesci for 93 years from 1901, subject to £29 6/- per annum. Immediate possession to purchaser. For full particulars apply to James H. North and Co.

BRAY, COUNTY WICKLOW—A beautiful old-time RESIDENCE, standing on about 7 acres. Contains 3 reception rooms, 4 family bedrooms, smoking-room, billiard room, kitchen, servants' accommodation, etc.; stabling and garage, electric light and electric heating; kitchen garden, tennis court, etc. To be Let at £150 per annum. For Orders to View apply to James H. North and Co., 110 Grafton street.

RATHDRUM—A handsome modern RESIDENCE and about 255 STATUTE ACRES. The Residence was designed by the late Sir Thomas Deane, and is a handsome building, without basement. The floors of the principal sittingrooms are parquetry. The design is early English. The wood work is pitch pine, and the mantel pieces and overmantels are carved wood. The accommodation comprises—Three handsome reception rooms, full-sized billiard room, 1st floor—Eight family bedrooms, and six rooms over; two bathrooms, h. and c. water throughout house. The Offices are sound, lofty buildings, situated in enclosed yard: 4 men's rooms, ample stabling and garage, cattle lairs, etc. There are two separate water supplies for domestic and farming purposes. First-class sewerage, constructed by Messrs. Kaye Parry and Ross. The River Avonmore bounds the lands, and affords some trout fishing, and shooting can be had in the neighbourhood. Held in fee-simple, subject to a terminable annuity of £162 per annum. Will be Let Furnished, or Sold.

JAMES H. NORTH & CO., 110 GRAFTON STREET.

New Silks

Wondrously Lovely New Silks for Frocks, New Broches, Sateens, Lumineux, Crepe Faconne, Crepe Radium, &c.

Taffetas
Shot Chiffon Taffetas, exquisite effects, soft supple finish, in Apricot, Tan, Flame, Delphinium, Coral, New Blue **6/11**

Crepe Ondule
Beautiful Colourings, Copper, Bronze, Mauve, Lilac, Peach, New Blue, Flesh, &c., **6/11**

Duchess Mousseline
New Two Tone Effects in Gold, Rose, Periwinkle, Almond, Cherry, New Blue **4/11**

Chilton Taffeta
Rich Quality, lustrous finish, for day or evening wear, in Black only. 38" wide **3/11, 4/11**

Crepe de Chine
Lyons manufacture, nice quality, for Gowns, Blouses or Lingerie, lovely soft shades, Peach, Jade, Henna, Pineapple, Sapphire, Lemon, Cyclamen, Coral **4/11, 6/11**

Duchess Mousseline
Heavy All-Silk quality, closely woven, for hard wear, soft lustrous finish, Black only **4/11**

W. Holmes

Dublin, Ltd.,

69, 70, 71,

Sth. George's Street.

HOUSES AND LANDS CONTINUED.

MACARTHUR'S Auction, Friday, 9th November, will include 11 Greenville terrace, with possession next house. Orders to view from the Auctioneers. 22 E

N. C. R. vicinity—Modern House, possession, price £775. Keys at MacArthur's. 20 D

PEMBROKE road, 75, for Sale, with possession, semi-detached, attractive House, first class order, up to date conveniences, electric light; 3 reception, 6 bedrooms, etc.; good garden, greenhouse, garage. Apply owner, in occupation. 23 F

RATHMINES road—Attractive House, nine spacious months, hot and cold bath, electric light, with extensive orchard, motor garage, stabling and lofts; also Cottage, let at 5/- weekly, and rates; clear possession to purchaser; price £950.—James Allen and Son, Auctioneers, 75 Middle Abbey st., Dublin. 18 D

S. C. R. vicinity, possession, next Cottage, only £280. Keys with MacArthur's. 20 D

SANDYMOUNT—5 roomed semi detached Residence, all conveniences, nice garden; possession; price £900.—Corrigan and Co., 4 Grafton street.

3 IVY terrace, off Cork street, vacant possession; open daily from 3 till 5, or by appointment.—MacArthur's Auction, Friday, 26th October. 20 D

6 CASIMIR road, Harold's Cross, semi detached; seven apartments, bath decorated, space for garage; rent £77; price £975.—Pearse, 22 Grosvenor square. 24 A

11 WALTON terrace, West road, North Strand; vacant possession; open any time.—MacArthur's Auction, Friday, 26th October. 20 D

27 AND 28 Upper Erne street, also 1, 2, 3 Erne terrace, profitable investment.—MacArthur's Auction Friday, 26th October. 20 D

HOUSES TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

PICKFORD'S, LTD.,

FURNITURE REMOVERS AND STORERS,

Extensive Accommodation

109 STEPHEN'S GREEN, DUBLIN.

Estimates and Advice Free. 'Phone, 876.

COMFORTABLE Furnished House, near Ballsbridge to Let, for 3 months; three bedrooms, two sittingrooms, bath (h. c.), gas stove, garden; £12 month. Address "Z 1935, House," this office. 23 F

HOUSES WANTED.

FURNISHED House or Half House required, Dublin or suburbs; state particulars and rent; excellent references.—B 1414, this office. 24 E

FURNISHED House Wanted near Dublin from November, six months; Harcourt line preferred; moderate rent. Write H., 28 Adelaide road, Dublin.

WANTED House in or near City, up to £100 year, five, five years' lease or more; give particulars.—B1043, this office. 20 D

WANTED to-Rent, small Unfurnished or Furnished House; careful tenant; no children.—B 1148, this office. 22 E

WANTED, small Furnished House, non-basement, moderate rent; Rathmines, Rathgar, Terenure preferred; careful tenancy.—B 1056, this office. 22 E

WANTED to Rent, House, in or near Dublin; garden desirable; rent about £100 free.—B 1159, this office. 22 E

WANTED to Purchase between Clontarf and Blackrock House, seven rooms, large garden.—B 1285, this office. 23 F

WANTED, November 1st, Furnished House, centrally situated, £10-£12 monthly.—B 1301, this office. 23 F

WANTED to Purchase, Rathmines or district, a 5 roomed House, with kitchen, bath and garden; state lease, etc., and lowest price.—B 1312, this office.

WANTED, to rent, small Furnished House or self contained Flat; terms moderate; careful tenant; seaside or city.—B 35, Irish Times Branch Office, Kingstown. 24 A

WANTED, small comfortably Furnished House, from November, two adults.—Ballsbridge, Donnybrook locality preferred.; terms.—B 1416, this office. 23 F

YOUNG Couple, one child, require Furnished or Unfurnished House or Self Contained Flat, Sandymount, Booterstown, Blackrock, or Monkstown.—B 1204, this office. 23 F

HOUSES AND LANDS.

DOCKRELL LIMITED.

STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

No. 30 Elgin Road—For Sale, THIS DESIRABLE HOUSE, with possession. 3 reception, 5 bedrooms, maids' rooms, hot bath; garden, motor house. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Grafton Street RARE CHANCE—To Solicitors, Accountants, and Others—Magnificent Drawingroom Floor to be Let, best position; low rent. Apply at once to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Casimir Road—WELL-BUILT MODERN NON-BASEMENT HOUSE, with side entrance; possession; at reduced price. Apply to Dockrell Limited, South Great George's street.

Suburban Butcher's Shop FOR SALE; suit energetic young man with small capital or branch establishment. Price only £500. Rent £5. Long lease. Apply:

DOCKRELL LIMITED, STH. GT. GEORGE'S ST.

GARAGE FOR SALE

AS A GOING CONCERN.

Situated in Northern Ireland.

Holds all the Leading Agencies for Motor Cycles and Cars.

For full particulars apply to "Z 1922, Garage," this office.

TO QUARRY OWNERS AND OTHERS.

The Proprietors of the Crowreagh Quarry Company, Newry, having decided to retire from business, offers for same as a Going Concern are invited.

The Quarry and Yard are well equipped with Plant and Machinery for the production on a large scale of, Monumental work, Square Setts, Crushed Granite, or Road Metal, and the Stone is well known as one of the best on the market.

Full particulars can be obtained on application to Messrs. Geo. Pickering and Co., Coates Buildings, Belfast; or Messrs. Hunter Moore and Boyle, Solicitors, Newry.

STORE TO LET.

LARGE STORE (3 Floors) to Let, at rear of Bachelor's Walk; only recently repaired; thoroughly dry. Reasonable rent to suitable tenant.

CENTRAL AUCTIONEERING CO.

19 and 20 BACHELOR'S WALK.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

DUBLIN AND DISTRICT.

APARTMENTS—Lists from Central Bureau Agency, 25 Nassau street. Enclose stamp. T

APARTMENTS Agency, 45 Henry street—For Students, Business People, Paying Guests, Flats. T T

AT Pembroke road, Combined Room; breakfast if required; moderate for permanency.—W 1965, this office. 24 F

AT 20 Earlsfort terrace, high class Accommodation; central, exclusive. Phone 875. 21 D

AT Donnybrook, 49 Belmont avenue—Half a House, Furnished; gas cooker, electric light. 22 F

AT 55 Upper Leeson street, Rooms, suit married couple or gentlemen; full or partial Board. 22 E

A FLAT at 94 Lower Baggot street, select, no children. 23 F

AT Rathgar—Front Combined Room, suit one or two ladies or gentlemen (I.C.); moderate.—B 1236, this office. 23 D

AT 16 Upper Leeson st.—Furnished Rooms, electric light, bath. 23 F

AT 43 Lower Leeson street—High class Residence. 23 F

APARTMENTS, furnished, quiet house, nice locality; suit lady.—19 Beechwood road, Ranelagh. 23 F

AT 34 Mountville avenue, Rathgar—Furnished Apartments, select locality, separate or together.

AUBURN Hotel and Boardinghouse—Comfortable home; moderate.—11 Rathmines road. S X

AT Merrion square, top Flat, Furnished, sitting-room, two bedrooms, kitchen, use of bathroom (next flat); any term. 24 A

AT 26 Westland Row—Visitors to Dublin comfortably catered for; moderate. 24 E

BEDROOM and Sittingroom, use kitchen, bath; no attendance.—11 Upper Leeson street. 20 D

COMPACT Top Flat to Let, near neighbourhood Fitzwilliam square; separate hall door; four rooms, bathroom, kitchenette, gas cooker; rent moderate; seen by appointment.—B 1163, this office. 22 E

CLONTARF—Two Large Unfurnished Rooms, with use of kitchen and part of large garden.—B 1370, this office.

COMFORTABLE Bedroom, suit gentleman dining out; select, no lodgers.—B 1400, this office.

COMFORTABLE Bedroom, use of Sittingroom.—Castlewood avenue, Rathmines. 24 E

DRAWINGROOM Flat to Let, 4 rooms, Upper Mount